

REPORT ON ACTION
PLAN FOR CLEAN-UP
OF POLLUTED
STRETCH OF ULHAS
RIVER

JUNE, 2019

CONTENTS

ULHAS RIVER (Kalyan to Badlapur)	3
1.1 Executive Summary of Action Plan Restoration of Water Quality of Ulhas River	3
1.2 Background	10
1.3 Status of Sewage Domestic Generation and Treatment	12
1.4 Status of Industrial Effluent Generation and Treatment	14
1.5 Drains out-falling into River Ulhas	16
1.6 Status of Water Quality	17
1.7 Status of Ground Water Quality	21
1.8 Waste Management	22
1.8.1 Solid Waste Management	22
1.8.2 Bio-medical waste Management	23
1.8.3 E-Waste management	23
1.8.4 Hazardous Waste Management	24
1.9 Dream Project of Government of Maharashtra (GOM), Namami Chandrabhaga	25
1.10 Involvement of Civil Society/Creation of awareness	26
1.11 Greenery Development Plan of Forest Department, Government of Maharashtra	34
1.12 Plan for Restoration of Water Quality	36

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 Introduction of river stretch	11
Table 2 Proposed Sewage Treatment Plants in Kulgaon Badalapur and Ulhasnagar region	12
Table 3 Domestic sewage aspects on the river stretch	13
Table 4 List of Industries	14
Table 5 Highly Polluting Industries as on 31/3/2018	15
Table 6 Particulars of drain that falls into River Ulhas	16
Table 7 Water Quality at Ulhas River at Jambhul water works, Village- Jambhul, Taluka- Ambernath, District- Thane.	17
Table 8 Ulhas River at U/s of NRC Bund, Village - Mohane, Taluka - Kalyan, District - Thane.	18
Table 9 Ulhas River at U/s of Badlapur water works, Village- Kulgaon, Taluka- Ambernath, District- Thane.	19
Table 10 Water Quality Index for 156 locations (surface water & ground water) during January - 2019	21

Table 11 Ground water quality in Thane district	22
Table 12 Status of Waste Management	24
Table 13 Time Bound Action Plan for Ulhas River	36
Table 14 Funding Details for proposed STPs	36
Table 15 Timelines for Implementation of Restoration Plan.....	38

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 Stretch of Ulhas River	10
Figure 2 Map Showing Stretch of Ulhas River.....	11
Figure 3 Map Showing NWMP Station across the stretch of Ulhas River.....	17

ULHAS RIVER (Kalyan to Badlapur)

1.1 Executive Summary of Action Plan Restoration of Water Quality of Ulhas River

Sr. No.	Description of Item	Details											
1.	Name of the identified polluted river and its tributaries	:	Kalyan to Badlapur										
2.	Is river is perennial and total length of the polluted river	:	Perennial Length- 22.5 Km										
3.	Revised priority as per Jan. to Dec.2018 Analysis results	:	Priority V										
4.	No of drains contributing to pollution and names of major drains	:	8 major drains										
5.	Major Towns on the banks of the river with population	:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Local Body</th> <th style="text-align: right;">Population</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5,06,098</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ambernath Municipal Council</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,03,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,74,226</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Local Body	Population	Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	5,06,098	Ambernath Municipal Council	2,03,000	Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council	1,74,226
Local Body	Population												
Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	5,06,098												
Ambernath Municipal Council	2,03,000												
Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council	1,74,226												
6.	a. Sewage generation & Treatment in MLD	:	Total Sewage generation- 112 MLD (Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation = 64 MLD Ambernath Municipal Council – 28 MLD Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council – 26 MLD) Total Sewage Treatment- 38MLD Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation = 0 MLD Ambernath Municipal Council – 22 MLD Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council – 20 MLD)										
	b. Total no. of existing STPs and proposed STPs with total capacities in MLD	:	Existing STPs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 45 MLD at Vadolgaon • 9 MLD at Chikloli • 22 MLD at Badlapur Status of Proposed STPs <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 5px;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation</td> <td style="width: 25%;">3 nos of Proposed STP of capacity 20.72 MLD</td> <td style="width: 25%;">Under Amrut Abhiyan</td> <td style="width: 25%;">July 2019</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	3 nos of Proposed STP of capacity 20.72 MLD	Under Amrut Abhiyan	July 2019				
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				(Vadol) and 31.26 MLD (Shantinagar) and 10 MLD (Khedgogavali)		
			Ambernath Municipal Council	-	-	-
			Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council	2 nos of Proposed STP of 10 MLD and 12 MLD	Under Amrut Abhiyan	Tendering process going on. 18 months after issue of work order
	c. Gaps in sewage treatment in MLD and no. of towns not having STPs	:	74.0MLD			
7.	Major industrial estates located with total no. of industries	:	Grasim Industries Limited (Unit- Century Rayon), Shahad			
	a. Total water consumption and total industrial effluent generation in MLD	:	Water Consumption - 34,600CMD Industrial effluent - 13,700CMD Domestic Effluent – 3,300CMD			
	b. No. of industries having captive ETPs and their treatment capacity in MLD	:	Grasim Industries Limited (unit- Century Rayon), Shahad. Capacity 16000 cmd			
	c. No of CETP's and their treatment capacity	:	ACMA CETP – 0.25 MLD. Discharge in Waldhuni river meeting Ulhas river in saline zone Chikloli Morivali – 0.8 MLD Discharge in Waldhuni river meeting Ulhas river in saline zone Badlapur CETP - 8.0MLD Discharge in Waldhuni river meeting Ulhas river in saline zone Addl. Ambernath CETP - 7.5MLD Not in operation			
	d. Gaps in treatment of industrial effluent	:	No Gaps			
	Waste Management	:				
8.	a. Solid Waste Generation & processing	:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation Solid waste generation- 360 MT/day, Treatment – 8 MT/Day (composting) • Ambernath Municipal Council 			

			<p>Solid waste generation- 154 MT/day, Treatment – 3 MT/Day (vermin - composting)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council <p>Solid waste generation- 67 MT/day, Treatment – 37 MT/Day (bio-methanisation & composting)</p>
	b. Biomedical Waste Generation & treatment	:	<p>Thane district: Total Biomedical waste generated: 530 kg/day. Total Biomedical waste treated: 530 kg/day</p>
	c. E-Waste Management Generation & treatment	:	<p>E-waste generated by industries is sent to MPCB authorized E-waste reprocessor</p>
	d. Hazardous waste Management	:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are 1579 Hazardous waste generating industries in Thane. These industries generated about 142003.31 MT Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. • The HW from Thane district is scientifically disposed through Trans Thane Creek Waste Management Association, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai • CHWTSDF capacity – Landfill – 21600 MT/A
9.	Action plan includes mainly covering aspect such as (Proposal for utilization of sewage, ground water recharging or rain water harvesting, measures for regulating ground water use, protection and management of flood plain zone, maintaining minimum E-flows and water shed management, plantation on both sides of the river, setting up of bio-diversity parks etc., as per Hon’ble NGT Orders dated 20.09.2018 and 19.12.2018)	:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RRC has already requested to Water Resource Dept, GoM for maintaining minimum E-flows and water shed management, plantation on both sides of the river, setting up of bio-diversity parks. • Water resource department, GoM has prepared integrated State Water Plan, which includes recycling of Treated sewage. • MPCB - Action plan for Utilization of Treated Sewage has been submitted to CPCB.
10.	Min. and Max. required time period for implementation of action plans		<p>Max – 2 years</p>
11.	Total estimated budget in crores towards implementation of proposed action plans with break-up (e.g. No. of STPs, capacity, total cost; No of CETPs, total capacity, Cost towards interception and diversion of sewage/effluent to STPs/CETPs etc.,)	:	<p>Funds approved under AMRUT Scheme</p>
12.	Whether ‘River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) constituted by the State Govt./UT	:	<p>River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) constituted as per the Maharashtra Government G.R. issued by</p>

	Administration and If so, Date of constitution of 'RRC'.		the Environment Dept, GoM vide No. NGT 2018/PC-2/TC-3 dtd.13.12.2018.
13.	Responsible Organisation (s) for implementation of proposed action plans	:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Water Resource Department, GoM 2. Urban Development Department 3. Shahpur Nagar Panchayat
14.	Expected deliverables w r to achieving Goals	:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To achieve 100% sewage collection and treatment 2. To achieve 100% MSW collection, transportation and treatment. 3. To achieve river water quality of Bathing standards by 2022. 4. Augmentation of River Flow and restoration of water quality-2023
15.	Initiatives taken by Govt. of Maharashtra and MPCB.	:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maharashtra Government through its forest department has announced The Plantation Program in 2016 with the aim of planting 2 crore & planted 2.82 crore saplings. Forest Department has set the target of plantation of 4Crore, 13Crore and 33Crore saplings under the mission of 50Crore plantation which shall be accomplished in the three consecutive years viz. 2017, 2018 and 2019. • GOM, announced 'Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan' in year 2016. It is an initiative taken to revive and rejuvenate the river Chandrabhaga and to restore its historic glory. Government of Maharashtra has prepared a comprehensive plan for cleaning of the river on the lines of 'Namami Gange'. The aim of the mission is to make the Chandrabhaga river pollution free and conserve its purity and sanctity up to year 2022. • MPC Board will provide financial & technical assistance to villages in next three years to comply with sewage & waste management. • MPC Board has issued Direction to the local bodies to make 25% budgetary provision for scientific treatment and disposal of Sewage and Solid Waste. <p>Accordingly, Municipal Corporations have passed resolution in their General Body meeting and reserved the funds.</p> <p>These funds are reserved and made mandatory to utilise for preparation of DPR, establishing treatment facility, O & M of treatment facility etc. The review of the same is taken from time to time by the Board.</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MPC Board has issued directions to 08 Municipal Corporations to penalize to the tune of 1pais/litre of sewage generation under 'Polluter pays principle'. • MPC Board has issued directions to non-complying CETPs to penalize to the tune of 2 paisa/litre for remediation & upgradation to comply with the consented standards.
	<p>Budget Estimates & Pooling of Resources from Local Bodies, State Pollution Control Board, State Government & Central Government</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maharashtra Government has already received proposal of Rs. 1104.54Cr. Under State River Conservation Program & from this amount State Government will provide necessary funds in next 3 years i.e. by 2022 for Sewage management • The Maharashtra Pollution Control Boards has also reserved Rs. 461.42Cr. for preparation of action plan for abatement & Control of Pollution of River Water due to sewage & solid waste disposal from B & C Municipal Councils (342Nos of Urban Local Bodies.), Nagar Panchyat & Gram Panchayat for reducing polluted stretches in compliance with Hon'ble NGT, principal bench directions w.r.t. "More River Stretches are now Critically Polluted". The said funds will be used for DPR preparation, development of infrastructure for sewage collection & treatment & development of infrastructure for Solid Waste Management. The DPR preparation & implementation of the same will be completed by year 2022 (i.e in next 3 years). • The Maharashtra Government through Urban Development Department has approved DPR of all 388 Urban Local Bodies for Solid Waste Management. The funds for the same amounting to Rs. 2560.0Cr has been already approved by Government & the said DPRs will be implemented & Solid Waste Management issues will be resolved by December'2019.

Preamble -

In the matter of OA No. 673 of 2018-"More river stretches are critically polluted now: CPCB", the Hon'ble NGT has passed order dated 20.09.2018 for constitution of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) and Special Environment Surveillance Task Force (SESTF). The report comprises 351

polluted river stretches in India out of which 53 polluted river stretches are in Maharashtra. In the state, 9 polluted stretches in priority I & 6 polluted stretches in priority II. It has been mandated to prepare Action Plan for River Stretches and make them pollution free. In compliance of the orders of the Hon'ble NGT, the State Government has constituted RRC.

River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) constituted as per the Maharashtra Government G.R. issued by the Environment Dept, GoM vide No. NGT 2018/PC-2/TC-3 dtd.13.12.2018 with 5 members under the guidance of Principal Secretary for preparation of action plans and to monitor the implementation of these action plans. The members of RRC are as mentioned under:

1. Commissioner / Director, Directorate of Municipal Administration
2. Chief Executive Officer – Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation
3. Director (Environment)
4. Director (Industries)
5. Member Secretary – Maharashtra Pollution Control Boards- Member & Co-ordinator of RRC

Further State Government also constituted District Level Special Task Force comprising of the following:

1. Representative of District Collector
2. Representative of District Superintendent of Police
3. Representative of Regional Officer, MPCB
4. Representative of the District Judge of the concerned District

Meetings of the RRC Committee:

- 1st Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 14.12.2018.
RRC reviewed draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I prepared by Maharashtra PCB. It was decided by the all the committee members, to take review of local bodies and accordingly to communicate the outcomes of the meeting to the Hon'ble NGT, Principal Bench. Maharashtra PCB submitted nine draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I to CPCB along with minutes of 1st meeting of RRC and submitted progress report of polluted river stretches to Hon'ble NGT on 15.12.2018
- 2nd Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 09.01.2019.
RRC reviewed draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority II prepared by Maharashtra PCB. It was decided in the meeting to add in the draft action plans funding details like source, name of scheme, timeline etc for proposed STPs by concern local bodies.

- 3rd Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 23.01.2019. RRC reviewed and finalised draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I, II, III, IV and V prepared by Maharashtra PCB. RRC also decided to call the local bodies and review the timelines proposed in action plans from time to time.
- Maharashtra PCB submitted 53 draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I, II, III, IV and V to CPCB along with minutes of 2nd & 3rd meeting of RRC and submitted progress report of polluted river stretches to Hon'ble NGT on 31.01.2019.
- CPCB Task Team on Polluted River Stretches called MPCB to give presentation on Action Plan for Priority-I & II polluted river stretches on 12.02.2019. Accordingly, the presentations were reviewed by Task team & few improvements in the action plan were suggested.
- 4th Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) held on 16/02/2019 & it was decided to communicate with Water Resource Department to maintain e-flow in the rivers of Maharashtra adopting good irrigation practices, protection & management of flood plain zone (FPZ), rain water harvesting, ground water charging, plantation on both sides of river, Setting up of biodiversity parks on flood plains by removing encroachments and Urban Development department communicated to take necessary steps to provide adequate funds to urban local bodies for installation of sewage treatment & MSW processing facilities in a time bound manner so as to comply with the Hon'ble NGT.
- 5th Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) held on 25/06/2019. It was decided that Director Environment will communicate with Water Resource Department and Urban Development Department regarding provision of funds in time bound manner for installation of STPs & MSWM facilities. RRC reviewed and approved Action Plans for restoration of polluted river stretches in priority III, IV & V.

Achievable goal:

The objective/goal of the action plan is that the quality of river water should meet with the required value as given under:-

Quality Parameter	Standard to be achieved
BOD	3.0 mg/l.
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	More than 5.0 mg/l.
Faecal Coliform	Less than 500 MPN/100ml.

1.2 Background

Ulhas River is a westward flowing river in western India in the state of Maharashtra which originates in the Sahyadri hill ranges of Ulhas valley near Udhewadi in the south which drains an area of 4,637 sq. km. Ulhas river is perennial river. Source of water to Ulhas river is Tailrace Water of Tata Hydro Power station and Barve Dam as per requirement for water supply to industries and local bodies in the area.

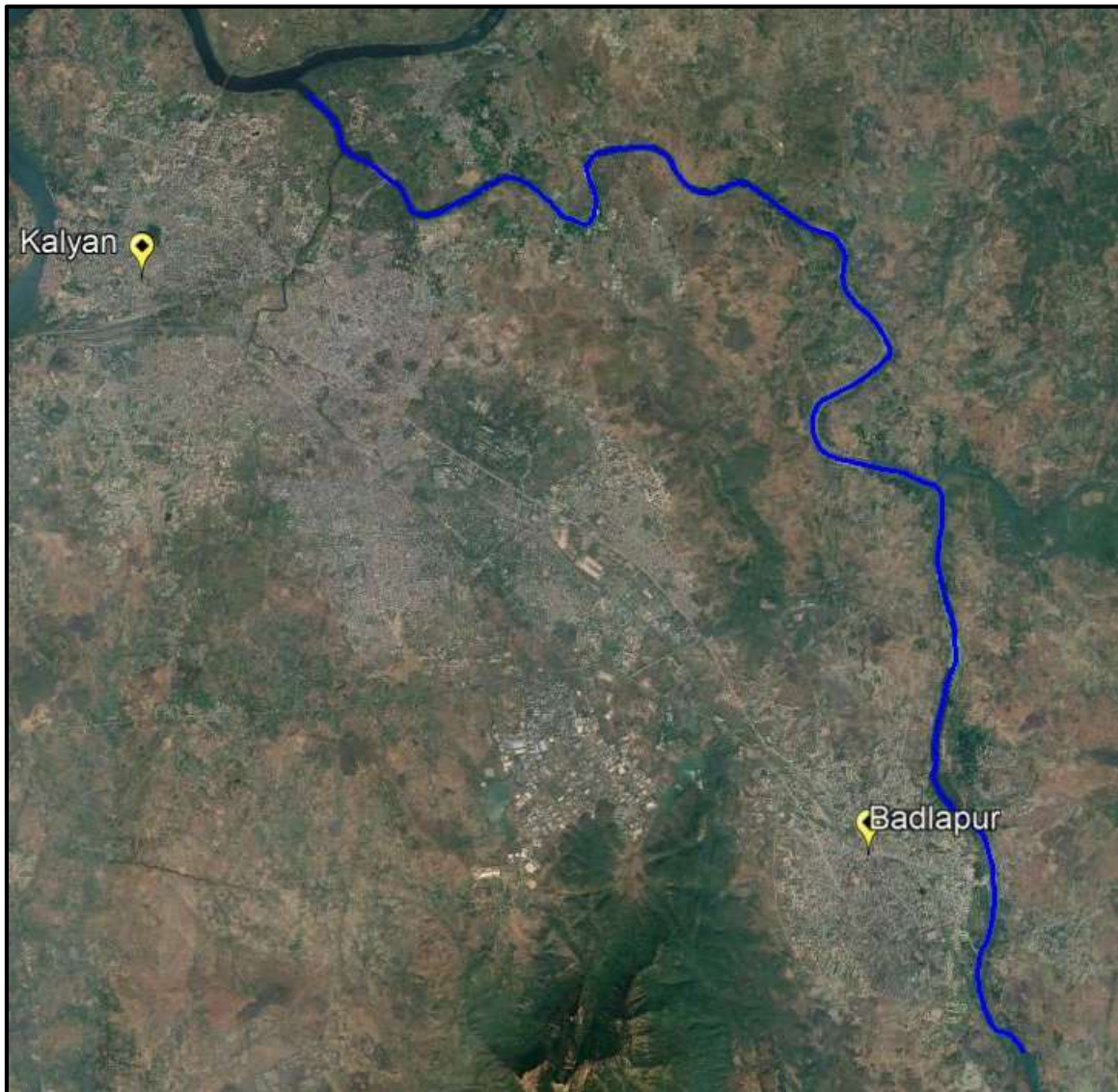


Figure 1 Stretch of Ulhas River

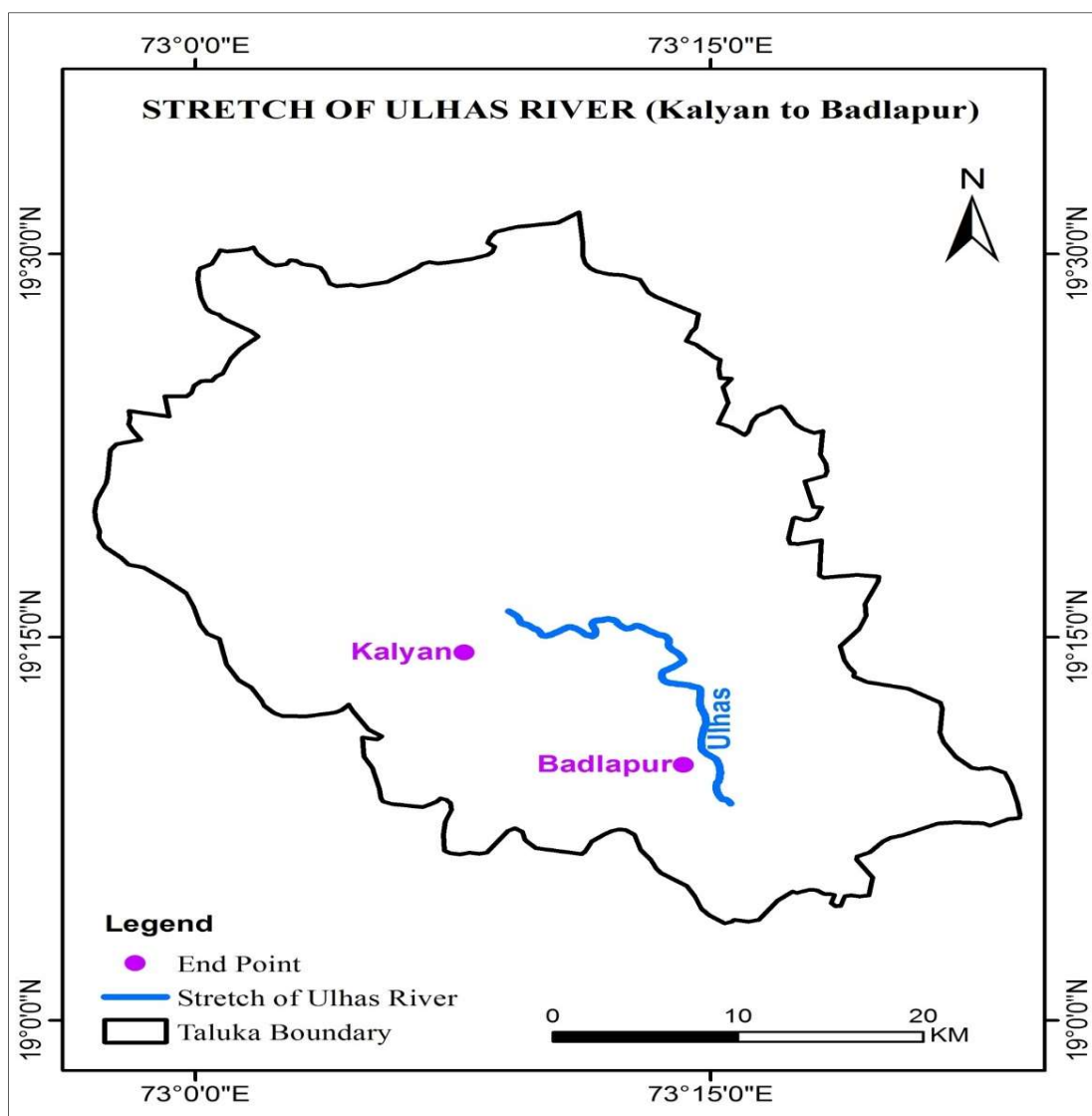


Figure 2 Map Showing Stretch of Ulhas River

The river stretch extends from Kulgaon to Badlapur. The length of this stretch is 22.5 km. Kulgaon, Ambernath & Badlapur village are situated on the banks of the river. The population along this stretch is 9,33,799 as per 2011 Census.

The current status of the river as per the monthly sampling conducted between January to December 2018 reveals that water quality of the river falls in Priority V.

Table 1 Introduction of river stretch

Sr. No.	Description of item	Details	
1	Approx. length of stretch	22.5 Km	
2	Major Towns located on the bank along with	Local Body	Population

	Population	Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	5,06,098
		Ambarnath Municipal Council	2,03,000
		Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council	1,74,226
3	Stretch of River Perennial or Non Perennial	Perennial.	
4	Current status of polluted river stretch (Jan – Dec 2018)	Priority-V	

1.3 Status of Sewage Domestic Generation and Treatment

The major Towns across the stretch of Ulhas River are Kalyan, Ulhasnagar, Ambarnath and Badlapur. From Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation area about 10 MLD sewage was flowing into Ulhas river through Khemani Nalla. Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council is generating 20 MLD sewage and has installed 22 MLD capacity STP. Presently 17 MLD sewage is treated for balance 3 MLD sewage generated from newly developing area. KBMC has proposed pumping station, 2 nos. of STPs costing Rs. 31.44 Crores under “AMRUT” scheme sanctioned by Govt. of Maharashtra vide letter dtd. 07/12/2017. Board has issued proposed direction vide letter dtd.05/12/2018. This sewage flow through Khemani nalla is stopped and diverted to Ambika Nagar nalla.

Table 2 Proposed Sewage Treatment Plants in Kulgaon Badlapur and Ulhasnagar region

Corporation	Name and Address of STP	Designed Capacity (MLD)	Stage (Construction /Proposed)	Target date of Completion
Ulhasnagar	Vadol STP Ambarnath (west)	20.72	Proposed	Jun-19
	Shantinag STP, Ulh-3.	31.26	Proposed	Jun-19
	Shantinagar STP, Ulh-3.	15	Proposed	Mar-19
	Khadegolawali, STP Vithalwadi Kalyan.	8	Proposed	Not yet started
Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council	Mankivali	12	Proposed	Mar-19
	Sonivali	10	Proposed	Mar-19

Table 3 Domestic sewage aspects on the river stretch

Sr No	Particular	Remarks
1	Details of drainage system/sewerage network present/proposed	Open drain channels provided and Proposed to provide piped drainage network in long term action plan.
2	Proposal for utilization of sewage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water resource department, GoM has prepared integrated State Water Plan, which includes recycling of Treated sewage. • MPCB has submitted Action plan for Utilization of Treated Sewage to CPCB, in which it is mandated to utilize treated sewage for different class of users like Thermal Power Plants, Industrial Units, Construction activities, non-potable municipal uses, Agriculture-Irrigation, etc. depending on its availability. • The Infrastructure Projects are mandated by MPCB to recycle 60% of treated sewage for secondary use by providing dual pipeline. • The Local Bodies will be encouraged to reuse treated sewage for various purposes including to Thermal Power Plants wherever possible. e.g. Koradi TPS is receiving 100 MLD of treated sewage from Nagpur city.
3	STP sludge management	STP sludge is disinfected and used as manure.
4	Proposal for ground water recharging/rain water harvesting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The EC has mandated rainwater harvesting for projects above 20,000 Sq.m.</i> • G.S.D.A. is engaged in the development and management of groundwater resources in the State through various schemes. The main aim is to provide safe and potable drinking water to the community. • The G.S.D.A. is engaged, in the exploration, development and augmentation of groundwater resources in the State through various schemes. This mainly includes, drilling of bore wells/tube wells under Rural Water Supply Programme, rendering technical guidance under minor irrigation programme by locating suitable dug well sites, strengthening of groundwater sources by water conservation measures, artificial recharge projects for induced groundwater, specific studies related to the periodic status of groundwater availability, protecting the existing groundwater resources through technical assistance under Groundwater Act etc.
5	Adopting good irrigation practices	<i>Agriculture Department, GoM & Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.</i>

6	Protection and management of Flood Plain Zones (FPZ)	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.
7	Plantation on both sides of the river	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.
8	Setting up of biodiversity parks on flood plains by removing encroachment	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.

1.4 Status of Industrial Effluent Generation and Treatment

The notified industrial areas viz. Dombivli MIDC, Khemani Industrial Area, Ambernath MIDC & Badlapur MIDC exists along the identified pollution stretch of the river. All the industrial units in the notified industrial area have CETP membership in the respective notified industrial hence, the industries/ units which are located out of the notified industrial area are taken into account as potential polluting industries.

- i) Badlapur MIDC is in the catchment of Ulhas river polluted stretch having 1 no. of CETP (8 MLD) with 120 nos. of Member industries contributing to CETP. Treated effluent from CETP is pumped through 6.5 km pipeline and discharged into local nalla near forest naka, Ambernath. There is no discharge from Badlapur industrial area / CETP in to Ulhas river polluted stretch.
- ii) 4 Nos. of industries are located in catchment area of Ulhas River polluted stretch from Kamba & Mharal villages of Kalyan Taluka. Out of this 4 nos. of industries 1 no. of industry discharging treated effluent to nearest Chikloli Morivali CETP. One industry is not in operation and two industries are reusing their treated effluent into the process.
- iii) M/s. Century Rayon Ltd. is located in the catchment of Ulhas river polluted stretch. This unit is having captive ETP of 16 MLD capacity. The 2 MLD treated effluent is reused and remaining is discharged into saline zone of Ulhas river. There is no direct discharge of effluent into Ulhas river drinking water zone.

The industries/units located out of the notified industrial area are as mentioned in the below table:

Table 4 List of Industries

Sr. No.	Name & Address of Industry	Type of Industry	Category of Industry	Consented Effluent quantity (m ³ /d)	Status of ETP (P+S+T)
1	Century Rayon, P.B. No. 22,Shahad,Ulhasnagar	Synthetic Yarn	LSI	13000	P+S
2	Paramount Minerals & chemicals, C-6,MIDC Chemical Zone, Ambernath	Chemical	LSI	210	P+S+T
3	Shree Ganesh Electroplaters, Amit Ind. Estate,Gala No. 14, Opp. Vecter Ind inside Bhauji Nagar, Vitthalwadi stn. Road, Ulhasnagar	Metal	SSI	1	P
4	Ajanta Paper & General products Vill. Vadavali, Tal Kalyan	Pulp & Paper	MSI	950	P
5	Balkrishna Paper Mills. Vill. Ambivali, Tal Kalyan	Pulp & Paper	LSI	1840	P+T
6	National Peroxide ltd., Vill vadavali, Chemical Tal kalyan	Chemical	LSI	240	P+S+T
7	Century Chemical Vill. Shahad, Tal: kalyan	Chemical	LSI	82	P+T

To monitor compliance of Consent conditions, performance of ETP, ECS and other measures, the Board officials inspect industries regularly. There are 489 industries identified under “Highly Polluting Industries”. The table below shows region-wise details of these highly polluting industries.

Table 5 Highly Polluting Industries as on 31/3/2018

Industry	Amravati	Aurangabad	Chandrapur	Kalyan	Kolhapur	Mumbai	Nagpur	Nashik	Navi Mumbai	Pune	Raigad	Thane	Grand Total
Cement	-	-	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
Distillery	1	15		-	17	-	1	22	-	36	-	-	92
Dyes and Dye-intermediates	-	-	2	3	2	-	1	-	1	-	7	2	18
Fertilizer	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	4	-	1	3	-	13
Integrated Iron and Steel	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	1	2	-	9
Oil Refinery	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Pesticide	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	1	3	-	3	3	16
Pharmaceuticals	-	13	-	12	4	-	-	2	15	9	14	23	92
Pulp & Paper	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Sugar	1	55	2	-	41	-	5	35	-	63	-	-	202
Tannery		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Thermal Power Plant	2	1	7	-	2	1	12	3	-	-	-	1	29
Petro-chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	6
Grand Total	5	87	18	16	73	4	25	67	20	111	34	29	489

1.5 Drains out-falling into River Ulhas

There are five drains that meet ulhas river carrying untreated sewage. Detail of these drains are given in the table below

Table 6 Particulars of drain that falls into River Ulhas

Sr. No	Location	Name	Discharge (Max)	Length (km)
1	STP Outlet in Ulhas River (Kulgaon Badlapur Municipal Council)	Local Nalla	13.5 MLD	0.25
2	Local Nalla in Ulhas River	Hendre Pada	2-3 MLD	6.19
3	CETP Outlet – Badlapur	Local nallah	7 MLD	6.5
4	CETP Outlet – Chikloli Morivali Effluent Treatment plant	Local nallah	0.25 MLD	0
5	CETP Outlet – ACMA	Local nallah	0.195	10

6	Local Nalla (Hendre Pada Nalla)	Local nallah	2-3 MLD	6.19 km
7	Waldhuni River	Local nallah	21 MLD	0.02
8	Waldhuni River	Local nallah	64 MLD	0.02

1.6 Status of Water Quality

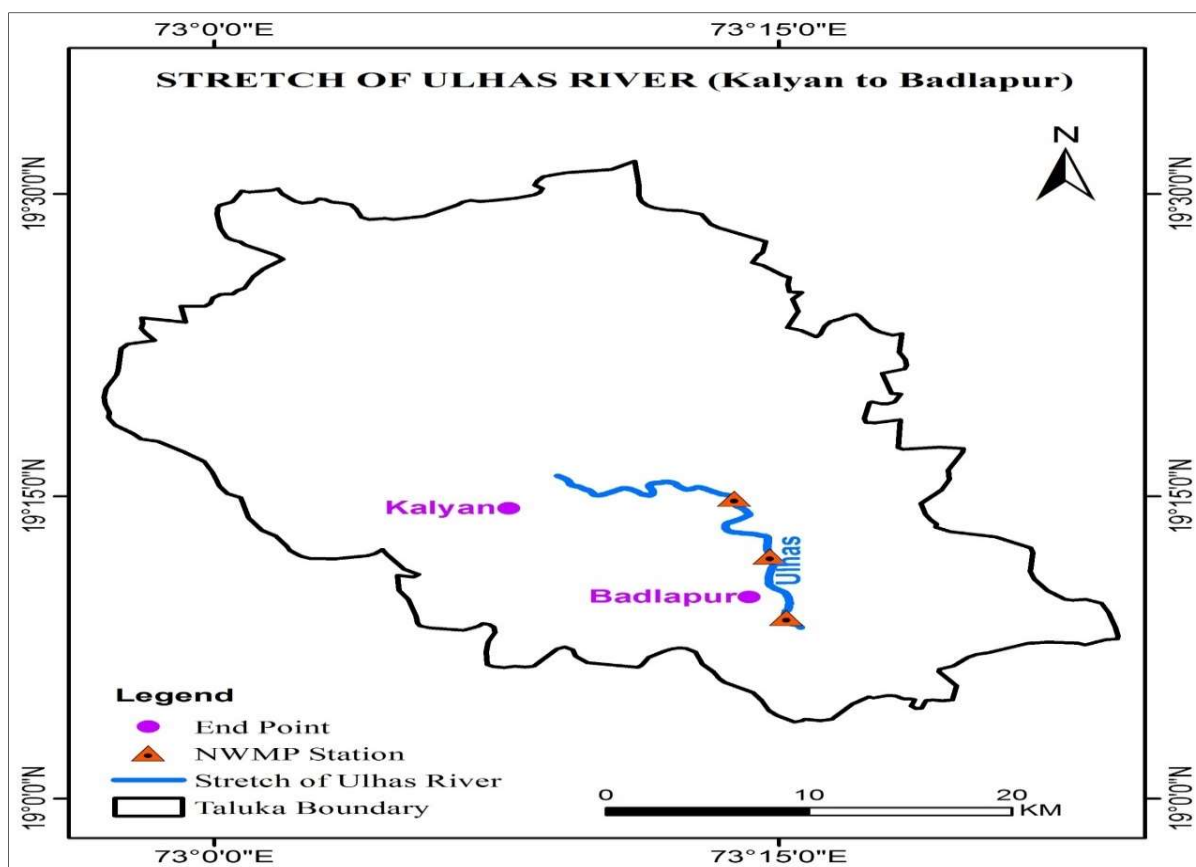


Figure 3 Map Showing NWMP Station across the stretch of Ulhas River

Water quality of River Ulhas is assessed at three locations. It is observed that Dissolved Oxygen range between 5.6 – 7.6 mg/l putting together data of three years (2016-2018) which is meeting the criteria limit of at least 4 mg/l but has to be maintain and improve. The Bio-chemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) varies between 2.8 – 5.0 mg/l for similar years which is exceeding the desired level of 3 mg/l. The Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) values ranged between 12.0-32.0 mg/l indicating low level of industrial pollution. The Faecal and Total Coliform numbers respectively for the years referred are in the range of 2-130 MPN/100ml and 5-540 MPN/100ml indicating significant contribution of untreated sewage. The details of parameter specific concentration are provided in the table below:

Table 7 Water Quality at Ulhas River at Jambhul water works, Village- Jambhul, Taluka- Ambernath, District- Thane.

Month	Year	pH	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN /100ml	TC MPN /100ml	Water Quality
January	2017	7.3	6.7	4.0	11	27	Non Complying
	2018	8.5	7.4	3.2	17	49	Non Complying
	2019	8	7.3	3	17	70	Complying
February	2017	7.7	7.1	3.2	22	34	Non Complying
	2018	7.2	7.2	3.2	7.8	33	Non Complying
	2019	7.5	7.2	3	11	47	Complying
March	2017	7.5	6.3	4	2	5	Non Complying
	2018	7.4	7.2	3.2	12	31	Non Complying
	2019	7.4	6.6	4	26	84	Non Complying
April	2017	7.2	7.1	3.2	79	210	Non Complying
	2018	7.6	7.2	3.2	6.8	33	Non Complying
	2019	7.2	6.8	4	11	47	Non Complying
May	2017	7.2	7.4	3	6.8	17	Complying
	2018	8.6	6.6	3.4	4.5	22	Non Complying
	2019						
June	2017	6.9	6.9	3	27	70	Complying
	2018	7.1	6.7	3.4	6.1	21	Non Complying
July	2017	7.5	7.4	3	32	94	Complying
	2018	7.4	7.0	3.0	17	49	Complying
August	2017	7.8	7.2	3.2	22	94	Non Complying
	2018	7.6	6.2	4	17	70	Non Complying
September	2017	7.4	6.9	3.4	17	32	Non Complying
	2018	7	7.1	3	17	47	Complying
October	2017	7.3	7.3	3	17	58	Complying
	2018	7.8	6.8	3	7.8	49	Complying
November	2017	8	7.2	3.2	17	46	Non Complying
	2018	6.8	6.9	3	7.8	22	Complying
December	2017	7.6	6.8	3	17	47	Complying
	2018	7.5	7	3	21	47	Complying

Table 8 Ulhas River at U/s of NRC Bund, Village - Mohane, Taluka - Kalyan, District - Thane.

Month	Year	pH	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN /100ml	TC MPN /100ml	Water Quality
January	2017	7.0	7.4	3.0	15.0	70.0	Complying
	2018	8.2	6.4	3.0	7.8	31	Complying
	2019	8	6.5	3.5	17	46	Non Complying
February	2017	7.7	6.5	3	17	48	Complying
	2018	7.6	7.0	3.0	9.1	43	Complying
	2019	7.3	6.7	3.0	11	46	Complying
March	2017	7.3	6.6	3.2	2	4.5	Non Complying
	2018	7.5	6.0	3.2	6.1	58	Non Complying
	2019	7.3	6.9	4.0	21	63	Non Complying
April	2017	7.8	6.6	3	110	540	Complying
	2018	7.7	6.7	3.8	14	47	Non Complying
	2019	6.8	6.6	4.0	11	46	Non Complying
May	2017	7.2	7.3	3.2	21	110	Non Complying
	2018	8.2	6.2	4	4	27	Non Complying
	2019						
June	2017	7.7	7.4	3	27	70	Complying
	2018	7.2	6.9	3.6	4	22	Non Complying
July	2017	7.3	7	3.0	22	79	Complying
	2018	7.5	6.9	3.5	26	84	Non Complying
August	2017	7.6	7.1	3.4	17	79	Non Complying
	2018	7.5	6.1	4.5	17	38	Non Complying
September	2017	7.2	7.30	3.2	17	46	Non Complying
	2018	7	6.9	3.0	13	31	Complying
October	2017	7.5	7	3.2	33	140	Non Complying
	2018	7.4	6.9	3.0	13	70	Complying
November	2017	8	7.2	3.2	21	70	Non Complying
	2018	6.9	6.8	3.0	17	33	Complying
December	2017	7.2	6	3.2	7.8	22	Non Complying
	2018	7.4	7.1	3.0	27	130	Complying

Table 9 Ulhas River at U/s of Badlapur water works, Village- Kulgaon, Taluka- Ambernath, District- Thane.

Month	Year	pH	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN /100ml	TC MPN /100ml	Water Quality
January	2017	7.9	7.5	3.0	17	33	Complying
	2018	8.5	7.3	3	7.8	34	Complying
	2019	7.9	6.5	3.5	11	33	Non Complying
February	2017	7.6	7.0	4.0	22	39	Non Complying
	2018	7.4	7.6	3.2	6.8	32	Non Complying
	2019	7.5	7.2	3	17	58	Complying
March	2017	7.4	6.2	4.0	5	17	Non Complying
	2018	7.3	7.1	3.4	4.5	46	Non Complying
	2019	7.3	6.9	3.2	17	70	Non Complying
April	2017	7.7	7.0	3.0	46	220	Complying
	2018	7.7	7	2.8	8.1	32	Complying
	2019	7.5	6.5	4	17	58	Non Complying
May	2017	7.3	7.3	3.2	9.3	24	Non Complying
	2018	8.5	6.8	4	4	17	Non Complying
	2019						
June	2017	7.8	7.6	3.0	14	49	Complying
	2018	7.2	6.9	3.6	4	22	Non Complying
July	2017	7.8	7.0	3.0	26	84	Complying
	2018	7.6	7.2	3.0	22	70	Complying
August	2017	7.7	6.9	3.4	21	94	Non Complying
	2018	7.5	7	3	26	94	Complying
September	2017	7.6	7.2	3.2	21	70	Non Complying
	2018	7.1	6.5	3.5	17	70	Non Complying
October	2017	7.5	7	3	22	79	Complying
	2018	7.6	6.4	3.5	4.5	46	Non Complying
November	2017	8.1	7.3	3.2	17	49	Non Complying
	2018	6.9	6.5	3.5	7.8	21	Non Complying
December	2017	6.3	7.0	3.0	7.8	25	Complying
	2018	7.6	6.6	3.5	17	46	Non Complying

1.7 Status of Ground Water Quality

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB) regularly monitors the water quality across 250 Water Quality Monitoring Stations (WQMS) for both surface (155 on rivers, 34 on sea/creeks, 10 on drains, 1 dam) and ground water (24Borewells, 24Dugwell, 1 Handpumps, 1 Tubewell) under two programs of NWMP (National Water Monitoring Programme) project titled GEMS (Global Environment Monitoring System) and MINARS (Monitoring of Indian National Aquatic Resources). Surface water samples are monitored every month whereas the ground water samples are monitored every six months.

WQI for ground water

MPCB monitors ground water quality once in six months. Based on the stringency of the parameters and its relative importance in the overall quality of water for drinking purposes each parameter has been assigned specific weightage by CPCB. These weights indicate the relative harmfulness when present in water. Nine parameters (pH, Total Hardness, Calcium Hardness, Magnesium Hardness, Chloride, Total Dissolved Solids, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sulphate) are considered for calculating Water Quality Index of ground water.

Water Quality Index - Ground Water		
WQI	Water Quality	Colour Code
<50	Excellent	
50-100	Good Water	
100-200	Poor Water	
200-300	Very Poor Water	
>300	Water Unsuitable for drinking	

Table 10 Water Quality Index for 156 locations (surface water & ground water) during January - 2019

WQI Category	WQI	Number of WQI values in different category	
		No. of WQI	% of WQI
Good to Excellent	63-100	98	73.68
Medium to Good	50-63	12	9.02
Bad	38-50	9	6.77
Bad to Very Bad	38 and less	14	10.53
Total WQI values		133	100

Summary:

1. 110 WQI values or 82.70 % values are in category of Good to Excellent and Medium to Good.
2. 9 WQI values or 6.77 % are in category of Bad.
3. 14 WQI values or 10.53 % are in category of Bad to Very Bad.

Table 11 Ground water quality in Thane district

National Rural Drinking Water Programme Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation													
MDWS Site		Online Applications		NRDWP Reports		Data Entry		Dashboard		Download mRWS App		NRDWP Site	
Select Language													
State: MAHARASHTRA		District: THANE		Show									
Format E21- Block Quality Profile For FTK Testing													
S.No.	Block	Total Sources Tested	Tested Sources Not Found Contaminated	Nos. of Sources with Single Chemical Contaminants						Nos. of Sources with Bacteriological Contaminants Faecal Coliform	Nos. of Sources with Multiple Contaminants	Nos. of Sources with Other Contaminants	
				Iron	Fluoride	Salinity	Nitrate	Arsenic	Other				
	Total	3,387	3,300	0	3	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	28
1	Ambarnath	476	472	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bhiwandi	1,292	1,243	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
3	Kalyan	308	299	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28
4	Murbad	442	442	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Shahapur	869	844	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
	Total	3,387	3,300	0	3	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	28

1.8 Waste Management

1.8.1 Solid Waste Management

In the state of Maharashtra there are total 271 local bodies, comprising of 27 Municipal Corporations, 16- 'A' Class Municipal Council, 54- 'B' Class Municipal Council, 154- 'C' Class Municipal Council, 14- Nagar Panchayat, 06-Cantonment Board generating about 22897.83 MT of municipal solid waste every day, of which the Contribution in terms of percentage by the corporation is 84.72 %, by A class council is 4.25 %, by B class council is 5.04 % , by C Class Council is 5.07 % and by Others is 0.96 %. The overall percentage of treatment is 34.70 % i.e. 7945.544 MT/day quantity is treated and the remaining is disposed in an unscientific manner. Out of 27 Municipal corporations, 24 Corporations have obtained Authorization from MPCB for 22 Nos of approved sites having processing & disposal facilities and same are in operations. 109 Nos. of Municipal Councils having partially processing & disposal facilities.

Total MSW Generation from Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation is 360 MT/day, Ou of that 8 MT/Day I sprocessed through composting.

Ambarnath Municipal Council generates Solid waste about 154 MT/day & 3 MT/Day processed through vermicomposting.

MSW generation from Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council is 67 MT/day & Treatment – 37 MT/Day through bio-methanisation & composting.

1.8.2 Bio-medical waste Management

Total Bio-medical waste generation in Thane district is 530 kg/day. All waste is collected, transported and treated at CBMWTSDF located at BIDCO Industrial Estate, Palghar. The CBMWTSDF has installed capacity of Incinerator 75 Kg/Hr and Autoclave with installed capacity of 50 litre/cycle.

1.8.3 E-Waste management

- Maharashtra Pollution Control Board awarded work order to M/s. IRG Systems South Asia Pvt. Ltd. to carry out inventorisation of E-Waste generation in the State of Maharashtra.
- Interim inventorisation report is submitted to MPCB and final report will be ready within one month.
- As per the Interim inventory report submitted to MPCB, the E-Waste generation for the year 2015 is approx. 6,46,509 MT.

- **Number of authorized dismantlers/ recyclers in the state of Maharashtra**

Present Status of E-Waste dismantling and recycling capacity			
1	E-Waste Dismantlers	70	77525 MTA
2	E-waste Recyclers	08	
	Total	78	

- E-Waste Treated (Recycled/Dismantled)
 - Year 2015-16 : 4041.72 MT
 - Year 2016-17 : 6720.69 MT
 - Year 2017-18 : 7031.5 MT
- CPCB has approved EPR of 261 producers for Maharashtra. The list of the producers is enclosed here.
- Annual report for the year 2017-18 is submitted.

Action Taken by MPCB

- MPCB is undertaking regular monitoring of EPR Authorization conditions and regular inspection of the collection points/ centers mentioned in EPR Plan.
- MPCB has issued Directions u/s 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 read with E-waste (Management) Rules, 2016 to all Municipal Corporations in Maharashtra on 06/12/2018 for provision of collection centres.

- Co-ordination with Various State Government Departments
- Co-ordination with Urban Local Bodies (Municipal Committee /Council /Corporation).
- Awareness through Public Notice

Constraints:

- Channelization E-waste from informal sector to formal sector.
- Awareness about impact of E-waste on Environment and Rules of E-waste is required.
- Authorized collections and Segregation centers are required to be established by Local Bodies.

1.8.4 Hazardous Waste Management

The state of Maharashtra has four Common Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facilities. These facilities are located at MIDC Taloja, Trans-Thane Creek Industrial Area, MIDC Ranjangaon, Pune and MIDC Butibori, Nagpur. These facilities collectively handle 340,847 MT of Hazardous waste per annum.

There are 1579 Hazardous waste generating industries in Thane region. These industries generated about 142003.31 MT of Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. The HW from Thane is scientifically disposed through CHWTSDF at Trans Thane Creek Waste Management Association, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai having capacity – Landfill –21,600 MT/A.

Out of the 142003.31 MT generation in 2017-18, 65342.07 MT was Landfillable, 9376.24 MT was Incinerable and 35491.98 MT was Recyclable.

Table 12 Status of Waste Management

Sr. No	Particular	Remarks
1	Total MSW Generation & Existing MSW treatment and disposal facilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation Solid waste generation- 360 MT/day, Treatment – 8 MT/Day (composting) • Ambernath Municipal Council Solid waste generation- 154 MT/day, Treatment – 3 MT/Day (vermin - composting) • Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council Solid waste generation- 67 MT/day, Treatment – 37 MT/Day (bio-methanisation & composting)
2	Bio-medical waste Management	Thane district: Total generation: 530 kg/day Total collection and treatment: 530 kg/day
3	E-Waste management	E-waste generated by industries is sent to MPCB authorized E-waste reprocessor.

4	Hazardous Waste Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are 1579 Hazardous waste generating industries in Thane district. These industries generated about 142003.31 MT Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. • The HW from Thane district is scientifically disposed through Trans Thane Creek Waste Management Association, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai • CHWTSDF capacity – Landfill – 21600 MT/A
5		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •

1.9 Dream Project of Government of Maharashtra (GOM), Namami Chandrabhaga

GOM, has announced Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan on 18/03/2016 in the Budgetary Assembly Session of 2016-17. Namami Chandrabhaga is an initiative taken to revive and rejuvenate the river Chandrabhaga and to restore its historic glory. Considering the religious, social and economic importance of the river Chandrabhaga, the Government of Maharashtra has decided to prepare a comprehensive plan for cleaning of the river on the lines of ‘Namami Gange’. Hon’ble Finance Minister, GOM, directed to issue the GR about finalization of working System of the Abhiyan, vide letter dt. 07/04/2016. The aim of the Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan is to make the Chandrabhaga river pollution free and conserve its purity and sanctity up to year 2022 and others are as mentioned below:

- To maintain the permanent minimum continuous flow of water in the river bed.
- To construct weirs in the river bed for maintaining water level.
- To maintain & keep minimum environmental flow of water.
- To make available sufficient public bathrooms & toilets as well as mobile bio-toilets to the publics during Pandharpur yatras.
- To install STP’s for treatment of domestic wastes and scientific disposal facilities for solid waste generated from the villages & cities located on the bank of Chandrabhaga river.
- To carry out the beautification & forestation of river banks.
- To make reuse/recycle of treated industrial water generated from the industries and industrial estates located in the catchment area of Chandrabhaga river.
- As per the local need to work for public participation and development of pilgrimage area.

“Namami Chandrabhaga Pradhikaran”

Established under the Chairmanship of Hon’ble Chief Minister, GoM & Co-Chairmanship of Hon’ble Finance Minister, GoM, having Divisional Commissioner, Pune as Member Secretary.

“High Power Committee”

Established under the Chairmanship of Hon’ble Chief Secretary, GoM of Maharashtra having Divisional Commissioner, Pune as Member Secretary.

In this context, the Government has identified CSIR National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (CSIR-NEERI) as ‘Nodal Technical Expert Agency’ the project. Bhima river originates in Bhimashankar in Pune district. But when it reaches Pandharpur, it appears like a crescent moon, thus deriving the name Chandrabhaga. It flows in a 370-km stretch between Pune and Solapur districts. CSIR-NEERI was already involved by the Maharashtra Government to provide technological solutions for sanitation and sewage treatment at important cities and pilgrim centers like Nashik and Pandharpur. Furthermore, is retained CSIR-NEERI for technological interventions during the execution of the Project ‘Namami Chandrabhaga’. The Maharashtra Government intends to cleanse and make the holy river Chandrabhaga pollution free by the year 2022.

Similarly, on the line of Namami Chandrabhaga Maharashtra Government is in process of undertaking various projects for clean-up of other rivers in the State.

1.10 Involvement of Civil Society/Creation of awareness

For sustainable development it is necessary to promote and create environmental awareness among communities, businesses and governments. Therefore the Board organizes various environmental awareness programs across the State of Maharashtra. During the year 2017-18 the following programs on environmental awareness were conducted by the Board.

Month	Subject	Details
22nd April 2017	World Earth Day	Public awareness messages published in leading newspapers namely Dainik Samna, Sakaal, Divya Marathi, Loksatta, Indian Express, Lokmat, Maharashtra Times of India, DNS, Hindustan Times and Midday on the occasion of World Earth Day.
5th June 2017	World Environment Day celebration	The main event was organized at the Yashwantrao Chavan Auditorium, Mumbai on 5th June, 2017 on occasion of World Environment Day. Hon’ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Hon’ble Minister of Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam and Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan attended this event. During this event, award ceremony for Vasundhara Award competition organized for industries, municipal corporations and CETPs was carried out. On the occasion of World Environment Day, Vasundhara Short Film Competition based on the environment was announced by

Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra at the main event. This competition will be organized for professionals as well as amateurs.

During this event, the award ceremony for Photothon 2017 took place. This ceremony was presented by Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan. Villages which had participated in the water conservation activity 'Jalsanvardhan Panchayat – Ek Lok Chalwal' organized by Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Vanrai Pune and Zee 24 Taas were awarded at the hands of Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra for their exceptional performance. During this event, a short film festival related to the environment was organized for three days at Yashwantrao Chavan Centre, Mumbai with assistance from Enviro-Vigil and as a joint effort by MPCB and Environment Department, Government of Maharashtra. A large number of environmentalists attended this festival. At this time, discussion sessions with directors, producers, environment experts and analysts were also organized.



Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister, GoM lighting the lamp during inauguration of the World Environment Day program held at Y. B. Chavan Auditorium, Mumbai on 5th June 2017. Hon'ble Shri Ramdasji Kadam, Minister for Environment, GoM, Shri Sumit Mallik (IAS), Chief Secretary, GoM and Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary graced the occasion with their august presence.



On the eve of World Environment Day on 5th June 2017, Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister, GoM giving away Vasundhara Awards to the entrepreneurs who have introduced best environment-friendly practices in their industry, at Y. B. Chavan Auditorium, Mumbai.

5th June 2017	World Environment Day	On the occasion of World Environment Day (5th June, 2017) public awareness messages were published in Maharashtra Times, Time of India, Loksatta, Indian Express, DNA, Hindustan Times, Midday (Gujarati, Urdu and English), Lokmat, Dainik Sakaal, Samna, Divya Marathi and in other leading newspapers. Information about various control measures adopted for pollution control was published in this section on behalf of MPCB.
5th June 2017	World Environment Day	On the occasion of World Environment Day (5th June, 2017) public awareness programs related to the environment, canvas paintings with messages about the environment, brainstorming on public awareness and various other activities were organized by We Love India on 5th June, 2017 at Bandra. Famous movie artists, sportspersons and Hon'ble Environment Minister for State were present during these activities.
4th July 2017	'Paryavaranachi Vaari Pandharichya Daari'	An environmental public awareness campaign namely 'Paryavaranachi Vaari Pandharichya Daari' was organized on the occasion of Aashadhi Ekadashi and the foot pilgrimage to Pandharpur. As environmental issues are equally detrimental to urban and rural areas, fundamental messages such as plastic waste removal, proper use of water, electricity and natural resources, use of limited electrical power for agriculture, use of organic fertilizers, proper waste management of wet waste and dry waste were spread among the 10 lakh devotees who had gathered for the Pandharpur pilgrimage. These messages were made public through folk art, popularly known as Kirtan,

		<p>Bharud, and Povada. In this 15 day long pilgrimage, Sangeet Natak Academy award winner, Smt. Chandabai Tiwari, famous Shahir Shree Devanand Mali and Hari Bhakta Parayan Shri Dnyaneshwar Maharaj Wabale created public awareness through Bharud, Povada and Kirtan respectively. This year's Pandharpur pilgrimage was inaugurated at Pune by Hon'ble Minister of State of Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam. Honorable dignitaries such as Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan and Hon'ble Mayor of Pune were present at this event. Guidance for this pilgrimage was sought from Dr. Prakash Khandge, a well-known researcher of folk arts. The conclusion of this pilgrimage was organized on the eve of Aashadhi Ekadashi in the presence of Hon'ble Chief Minister, Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Mrs. Amruta Fadnavis, Cabinet Minister (Solapur), Shri Vijay Deshmukh, Minister of Water and Sanitation, Shri Babanrao Lonikar, Senior Cabinet Minister, Shri Mahadev Jankar, Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan and other honorable dignitaries.</p>
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Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister addressing pilgrims on the eve of environment public awareness campaign at Pandharpur on 4th July 2017, in the presence of Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary, GoM.

August 2017	92.7 Big FM Big Green Ganesha	The Big Green Ganesha activity was co-organized by 92.7 Big FM and MPCB in the city of Mumbai. During this activity, the Big Green Ganesha van encouraged citizens at various locations to celebrate an eco-friendly Ganesh festival and to donate newspaper scrap for the even. During Ganesh festival a special studio was set up at Lalbaghcha Raja in Mumbai city for 10 days. At this time, Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Hon'ble State Minister for Environment and film celebrities spread messages for public awareness.
August 2017	Zee 24 Taas Eco-Friendly Household	The Household Eco-friendly Ganesh Festival Competition was organized at the state level as a joint venture by MPCB and Zee 24 Taas. This competition has a large number of participants.

	Ganesh Festival Competition	Citizens celebrating household in a unique way had participated in this competition from all over the state. Response to this competition has been increasing over the years.
August 2017	ABP Maza Eco-Friendly Ganesh Festival Competition	A special public awareness campaign regarding celebrating an eco-friendly Ganesh festival in housing societies in major cities in the State was organized by MPCB and ABP Maza, a news channel. News about eco-friendly Ganesh festival celebrated in housing societies at cities such as Mumbai, Pune, Nashik and Nagpur was broadcast through the channel. Special programs on eco-friendly Ganesh festival celebrations at housing societies were also broadcast on the ABP Maza television channel. Well-known celebrities from Marathi film industry, Sayali Sanjeev and Rushi Saxema advertised the competition organized for celebrating an eco-friendly Ganesh festival through promos. Winners in this competition were awarded certificates by MPCB and Prasad. Public relations officer of MPCB was present at this time. These celebrities visited MPCB's Mantralaya. Special news regarding the event was broadcast by ABP Maza television channel.
August 2017	Household Eco-Friendly Ganesh Festival Competition 2017 organized by Loksatta and MPCB.	Eco-friendly household Ganesh festival decoration competition was organized jointly by MPCB and Loksatta at 6 divisions of Loksatta newspaper at Mumbai, Pune, Nashik, Nagpur, Ahmednagar and Aurangabad. More than 2000 people competed in this event. Prize distribution of this competition took place at Yashwantrao Chavan Pratishthan at the hands of Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam, State Minister for Environment, Shri Pravin Pote-Patil and Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan. A special column regarding this event was published in all editions of Loksatta newspaper.
August 2017	Eco-Friendly Ganesh Festival UFO Digital Movies financial assistance.	Public awareness messages by celebrities from Marathi and Hindi film industry were publicized at 205 digital theatres by UFO Digital Movies for two weeks to promote an eco-friendly Ganesh festival.
August 2017	Financial assistance for DNA Eco Ganesha public awareness campaign organized by DNA and MPCB.	To celebrate an environment friendly Ganesh festival, eco-friendly Ganesh idols based on the five natural elements were installed in selected malls in Mumbai city on behalf of the MPCB and DNA. MPCB played the role of co-convenor in this campaign organized by DNA. Prominent celebrities from the Hindi film industry participated in this campaign.
August 2017	Financial assistance for public awareness activity, Times Green Ganesha.	Eco-Green Ganesha competition was organized jointly by Environment Department of MPCB, Government of Maharashtra and Times of India group for public Ganesh festival organizations and housing societies in Mumbai and Pune. During this campaign, public awareness activities were conducted in various malls, movie theatres and colleges. Eco-

		friendly Ganesh festival workshops were conducted for school students. Various activities and cleanliness campaigns were conducted by college students for the eco-friendly Ganesh ambassador during Ganesh idol immersion at Girgaon Chowpati, Juhu beach and Versova beach at Mumbai. This campaign was launched by popular actor, Vidyut Jammwal and Hollywood Director, Chuck Russel at Lala Lajpat Rai College. A special film for public awareness had been created by Times group for this campaign. A dedicated column for this campaign was published for 10 consecutive days in the newspaper, Times of India.
August 2017	Eco-Ganesh Public awareness campaign organized by Dainik Samna and MPCB.	Eco-friendly public Ganesh festival was organized at Mumbai, Pune and Aurangabad with assistance from the newspaper, Dainik Samna. The prize distribution event was conducted in the presence of Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri Ramdasbhai Kadam and Member Secretary, MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan.
		
<p>Hon'ble Shri Ramdasji Kadam, Minister for Environment, GoM giving away prizes to the participants on the eve of Eco-friendly Ganesh Public awareness campaign in the presence of Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary, MPCB</p>		
August 2017	Public awareness messages about eco-friendly Ganesh festival displayed on Times OOH BEST bus stop shelters.	Public awareness message of 'Celebrate a pollution-free Diwali' by Hon'ble Chief Minister, Hon'ble Minister for Environment and Hon'ble State Minister for Environment were displayed on bus stops in Mumbai city for a period of 15 days.
August 2017	Eco-friendly Dahi Handi 2017.	Eco Friendly Dahi Handi Festival 2017 was organized in association with IDEAL Book Company and MPCB. In this program, anti-noise pollution awareness rally was organized by famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus

Service of Best Transport Service. Notable film and TV celebrities were present at this rally. On the eve of Dahi Handi, this rally was organized in the presence of street-play celebrities in Dadar, Lalbagh area. Eco-friendly Dahi Handi was smashed in the presence of young celebrities from Zee TV and ETV. At the time, in front of Chhabildas High School in Dadar, the noise-free eco-friendly Dahi Handi was smashed along with celebrities from the film and theatre industry. Public Relations Officer, MPCB was present during this event.



Anti-noise pollution awareness rally on the eve of Dahi-handi (Gopalkala) festival was organized with participation of famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus Service of Best Transport Service in the month of August 2017.



Anti-noise pollution awareness rally on the eve of Dahi-handi (Gopalkala) festival was organized with participation of famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus Service of Best Transport Service in the month of August 2017.

October 2017	Public Awareness message for Diwali on television.	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free Diwali' by celebrities from the film industry was broadcast by the television channels Zee 24 Taas, ABP Maza, IBN Lokmat, Star Pravah, Mi Marathi, TV9 Maharashtra, Saam TV, Jay Maharashtra and Maharashtra One.
October 2017	Public Awareness message for Diwali on FM radio.	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free Diwali' was broadcast on leading FM Radio channels in the State.
October 2017	Diwali Bus Stop messages in Mumbai, Pune and Nagpur.	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free Diwali' by Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Hon'ble Minister for Environment and Hon'ble State Minister for Environment were displayed on bus stops in the cities of Mumbai, Nagpur and Pune for a period of 15 days.
October 2017	Pollution-free Diwali Resolution Campaign Pledge 2017.	Pollution-free Diwali Resolution Campaign Pledge 2017 was organized at Mantralaya to promote celebration of a pollution-free Diwali. A pollution-free Diwali was pledged by students from schools and colleges from the entire State in the presence of Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Shri Devendra Fadnavis. Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam, Hon'ble Minister of Water Resources & Irrigation, Shri Girish Mahajan, Hon'ble State Tourism Minister, Shri Jaykumar Rawal, Hon'ble Additional Chief Secretary of Environment Department, Shri Satish Gavai, Hon'ble Chairman of Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Shri Milind Mhaiskar and Hon'ble Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan attended this event. Students from various colleges in Mumbai also attended this event. Live telecast of this event was broadcast on leading news channels in the State. News about this event was published in leading newspapers in the State.
Marc 2018	Eco-Friendly Holi.	From the last few years, the widespread public awareness campaigns organized by Maharashtra Pollution Control Board to promote the celebration of an eco-friendly Holi have been receiving an increasing response. This year on behalf of the MPCB, eco-friendly colours were distributed for free to employees and officers from MPCB, Hon'ble Ministers from Mantralaya, Hon'ble Secretaries, Hon'ble Chairman, Hon'ble Speaker and Members of Legislative Assembly and Legislative Councils. Messages to promote the celebration of an eco-friendly Holi were broadcast on television and radio channels.

1.11 Greenery Development Plan of Forest Department, Government of Maharashtra

Government of Maharashtra has been instrumental in increasing tree and forest cover all over the State. GOM through its Forest Department has announced The Plantation Program in 2016 with the aim of planting 2Crore trees on 1st July 2016 was a resounding success with the final total reported figure of 2.82Crore saplings planted on a single day. After the successful implementation of 2Crore plantation program on 1st July, 2016, the Government of Maharashtra has designed the 50Crore plantation program for 3 consecutive years viz. 4Crore, 13Crore and 33Crore for 2017, 2018 and 2019 respectively. 10% Bamboo, mangrove and medicinal plantation is also incorporated in this plantation drive.

In the Second Phase, though the target was of 4Crore plantation from 1st to 7th July, 2017, actually 5.43Crore seedlings were planted due to overwhelming response of Government employees and people at large. These saplings programs are driven with the involvement of 33 Government Departments along with Students of Schools and Colleges, NSS, NCC, CSR, NGOs, Railways, National Highways, Defense, NABARD and other stakeholders of Society.

"Limca Book of World Records" has taken cognizance of these remarkable achievements of Forest Department relating to plantation in 2016 and 2017 and felicitated with certificates. Thus Maharashtra is the first State in India who acquired the place three years consequently in "Limca Book of Records".

In the Third Phase, against the target of 13Crore plantation in 2018 between the period from 1st to 31st July 2018 we could plant 15.88Crore trees, again exceeding the said target. The response of the public was overwhelming.

GoM continued this good work for the protection, enrichment and secure environment through various Schemes and Programs. In the Fourth Phase, the year 2019 represents the most significant and important step in completing this Mission of 50 crore plantation. In this year it was intended to plant 33Crore saplings throughout Maharashtra. Preparation and Planning for the success of this year's target have been initiated from 3rd August, 2018 i.e. immediately after completion of 13Crore Plantation Program. Forest Officials along with Revenue machinery and all administrative departments are working extremely hard with the active support of all sections of the society. The details of this 2 Crore, 4Crore, 13Crore & 33Crore plantation program are attached as Annexure I, II, III & IV respectively.

In an attempt to boost conservation and protection of forests and wild life in Maharashtra, the State Forest Department has launched a drive aimed at roping in citizens to help the department in their massive 50Crore trees plantation drive. A dedicated website greenarmy.mahaforest.gov.in has been developed for registration of individuals and organizations as member of Green Army. I am

happy to say that up-till now around 60 lakh members have been registered and we hope we could cross the 1Crore membership in near Future.

For maintaining the transparency, accountability and credibility, all the data relating to site selection for plantation with Geo-Tagging, development of Nurseries, digging of pits, availability of manpower, actual plantation and survival of the trees planted etc. is uploaded on the Digital Platform of Forest Department so that people can access the data at any given point of time. This has helped to build confidence amongst the people and their ever increasing participation in the plantation programme.

For the registration of plantation by the individuals, private NGOs and other stakeholders of society the mobile application called "My Plants" has been developed. Similarly, the programs like "Saplings at the Door Step", "Digital visibility on social media", "publicity campaign" are being implemented for greater public participation.

In Marathwada region of the State having low forest cover, a dedicated "Eco-Battalion" has been established at Aurangabad for tree plantation and its protection under the Defense Ministry of GIO considering establishing two more companies of this force at Beed & Latur.

The Forest Department is trying it's level its level best to increase the Forest and Tree cover in the State by various innovative ideas by involvement of people in the plantation & its protection especially on Non-Forest areas as forest area is limited. Massive tree plantation program in urban & rural areas under the scheme "Nurturing Trees is Worshipping Nature" has been launched by the Govt. in line with Ranmala Village in Khed Taluka of Pune District.

The Tree based Agriculture under Mahatma Gandhi National rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MG-NREGS) Kanya Van Samruddhi Yojana, Bhausahab Phundkar Horticulture Plantation Programme in co-ordination with Agriculture Department, Sericulture Plantation in coordination with Textile Department, Riverside Plantation are some of scheme initiated for increasing green cover in the Non- Forest areas.

- Status report on Forest for 2017 at all India level has been published by "Forest survey of India" in February 2018 vis-a-vis status of forest & related sectors in 2015. As far as Maharashtra is concerned the findings are as follows:
- Tree cover on non-forest area has increased by 273Km.sq – Maharashtra is a leading state
- Mangrove cover has increased by 82Km.sq - Maharashtra is a leading state
- Water bodies in forest areas has gone up by 432 km.sq – Maharashtra is having higher rank
- Increase in the bamboo plantation area by 4462 km.sq – Eventually Maharashtra is placed highest in the country.

1.12 Plan for Restoration of Water Quality

Table 13 Time Bound Action Plan for Ulhas River

Sr. No.	Target/Action Plan Expected	Agency / Organization	Expected Duration for Implementation
1	Provide STP for treatment of sewage generation from cities and villages along the river to avoid contamination of River	Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council & Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	1 Year
2	Provide Effective MSW treatment Facility in the villages/towns located on the bank of river to avoid contamination of River	Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council & Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	1.5 Years
3	To stop bathing in river water & open defecation at bank of river. Also, proper disposal of human excreta and sewage.	Local Body & Police Department.	4-5 Months
4	Organize awareness programs about environment pollution	Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council & Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	1 Month
5	Common toilets should be constructed in all areas to be covered. Stop open defecation and awareness program should be conducted in these areas	Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council & Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	3 Months
6	In-Situ Nallah clean-up Treatment to stop untreated sewage entering into the River	Kulgaon- Badlapur Municipal Council & Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	6 Months

Table 14 Funding Details for proposed STPs

Name of ULB	Name and Address of STP	Designed Capacity (MLD)	Fund Allocation Details				Time line for various stages of work Completion	Target date of Completion	Remarks
			Source of Funds	Allocation Status	Utilization status	Present Status of the work			
Kulgao n Badlapur Municipal Council	Samarth Nagar	22	JNNURM scheme			All work of STP is completed and successfully operational	Nil	Operational	Nil
			Gov of india	53.01 cr	53.01cr				
			Gov of Maharashtra	22.72 cr	22.72 cr				
			KBMC share	234cr	221.28 cr				
				AMRUT ABHIYAN					
	Mankivali	12	Gov of india	23.58 cr	9.43cr	Tender in Process	Mar-19	After work Order 18 Months	
	Sonivali	10	Gov of Maharashtra	11.71 cr	4.71cr				
			KBMC share	11.79cr	4.71 cr				
Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation	1) Vadol STP Ambernath (west)	20.72	Amrut Stage-I Sanction cost = 85.24 Cr.	GOI- 22.31 Cr.	24.04 Cr.	60 % work completed	under constructions	Jun-19	
	2) Shantinagar STP, Ulh-3.	31.26		GOM- 16.41 Cr.	Total = 38.45 Cr.	40 % work completed	under constructions	Jun-19	
	3) Shantinagar STP, Ulh-3.	15	UMC own funds	32.70 Cr.	12.22 Cr.	50 % work completed	under constructions	Mar-19	
	4) Khadegolawali, STP Vithalwadi Kalyan.	8	Amrut Stage-II Sanction cost = Rs.13.30 Cr.	Nil	Nil	Tender under process	Tendering	0	

Recommendations:

1. All domestic sewage should be properly treated and its entry into river water should be prevented. The treatment can be carried out as follows:
 - a. For towns and cities (Population more than 10000) – underground drainage system (100%) can be developed.
2. The river has several non-point injections of domestic sewage flowing from the cities which is the major cause of river pollution. In order to avoid this, it is important to formulate strict regulations and monitoring to ensure the river does not get polluted due to man-made activities.

3. Non-point source discharges in river should be stopped. These flows can be treated before they join the river through in-situ treatment methods.
4. The treatment of the wastewater should be monitored closely with effective disinfection by MPCB and respective Municipal Corporation/Council.
5. Industries should also be note the same regarding treatment of wastewater plant & reuse the wastewater for their needs and drain treated water for societal domestic purposes.
6. The online systems should also be installed in the outlet of every member industry to monitor the flow and quality of wastewater sent to CETP for treatment.
7. Solid waste management for each village must have regular collection, segregation of wastes, recycling of reusable materials and composting of biodegradable wastes must take place. Proper allotment of land for such important activities should be undertaken with priority.
8. No industrial wastewater discharges should be allowed intentionally or unintentionally in any condition. Strict action should be taken against such polluting industries.
9. Activities such as washing clothes, bathing, and immersing organic materials for religious rituals must be discouraged.
10. All the CETP units should be tested once a month for their optimal performance, this shall not only help in understanding the issues faced by treatment system but will also aid in taking suitable actions without further delay and the individual industrial wastewater treatment facilities should be subjected to higher level of treatment to meet the standards.
11. Segregation of solid wastes (Dry waste & Wet waste) at source is a very crucial step for efficient management of MSW.
12. The villages must have an improvised septic tank for primary treatment of wastewater/sewage generated at source before it overflows to join any of the designed treatment units.
13. Wastewater must not be released in municipal gutter or nallas. They should be recycled and reused within the company premises.
14. The flow measurement in nallas should be carried out on monthly basis to quantify the organic load entering the river.
15. Recycle and reuse of treated effluents from STPs for irrigation. Water used for irrigation can be diverted to river for maintaining the flow.
16. Provision of adequate treatment facilities in time bound manner and provision of sewer network ensuring 100% collection of wastewater.
17. Installation of online monitoring system for water quality & GIS platform for creating & maintaining database.
18. Awareness programs should be conducted on a regular basis to create awareness among the people highlighting importance of health, sanitation, and cleanliness.

Table 15 Timelines for Implementation of Restoration Plan

Activities/Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Reconnaissance Survey							
Water Quality Sampling							
Preparation of Action Plan							
Propose and Execution of STPs at Ulhasnagar Municipal Corporation							
Propose and Execution of STPs at Kulgaon Badalapur Municipal Corporation							
Augmentation of River Flow if any and restoration of water quality							