REPORT ON ACTION PLAN FOR CLEAN-UP OF POLLUTED STRETCH OF PENGANGA RIVER

JUNE, 2019

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PENGANGA RIVER (Mehkar to Umarkhed)

1.1 Executive Summary of Action Plan Restoration of Water Quality of Penganga River

Sr. No.	Description of Item		Details		
1.	Name of the identified polluted river and its tributaries	:	Mehkar to Umarkhed		
2.	Is river is perennial and total length of the polluted river	:	Perennial Length- 7.65 Km		
3.	Revised priority as per Jan. to Dec.2018 Analysis results	:	Priority III		
4.	No of drains contributing to pollution and names of major drains	:	Lendhi Nalla meeting to Penganga River at Umarkhed – length -7.65 Km, Width-10.04 m.		
5.	Major Towns on the banks of the river with population	:	Local BodyPopulationUmarkhed47,458Mehkar37716		
6.	a. Sewage generation & Treatment in MLD	:	Total Sewage generation- 4.5 MLD Total Sewage Treatment- Nil		
	b. Total no. of existing STPs and proposed STPs with total capacities in MLD	:	 No existing STPs. Capacity of proposed STP – 5.5 MLD, DPR prepared. Process of Technical Sanction & Administrative approval is in progress. 		
	c. Gaps in sewage treatment in MLD and no. of towns not having STPs	:	No Sewage Treatment Plant at present.		
7.	Major industrial estates located with total no. of industries	:	No industrial Estate		
	a. Total water consumption and total industrial effluent generation in MLDb. No. of industries having captive ETPs	:	Total water consumption: 0.032 MLD Effluent Generation – 0.0214 MLD 2 effluent generating industries have captive ETPs		
	and their treatment capacity in MLD	·			
	No of CETP's and their treatment capacity d. Gaps in treatment of industrial effluent	:	No CETPs None		
8.	Waste Management a. Solid Waste Generation & processing	:	 Solid waste generation-21 MT/day, Treatment- 16.8 MT/day MSW generated in Umarkhed is treated by vermicomposting 		
	b. Biomedical Waste Generation & treatment	:	Chandrapur SRO: Total Biomedical waste generated: 165 kg/day. Total Biomedical waste treated: 165 kg/day		

	c. E-Waste Management Generation &	:	E-waste generated by industries is sent to MPCB
	treatment		authorized E-waste reprocessor
	d. Hazardous waste Management	:	 There are 24 Hazardous waste generating industries in Yavatmal District. These industries generated about 16.37 MT Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. The HW from SRO Chandrapur is scientifically disposed through Maharashtra Enviro Power Ltd., MIDC Butibori, Dist. Nagpur CHWTSDF capacity – Landfill – 60000 MT/A, Incineration – 3 TPA.
9.	Action plan includes mainly covering aspect	:	RRC has already requested to Water Resource
	such as		Dept, GoM for maintaining minimum E-flows and
	(Proposal for utilization of sewage, ground		water shed management, plantation on both sides of
	water recharging or rain water harvesting,		the river, setting up of bio-diversity parks.
	measures for regulating ground water use,		
	protection and management of flood plain		
	zone, maintaining minimum E-flows and		
	water shed management, plantation on both		
	sides of the river, setting up of bio-diversity		
	parks etc., as per Hon'ble NGT Orders dated		
	20.09.2018 and 19.12.2018)		
10.	Min. and Max. required time period for		Maximum 2 Years from commencement of work
	implementation of action plans		
11.	Total estimated budget in crores towards	:	Capacity of proposed STP – 5.5 MLD, DPR
	implementation of proposed action plans		prepared. Process of Technical Sanction &
	with break-up (e.g. No. of STPs, capacity,		Administrative approval is in progress.
	total cost; No of CETPs, total capacity,		
	Cost towards interception and diversion of		
10	sewage/effluent to STPs/CETPs etc.,)	<u> </u>	Diver Deinvenstion Committee (DDC) constituted
12.	Whether 'River Rejuvenation Committee (PPC) constituted by the State Cout (UT	:	River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) constituted
	(RRC) constituted by the State Govt./UT Administration and If so, Date of		as per the Maharashtra Government G.R. issued by
	Administration and If so, Date of constitution of 'RRC'.		the Environment Dept, GoM vide No. NGT 2018/PC-2/TC-3 dtd.13.12.2018.
13.	Responsible Organization (s) for	:	1. Water Resource Department, GoM
13.	implementation of proposed action plans	•	 Water Resource Department, Gow Urban Development Department
	implementation of proposed action plans		 Orban Development Department Umarkhed Municipal Council
			4. Mehkar Municipal Council
14.	Expected deliverables w r to achieving	•	4. Wenkar Wullerpar Coulert 1. To achieve 100% sewage collection and
17.	Goals	•	treatment

 2. To achieve 100% MSW collection, transportation and treatment. 3. To achieve new reture quality of Bathing Standards by 2020. 4. Augmentation of River Flow and restoration of water quality-2022 15. Initiatives taken by Govt. of Maharashtra i Maharashtra Government through its forest department has announced The Plantation Program in 2016 with the aim of planting 2 crore & planted 2.82 crore saplings. Forest Department has set the target of plantation of 4Crore, 13Crore and 33Crore saplings under the mission of 50Crore plantation which shall be accomplished in the three consecutive years viz. 2017, 2018 and 2019. GOM, announced 'Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan' in year 2016. It is an initiative taken to revive and rejuvenate the river Chandrabhaga and to restore its historic glory. Government of Maharashtra has prepared a comprehensive plan for cleaning of the river on the lines of 'Namami Gange'. The aim of the mission is to make the Chandrabhaga river pollution free and conserve its purity and sanctity up to year 2022. MPC Board will provide financial & technical assistance to villages in next three years to comply with sewage & waste management. MPC Board will provide financial & technical assistance to villages in next three years to comply with sewage & waste management. MPC Board Max asseed Direction to the local bodies to make 25% budgetary provision for scientific treatment and disposal of Sewage and Solid Waste. Accordingly, Municipal Corporations have pased resolution in their General Body meeting and reserved the funds. These funds ar reserved and madatory to utilize for preparation of DPR, establishing treatment facility, O & M of treatment facility etc. The review of the same is taken from time to time by the Board. 			2 To a diferent 1000/ MCNV 11 (
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Municipal Corporations to penalize to the tune	15.		 Maharashtra Government through its forest department has announced The Plantation Program in 2016 with the aim of planting 2 crore & planted 2.82 crore saplings. Forest Department has set the target of plantation of 4Crore, 13Crore and 33Crore saplings under the mission of 50Crore plantation which shall be accomplished in the three consecutive years viz. 2017, 2018 and 2019. GOM, announced 'Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan' in year 2016. It is an initiative taken to revive and rejuvenate the river Chandrabhaga and to restore its historic glory. Government of Maharashtra has prepared a comprehensive plan for cleaning of the river on the lines of 'Namami Gange'. The aim of the mission is to make the Chandrabhaga river pollution free and conserve its purity and sanctity up to year 2022. MPC Board will provide financial & technical assistance to villages in next three years to comply with sewage & waste management. MPC Board has issued Direction to the local bodies to make 25% budgetary provision for scientific treatment and disposal of Sewage and Solid Waste. Accordingly, Municipal Corporations have passed resolution in their General Body meeting and reserved the funds. These funds are reserved and made mandatory to utilize for preparation of DPR, establishing treatment facility, O & M of treatment facility etc. The review of the same is taken from time to time by the Board.

Budget Estimates & Pooling of Resources from Local Bodies, State Pollution Control	 of 1pais/litre of sewage generation under 'Polluter pays principle'. MPC Board has issued directions to non- complying CETPs to penalize to the tune of 2 paisa/litre for remediation & upgradation to comply with the consented standards. Maharashtra Government has already received proposal of Rs. 1104.54Cr. Under State River
Board, State Government & Central Government	 Conservation Program & form this amount State Government will provide necessary funds in next 3 years i.e. by 2022 for Sewage management The Maharashtra Pollution Control Boards has also reserved Rs. 461.42Cr. for preparation of action plan for abetment & Control of Pollution of River Water due to sewage & solid waste disposal from B & C Municipal Councils (342Nos of Urban Local Bodies.), Nagar Panchyat & Gram Panchayat for reducing polluted stretches in compliance with Hon'ble NGT, principal bench directions w.r.t. "More River Stretches are now Critically Polluted". The said funds will be used for DPR preparation, development of infrastructure for sewage collection & treatment & development of infrastructure for sewage will be completed by year 2022 (i.e in next 3 years). The Maharashtra Government through Urban Development Department has approved DPR of all 388 Urban Local Bodies for Solid Waste Management. The funds for the same amounting to Rs. 2560.0Cr has been already approved by Government & the said DPRs will be implemented & Solid Waste Management issues will be resolved by December'2019.

Preamble -

In the matter of OA No. 673 of 2018-"More river stretches are critically polluted now: CPCB", the Hon'ble NGT has passed order dated 20.09.2018 for constitution of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) and Special Environment Surveillance Task Force (SESTF). The report comprises 351 polluted river stretches in India out of which 53 polluted river stretches are in Maharashtra. In the state, 9 polluted stretches in priority I & 6 polluted stretches in priority II. It has been mandated to prepare Action Plan for River Stretches and make them pollution free. In compliance of the orders of the Hon'ble NGT, the State Government has constituted RRC.

River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) constituted as per the Maharashtra Government G.R. issued by the Environment Dept, GoM vide No. NGT 2018/PC-2/TC-3 dtd.13.12.2018 with 5 members under the guidance of Principal Secretary for preparation of action plans and to monitor the implementation of these action plans. The members of RRC are as mentioned under:

- 1. Commissioner / Director, Directorate of Municipal Administration
- 2. Chief Executive Officer Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation
- 3. Director (Environment)
- 4. Director (Industries)
- 5. Member Secretary Maharashtra Pollution Control Boards- Member & Co-ordinator of RRC

Further State Government also constituted District Level Special Task Force comprising of the following:

- 1. Representative of District Collector
- 2. Representative of District Superintendent of Police
- 3. Representative of Regional Officer, MPCB
- 4. Representative of the District Judge of the concerned District

Meetings of the RRC Committee:

 \succ 1st Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 14.12.2018.

RRC reviewed draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I prepared by Maharashtra PCB. It was decided by the all the committee members, to take review of local bodies and accordingly to communicate the outcomes of the meeting to the Hon'ble NGT, Principal Bench. Maharashtra PCB submitted nine draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I to CPCB along with minutes of 1st meeting of RRC and submitted progress report of polluted river stretches to Hon'ble NGT on 15.12.2018

2nd Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 09.01.2019.
 RRC reviewed draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority II prepared by Maharashtra PCB. It was decided in the meeting to add in the draft action plans funding details like source, name of scheme, timeline etc for proposed STPs by concern local bodies.

- 3rd Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) convened on 23.01.2019. RRC reviewed and finalised draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I, II, III, IV and V prepared by Maharashtra PCB. RRC also decided to call the local bodies and review the timelines proposed in action plans from time to time.
- Maharashtra PCB submitted 53 draft action plans of polluted river stretches of Priority I, II, III, IV and V to CPCB along with minutes of 2nd & 3rd meeting of RRC and submitted progress report of polluted river stretches to Hon'ble NGT on 31.01.2019.
- CPCB Task Team on Polluted River Stretches called MPCB to give presentation on Action Plan for Priority-I & II polluted river stretches on 12.02.2019. Accordingly, the presentations were reviewed by Task team & few improvements in the action plan were suggested.
- 4th Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) held on 16/02/2019 & it was decided to communicate with Water Resource Department to maintain e-flow in the rivers of Maharashtra adopting good irrigation practices, protection & management of flood plain zone (FPZ), rain water harvesting, ground water charging, planation on both sides of river, Setting up of biodiversity parks on flood plains by removing encroachments and Urban Development department communicated to take necessary steps to provide adequate funds to urban local bodies for installation of sewage treatment & MSW processing facilities in a time bound manner so as to comply with the Hon'ble NGT.
- 5th Meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) held on 25/06/2019. It was decided that Director Environment will communicate with Water Resource Department and Urban Development Department regarding provision of funds in time bound manner for installation of STPs & MSWM facilities. RRC reviewed and approved Action Plans for restoration of polluted river stretches in priority III, IV & V.

Achievable goal:

The objective/goal of the action plan is that the quality of river water should meet with the required value as given under:-

Quality Parameter	Standard to be achieved		
BOD	3.0 mg/l.		
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	More than 5.0 mg/l.		
Faecal Coliform	Less than 500 MPN/100ml.		

1.2 Background

The Penganga River originates in the Ajantha ranges in Aurangabad district in Maharashtra. It then flows through Buldhana & Washim District & flows through border of Washim & Hingoli District. Then it acts as a boundary between Yavatmal and Nanded districts of Maharashtra. The river flows along State border between Maharashtra & Andhra Pradesh before converging into Wardha River near small village called wadha in Wani Tehsil of Yavatmal district. The total length of the river is 676 Km. The main tributaries of the river are Adan, Kas, Arunavati Kayadhu & Pus. The total catchment area of the river upto confluence with river Wardha is about 20,000 Sq. Km. The River is the best source of irrigation to the Washim and Yavatmal districts in Maharashtra. There are two dams being constructed on the river, namely Upper Penganga and Lower Penganga.

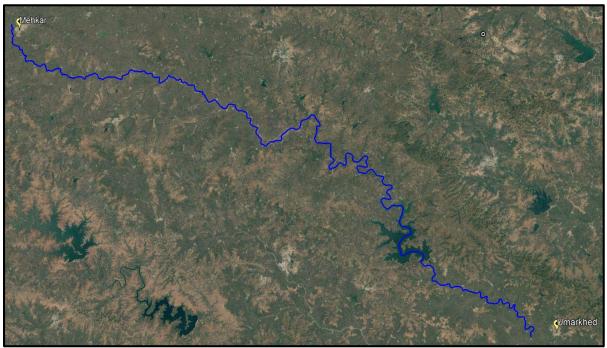


Figure 1 Stretch of Penganga River

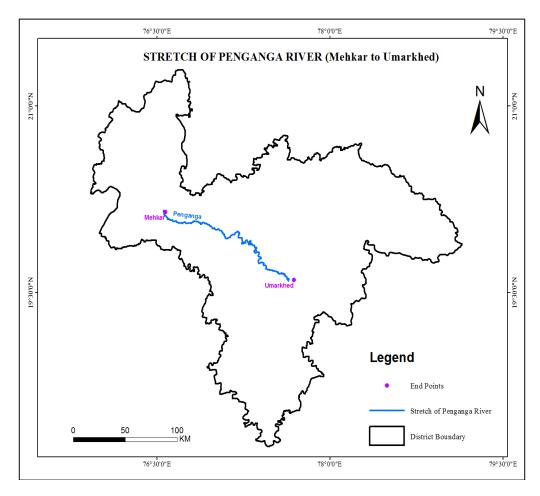


Figure 2 Map Showing Stretch of Penganga River

The river is perennial in nature. The river stretch extends from Mehkar to Umarkhed. The length of the stretch is approximately 7.65 km. The population of Umarkhed is 47,458 as per Census 2011.

The current status of the river as per the monthly sampling conducted between January to December 2018 reveals that water quality of the river falls in Priority IV i.e. max BOD 5.3 mg/l.

Sr. No.	Description of item	Details	
1	Approx. length of stretch	7.65 Km	
	Major Towns located on the bank along with	Local Body	Population
2	Population	Umarkhed	47,458
		Mehkar	37716
3	Stretch of River Perennial or Non Perennial	Perennial	
4	Current status of polluted river stretch (Jan – Dec 2018)	Priority-IV	

Table 1 Introduction of river stretch

1.3 Status of Domestic Sewage Generation and Treatment

Since there is no industries on the bank of the river, the probable source of the pollution is the domestic sewage generated from the city along the river. There are no STPs provided at Umarkhed.

Sr. No.	Name of Local Body	Population (as per 2011 census)	Effluent Generation CMD	Disposal of sewage
	Municipal Council, Mehkar, Dist Buldhana	37716	3016	Direct discharge in to Penganga river without treatment
	Municipal Council, Umarkhed, Dist. Yavatmal	47458	3000	Discharge in to Penganga river though Nalla.

Table 2 Status of Sewage Generation

Table 3 Status of Sewage Treatment Facility

City/ town		Fotal Sewage generation in MLD	Newage	Status (Operational/Non- Operations/Under Construction)	Disposal (land, River, Sea or any other)
Mehkar City	83.27	3.77	0	N.A.	Penganga River
Umarkhed City	3750	3.0	0	N.A.	Penganga River

Table 4 Domestic sewage aspects on the river stretch

Sr.	Particular	Remarks
No		
1	Details of drainage system/sewerage network present/proposed	Municipal Councils proposed to provide drainage network in unsewered area
2	Proposal for utilization of sewage	The Infrastructure Projects are mandated by MPCB to recycle 60% of treated sewage for secondary use by providing duel pipeline. The Local Bodies will be encouraged to reuse treated sewage for various purposes including to Thermal Power Plants wherever possible. e.g. Koradi TPS is receiving 100 MLD of treated sewage from Nagpur city.
3	STP sludge management	STP sludge is disinfected and used as manure.

4	Proposal for ground water recharging/rain water harvesting	 The EC has mandated rainwater harvesting for projects above 20,000 Sq.m. G.S.D.A. is engaged in the development and management of groundwater resources in the State through various schemes. The main aim is to provide safe and potable drinking water to the community. The G.S.D.A. is engaged, in the exploration, development and augmentation of groundwater resources in the State through various schemes. This mainly includes, drilling of bore wells/tube wells under Rural Water Supply Programme, rendering technical guidance under minor irrigation programme by locating suitable dug well sites, strengthening of groundwater sources by water conservation measures, artificial recharge projects for induced groundwater, specific studies related to the periodic status of groundwater availability, protecting the existing groundwater Act etc.
5	Adopting good irrigation practices	Agriculture Department, GoM & Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.
6	Protection and management of Flood Plain Zones (FPZ)	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.
7	Plantation on both sides of the river	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.
8	Setting up of biodiversity parks on flood plains by removing encroachment	Water Resource Department, GoM is requested for implementation.

Table 5 Funding Details for proposed STPs

		Name and	Designed	Fund Allocation Details				Time line for	Target date
Sr. No.	Name of ULB	Address of STP	ss Capacity Source Allocation Utilizat		Utilization status	Present Status of the work	various stages of work Completion	of Completion	
1	Umarkhed Municipal Council	Umarkhed	9.6	State Govern ment	Yet not allocated	Nil	DPR Submitted	DPR submitted to council Dt. 14 Nov. 2018	DPR is sanction Govt. Approval is awaited

1.4 Drains out –falling into River Penganga

Lendhi nallah is a drain that falls into Penganga River. Details of the drain are given in the table below.

Sr. No.	Location	Name of the drain	Discharge (min/max)	Length (km)	Width (m)	Depth (m)
1	Lendhi Nalla Meeting to Painganga River at Umarkhed	Lendhi nalla	Approx. 4.5 MLD	7.65	10.04	0.30

Table 6 Particulars of drains falling into the river

Table 7 Status of Water Quality of the drains

Major Drain	BOD (mg/l)	COD (mg/l)	
Lendhi nalla	3.5	8.0	

1.5 Status of Water Quality

Water quality of River Penganga is assessed at 3 locations. It is observed that Dissolved Oxygen range between 2.5-8.0 mg/1 putting together data of three years (2016-2018) which is not meeting the criteria limit of at least 4 mg/l. The Bio-chemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) varies between 3.0-20.0 mg/l for similar years which is exceeding the desired level of 3 mg/l. The Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) values ranged between 8.0-68.0 mg/l indicating moderate level of industrial pollution. The Fecal and Total Coliform numbers respectively for the years referred are in the range of 11-140 MPN/100ml and 22-920 MPN/100ml indicating significant contribution of untreated sewage. The details of parameter specific concentration are provided in table given below.

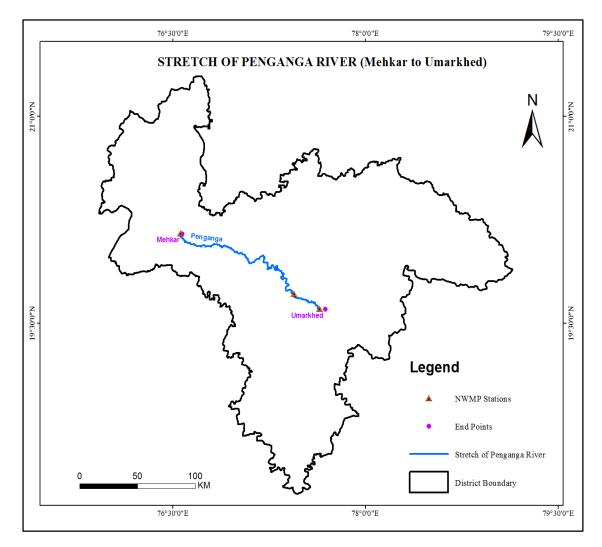


Figure 3 Map Showing NWMP Stations across the Stretch of Penganga River

Month	Year	рН	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN /100ml	TC MPN /100ml	Water Quality Criteria of Bathing
Ionuoru	2017	8	8	5.4			Non Complying
January	2018	7.2	6.9	5.2	35.0	110.0	Non Complying
Eabmaan	2017	8	7.4	5.8			Non Complying
February	2018	7.55	5.5	6.4	46.0	120.0	Non Complying
March	2017	7.7	6	6			Non Complying
March	2018	8.2	4.05	5.3	46.0	120.0	Non Complying
A mmi 1	2017	8.3	5.2	3.8			Non Complying
April	2018	7.4	5.9	5.02	31	84	Non Complying
Max	2017	7	6.6	3.8			Non Complying
May	2018	7.7	6.1	5.1	33.0	79.0	Non Complying
June	2017	7.7	5.9	3.8	17	110	Non Complying

Table 8 Water Quality of Penganga River near water supply scheme of Umarkhed M.C., Village-
Belkhed, District- Yavatmal

	2018	7	5.66	6	33.0	110.0	Non Complying
I.J.	2017	7.3	6.25	3	22	130	Complying
July	2018	6.5	5.9	6.9	22	90.0	Non Complying
August	2017	7.4	6	3.6			Non Complying
August	2018	7.54	6.27	7	22.0	80.0	Non Complying
Santamhar	2017	7.4	6.4	3			Complying
September	2018	7.6	6.32	6	17.0	70.0	Non Complying
October	2017	7.35	5.4	4.6			Non Complying
October	2018	7.8	6.0	5.2	17.0	63.0	Non Complying
November	2017	6.7	6.9	7			Non Complying
November	2018	7.8	5.5	4.3	17.0	63.0	Non Complying
December	2017	6.7	7.2	3.8	17	94	Non Complying
December	2018	8.3	6.4	4.6	14.0	39.0	Non Complying

Table 9 Water Quality of Penganga River D/s of Isapur Dam, Village- Isapur, Taluka- Pusad, District- Yavatmal

Month	Year	рН	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN/100ml	TC MPN/100ml	Water Quality Criteria of Bathing
Ionuoru	2017	8.00	7.9	6.4			Non Complying
January	2018	7.2	6.1	6.4	123.0	280.0	Non Complying
Echemacer	2017	8	7.5	7.0			Non Complying
February	2018	7	5.09	6.9	110.0	350.0	Non Complying
Marah	2017	7.8	6.3	5.8			Non Complying
March	2018	8.17	3.7	6.6	110.0	350.0	Non Complying
A	2017	8.2	6.3	3.6			Non Complying
April	2018	7.28	5.22	6.72	140	350	Non Complying
Mari	2017	7.2	5.20	6.8			Non Complying
May	2018	7.6	5.3	6.6	94.0	280.0	Non Complying
T	2017	7.5	6	5.9	48	350	Non Complying
June	2018	7.2	4.99	7.7	79.0	280.0	Non Complying
T1	2017	7.4	6.00	4.6	220	920	Non Complying
July	2018	6.8	5.3	7.4	110	280.0	Non Complying
A	2017	7.4	6	3.2			Non Complying
August	2018	7.66	5.98	9.1	34.0	280.0	Non Complying
0 / 1	2017	7.8	6.30	3.4			Non Complying
September	2018	8.1	5.24	6.8	34.0	280.0	Non Complying
Ostalian	2017	7.43	6.3	6.4			Non Complying
October	2018	7.5	8.0	4.2	26.0	220.0	Non Complying
N	2017	7.3	5.80	8.2			Non Complying
November	2018	7.4	7.1	5.3	34.0	240.0	Non Complying
Descul	2017	7.3	7.65	3.2	40	170	Non Complying
December	2018	8.2	7.2	5.6	33.0	280.0	Non Complying

Month	Year	рН	DO (mg/L)	BOD (mg/L)	FC MPN /100ml	TC MPN /100ml	Water Quality Criteria of Bathing
Ionuory	2017						
January	2018						
February	2017						
rebruary	2018						
March	2017						
March	2018						
A	2017						
April	2018						
Mari	2017						
May	2018						
Inco	2017						
June	2018						
I.J.	2017						
July	2018						
A	2017	7.3	2.8	20	94	280	Non Complying
August	2018	7.9	4.0	9.6	70	280	Non Complying
Santamhan	2017	8.0	6.0	7.0	110	350	Non Complying
September	2018	7.65	5.8	9.6	34	300	Non Complying
Ostahan	2017	8.1	6.1	3.2	94	280	Non Complying
October	2018	8.1	6.3	4.2	34.0	300	Non Complying
November	2017	7.2	6.1	4.2	110	350	Non Complying
November	2018						
Desember	2017	7.3	5.75	10	94	280	Non Complying
December	2018						

Table 10 Water Quality of Penganga River at Mehkar- Buldana road bridge, Village- Mehkar,District- Buldana

It is observed from the above tables that almost all BOD values recorded at all locations along Penganga river during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018 do not comply with the bathing standard of 3 mg/l. This may be due to non-availability of the dilution water at disposal location in the river bed. The necessary dilution will be achieved by way of discharging necessary water quantum required to maintain e-flow from dam in a periodical manner. The usual water cycle of the release of water is mostly for irrigation and domestic purposes from interval of 21 days to 45 days. The continuous e-flow will be achieved subject to availability of the water in the dam.

Status of Ground Water Quality

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB) regularly monitors the water quality across 250 Water Quality Monitoring Stations (WQMS) for both surface (155 on rivers, 34 on sea/creeks, 10 on drains, 1 dam) and ground water (24 Borewells, 24 Dugwells, 1 Handpumps, 1 Tubewell) under two programs of NWMP (National Water Monitoring Programme) project titled GEMS (Global Environment Monitoring

System) and MINARS (Monitoring of Indian National Aquatic Resources). Surface water samples are monitored every month whereas the ground water samples are monitored every six months.

WQI for ground water

MPCB monitors ground water quality once in six months. Based on the stringency of the parameters and its relative importance in the overall quality of water for drinking purposes each parameter has been assigned specific weightage by CPCB. These weights indicate the relative harmfulness when present in water. Nine parameters (pH, Total Hardness, Calcium Hardness, Magnesium Hardness, Chloride, Total Dissolved Solids, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sulphate) are considered for calculating Water Quality Index of ground water.

Water Quality Index - Ground Water							
WQI	WQI Water Quality						
<50	Excellent						
50-100	Good Water						
100-200	Poor Water						
200-300	Very Poor Water						
>300	Water Unsuitable for drinking						

Table 11 Water Quality Index for 156 locations (surface water & ground water) during January - 2019

WQI Category	WQI	Number of WQI values in different categor		
		No. of WQI	% of WQI	
Good to Excellent	63-100	98	73.68	
Medium to Good	50-63	12	9.02	
Bad	38-50	9	6.77	
Bad to Very Bad	38 and less	14	10.53	
Total WQI values		133	100	

Summary:

- 1. 110 WQI values or 82.70 % values are in category of Good to Excellent and Medium to Good.
- 2. 9 WQI values or 6.77 % are in category of Bad.
- 3. 14 WQI values or 10.53 % are in category of Bad to Very Bad.

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State	MAHARASHTRA	▼ District Y	AVATMAL	7	Show							
state	WARAKASITIKA:	Distict				Quality Pr	ofile For F	TK Testin	α			
S.No.	Block	Block Total Sources Tested		ormat E21- Block Quality Profile For FTK Testing Nos. of Sources with Single Chemical Contaminants						Nos. of Sources with Bacteriological Contaminants	Nos. of Sources with Multiple Contaminants	Nos. of Sources with Other Contaminants
			Contaminated	Iron	Fluoride	Salinity	Nitrate	Arsenic	Other	Faecal Coliform	Containinants	Containinants
	Total	4,919	4,234	C	2	0	103	0	1	2	. 4	
1	Arni	691	544	0	2	0	82	0	0	0	4	
2	Babhulgaon	701	556	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	
3	Darwha	510	458	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
4	Digras	339	315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Ghatanji	197	178	0		0	0	0	0			
6	Kalamb	102	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	Kelapur	0	0	0		0	0	0	0			
8	Mahagaon	438	388	0		0	0	0	0			
9	Maregaon	46	41	0		0	0	0	0			
10	Ner	293	273	0		0	0	0	0			
11	Pusad	0	0	0		0	0	0	0			
12	Ralegaon	0	0	0		0	0	0	0			
13	Umarkhed	271	240	0		0	0	0	0	0		
14	Wani	346	317	0		0	0	0	0			
15	Yavatmal	661	580	0		0	0	0	0	0		
16	Zari Jamni	324	259	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
	Total	4,919	4,234	c	2	0	103	0	1	2	4	

Table 12 Ground water quality in Yavatmal District

1.6 Status of Industrial Effluent Generation and Treatment

As the major industrial estates in this region consists of small scale industries having less water pollution potential and there is no direct industrial discharge into nearby rivers. However all water polluting industries located in major industrial estate provided effluent treatment plant and treated industrial effluent used on land for gardening purposes. Isolated major water polluting industries have provided their own industrial effluent treatment plants and treated effluent being utilized on land for irrigation and no discharge of industrial effluent noticed into rivers.

Sr No	Particulars	Remarks
1	Particulars of Industries in Catchment area	02 Industries
2	No. of Directions issued to Industries	Nil
3	Total water consumption and total industrial effluent generation	Total water consumption: 0.032 MLD Total effluent generation: 0.0214 MLD
4	No. of industries having captive ETPs and their treatment capacity in MLD	2 effluent generating industries have captive ETPs and total capacity of the captive ETPs is 0.0214 MLD
5	No. of CETPs existing in the catchment of the polluted river stretch and the treatment capacity	No CETP provided
6	No. of Industries that are members of the CETPs	NA

Table 13 Particulars of Industries situated in Umarkhed Taluka

7	Gaps in treatment of industrial effluent	Nil
8	OCEMS installation Status by Industries	Nil
9	Status of Hazardous Waste Generation and Treatment	Hazardous waste generation during the year 2017-18 in SRO Chandrapur: 766.2 MT Quantity of HW recycled: 10.1 MT Quantity of HW disposed in secured landfill: 467 MT Quantity of HW disposed through incinerator: 245 MT

- No. of Orange Category Industries: All 3 units are stone crushers.
- Industries without Consents/Authorization: Nil
- No. of Directions issued to Industries for violation of the provisions: Nil
- Industry-wise total water consumption and the waste water generation and mode of disposal: reuse for cooling & remaining on land for irrigation.
- There is no CETP in the jurisdiction.
- No. of CETPs existing in the catchment of the polluted river stretch and the treatment capacity: Nil
- OCEMS installation Status by Industries and the Gaps in treatment of industrial effluent: 0

To monitor compliance of Consent conditions, performance of ETP, ECS and other measures, the Board officials inspect industries regularly. There are 489 industries identified under "Highly Polluting Industries". Table 5.33 shows region-wise details of these highly polluting industries.

Industry	Amra vati	Aurang abad	Chandr apur	Kaly an	Kolha pur	Mum bai	Nag pur	Nas hik	Navi Mum bai	Pu ne	Raig ad	Tha ne	Gra nd Tot al
Cement	-	-	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
Distillery	1	15		-	17	-	1	22	-	36	-	-	92
Dyes and Dye- intermedia tes	-	-	2	3	2	-	1	-	1	-	7	2	18
Fertilizer	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	4	-	1	3	-	13
Integrated Iron and Steel	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	1	2	-	9
Oil Refinery	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Pesticide	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	1	3	-	3	3	16
Pharmace uticals	-	13	-	12	4	-	-	2	15	9	14	23	92

 Table 14 Highly Polluting Industries as on 31/3/2018.

Pulp & Paper	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Sugar	1	55	2	-	41	-	5	35	-	63	-	-	202
Tannery		1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1
Thermal Power Plant	2	1	7	-	2	1	12	3	-	-	-	1	29
Petro- chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	6
Grand Total	5	87	18	16	73	4	25	67	20	11 1	34	29	489

1.7 Waste Management

1.7.1 Solid Waste Management

In the state of Maharashtra there are total 271 local bodies, comprising of 27 Municipal Corporations, 16-'A' Class Municipal Council, 54- 'B' Class Municipal Council, 154- 'C' Class Municipal Council, 14-Nagar Panchayat, 06-Cantonment Board generating about 22897.83 MT of municipal solid waste every day, of which the Contribution in terms of percentage by the corporation is 84.72 %, by A class council is 4.25 %, by B class council is 5.04 %, by C Class Council is 5.07 % and by Others is 0.96 %. The overall percentage of treatment is 34.70 % i.e. 7945.544 MT/day quantity is treated and the remaining is disposed in an unscientific manner. Out of 27 Municipal corporations, 24 Corporations have obtained Authorization from MPCB for 22 Nos of approved sites having processing & disposal facilities and same are in operations. 109 Nos. of Municipal Councils having partially processing & disposal facilities.

Total generation of MSW from Umarkhed Municipal Council is about 21 MT/day. Total quantity of MSW treated is 16.8 MT/day. The MSW generated is treated by vermicomposting.

1.7.2 Bio-medical waste Management

Total Bio-medical waste generation in SRO Chandrapur is 716 kg/day. 165 kg/day waste is collected, transported and treated at CBMWTSDF located at Tuppa, Nanded. The CBMWTSDF has installed capacity of Incinerator 100 Kg/Hr, shredder with installed capacity of 100 kg/hr and Autoclave with installed capacity of 50 litre/cycle.

1.7.3 E-Waste management

- Maharashtra Pollution Control Board awarded work order to M/s. IRG Systems South Asia Pvt. Ltd. to carry out inventorisation of E-Waste generation in the State of Maharashtra.
- Interim inventorisation report is submitted to MPCB and final report will be ready within one month.
- As per the Interim inventory report submitted to MPCB, the E-Waste generation for the year 2015 is approx. 6,46,509 MT.
- Number of authorized dismantlers/ recyclers in the state of Maharashtra

Present Status of E-Waste dismantling and recycling capacity

1	E-Waste Dismantlers	70	
2	E-waste Recyclers	08	77525 MTA
	Total	78	

- E-Waste Treated (Recycled/Dismantled)
 - Year 2015-16 : 4041.72 MT
 - Year 2016-17 : 6720.69 MT
 - Year 2017-18 : 7031.5 MT
- CPCB has approved EPR of 261 producers for Maharashtra. The list of the producers is enclosed here.
- Annual report for the year 2017-18 is submitted.

Action Taken by MPCB

- MPCB is undertaking regular monitoring of EPR Authorization conditions and regular inspection of the collection points/ centers mentioned in EPR Plan.
- MPCB has issued Directions u/s 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 read with E-waste (Management) Rules, 2016 to all Municipal Corporations in Maharashtra on 06/12/2018 for provision of collection centres.
- Co-ordination with Various State Government Departments
- Co-ordination with Urban Local Bodies (Municipal Committee /Council /Corporation).
- Awareness through Public Notice

Constraints:

- Channelization E-waste from informal sector to formal sector.
- Awareness about impact of E-waste on Environment and Rules of E-waste is required.
- Authorized collections and Segregation centers are required to be established by Local Bodies.

1.7.4 Hazardous Waste Management

The state of Maharashtra has four Common Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facilities. These facilities are located at MIDC Taloja, Trans-Thane Creek Industrial Area, MIDC Ranjangaon, Pune and MIDC Butibori, Nagpur. These facilities collectively handle 340,847 MT of Hazardous waste per annum.

There are 24 Hazardous waste generating industries in Yavatmal District. These industries generated about 16.37 MT of Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. The HW from SRO Chandrapur district is scientifically disposed through CHWTSDF at Maharashtra Enviro Power Ltd., MIDC, Butibori, Dist. Nagpur having capacity – Landfill –60,000 MT/A and Incinerable – 3 TPH.

Out of the 16.37 MT generation in 2017-18, 13 MT was Landfillable, 3 MT was Incinerable and 0.37 MT was Recyclable.

Sr. No	Particular	Remarks				
1	Total MSW	Total generation of MSW – 21 MT/day				
1	Generation	Total quantity of Untreated MSW – 16.8 MT/day				
2	Existing MSW treatment and disposal facilities	16.8 MT/day MSW treated by vermicomposting				
		Hospitals are joined to CBMWTSDF-PASCCO Environmental				
3	Bio-medical waste	Solution ltd.				
5	Management	Total generation: 716 kg/day				
		collection and treatment: 165 kg/day				
4	E-Waste management	E-waste generated by industries is sent to MPCB authorized E-waste				
т	L-waste management	reprocessor.				
5	Hazardous Waste Management	 There are 24 Hazardous waste generating industries in SRO Chandrapur. These industries generated about 16.37 MT of Hazardous waste in year 2017-18. The HW from SRO Chandrapur is scientifically disposed through CHWTSDF - Maharashtra Enviro Power Ltd., MIDC, Butibori, Dist. Nagpur 				
		• CHWTSDF capacity – Landfill – 60,000 MT/A Incineration – 3 TPH				

Table 15 Status of Waste Management in SRO Chandrapur

1.8 Dream Project of Government of Maharashtra (GOM), Namami Chandrabhaga

GOM, has announced Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan on 18/03/2016 in the Budgetary Assembly Session of 2016-17. Namami Chandrabhaga is an initiative taken to revive and rejuvenate the river Chandrabhaga and to restore its historic glory. Considering the religious, social and economic importance of the river Chandrabhaga, the Government of Maharashtra has decided to prepare a comprehensive plan for cleaning of the river on the lines of 'Namami Gange'. Hon'ble Finance Minister, GOM, directed to issue the GR about finalization of working System of the Abhiyan, vide letter dt. 07/04/2016. The aim of the Namami Chandrabhaga Abhiyan is to make the Chandrabhaga river pollution free and conserve its purity and sanctity up to year 2022 and others are as mentioned below:

- > To maintain the permanent minimum continuous flow of water in the river bed.
- > To construct weirs in the river bed for maintaining water level.
- > To maintain & keep minimum environmental flow of water.

- To make available sufficient public bathrooms & toilets as well as mobile bio-toilets to the publics during Pandharpur yatras.
- ➤ To install STP's for treatment of domestic wastes and scientific disposal facilities for solid waste generated from the villages & cities located on the bank of Chandrabhaga river.
- > To carry out the beautification & forestation of river banks.
- To make reuse/recycle of treated industrial water generated from the industries and industrial estates located in the catchment area of Chandrabhaga river.
- > As per the local need to work for public participation and development of pilgrimage area.

"Namami Chandrabhaga Pradhikaran"

Established under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Chief Minister, GoM & Co-Chairmanship of Hon'ble Finance Minister, GoM, having Divisional Commissioner, Pune as Member Secretary.

"High Power Committee"

Established under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Chief Secretary, GoM of Maharashtra having Divisional Commissioner, Pune as Member Secretary.

In this context, the Government has identified CSIR National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (CSIR-NEERI) as 'Nodal Technical Expert Agency' the project. Bhima river originates in Bhimashankar in Pune district. But when it reaches Pandharpur, it appears like a crescent moon, thus deriving the name Chandrabhaga. It flows in a 370-km stretch between Pune and Solapur districts. CSIR-NEERI was already involved by the Maharashtra Government to provide technological solutions for sanitation and sewage treatment at important cities and pilgrim centers like Nashik and Pandharpur. Furthermore, is retained CSIR-NEERI for technological interventions during the execution of the Project 'Namami Chandrabhaga'. The Maharashtra Government intends to cleanse and make the holy river Chandrabhaga pollution free by the year 2022.

Similarly, on the line of Namami Chandrabhaga Maharashtra Government is in process of undertaking various projects for clean-up of other rivers in the State.

1.9 Involvement of Civil Society/Creation of awareness

For sustainable development it is necessary to promote and create environmental awareness among communities, businesses and governments. Therefore the Board organizes various environmental awareness programs across the State of Maharashtra. During the year 2017-18 the following programs on environmental awareness were conducted by the Board.

Month		Subject	Details
22nd	and April World Earth Day		Public awareness messages published in leading newspapers
2017			namely Dainik Samna, Sakaal, Divya Marathi, Loksatta, Indian

				Express, Lokmat, Maharashtra Times of India, DNS, Hindustan
				Times and Midday on the occasion of World Earth Day.
5th	June	World	Environment	The main event was organized at the Yashwantrao Chavan
2017			ebration	Auditorium, Mumbai on 5th June, 2017 on occasion of World
		2		Environment Day. Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Shri
				Devendra Fadnavis, Hon'ble Minister of Environment, Shri
				Ramdas Kadam and Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P.
				Anbalagan attended this event. During this event, award
				ceremony for Vasundhara Award competition organized for
				industries, municipal corporations and CETPs was carried out.
				On the occasion of World Environment Day, Vasundhara Short
				Film Competition based on the environment was announced by
				Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra at the main event. This
				competition will be organized for professionals as well as
				amateurs.
				During this event, the award ceremony for Photothon 2017 took
				place. This ceremony was presented by Member Secretary of
				MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan. Villages which had participated in the
				water conservation activity 'Jalsanvardhan Panchayat - Ek Lok
				Chalwal' organized by Maharashtra Pollution Control Board,
				Vanrai Pune and Zee 24 Taas were awarded at the hands of
				Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra for their exceptional
				performance. During this event, a short film festival related to
				the environment was organized for three days at Yashwantrao
				Chavan Centre, Mumbai with assistance from Enviro-Vigil and
				as a joint effort by MPCB and Environment Department,
				Government of Maharashtra. A large number of
				environmentalists attended this festival. At this time, discussion
				sessions with directors, producers, environment experts and
				analysts were also organized.



Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister, GoM lighting the lamp during inauguration of the World Environment Day program held at Y. B. Chavan Auditorium, Mumbai on 5th June 2017. Hon'ble Shri Ramdasji Kadam, Minister for Environment, GoM, Shri Sumit Mallik (IAS), Chief Secretary, GoM and Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary graced the occasion with their august presence.



On the eve of World Environment Day on 5th June 2017, Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister, GoM giving away Vasundhara Awards to the entrepreneurs who have introduced best environment-friendly practices in their industry, at Y. B. Chavan Auditorium, Mumbai.

5th	June	World	Environment	On the occasion of World Environment Day (5th June, 2017)
2017		Day		public awareness messages were published in Maharashtra
				Times, Time of India, Loksatta, Indian Express, DNA,
				Hindustan Times, Midday (Gujarati, Urdu and English),
				Lokmat, Dainik Sakaal, Samna, Divya Marathi and in other
				leading newspapers. Information about various control

				measures adopted for pollution control was published in this
				section on behalf of MPCB.
5th	June	World	Environment	On the occasion of World Environment Day (5th June, 2017)
2017		Day		public awareness programs related to the environment, canvas
		-		paintings with messages about the environment, brainstorming
				on public awareness and various other activities were organized
				by We Love India on 5th June, 2017 at Bandra. Famous movie
				artists, sportspersons and Hon'ble Environment Minister for
				State were present during these activities.
4th	July	'Paryay	aranachi	An environmental public awareness campaign namely
2017	•	Vaari	Pandharichya	'Paryavaranachi Vaari Pandharichya Daari' was organized on
		Daari'	2	the occasion of Aashadhi Ekadashi and the foot pilgrimage to
				Pandharpur. As environmental issues are equally detrimental to
				urban and rural areas, fundamental messages such as plastic
				waste removal, proper use of water, electricity and natural
				resources, use of limited electrical power for agriculture, use of
				organic fertilizers, proper waste management of wet waste and
				dry waste were spread among the 10 lakh devotees who had
				gathered for the Pandharpur pilgrimage. These messages were
				made public through folk art, popularly known as Kirtan,
				Bharud, and Povada. In this 15 day long pilgrimage, Sangeet
				Natak Academy award winner, Smt. Chandabai Tiwari, famous
				Shahir Shree Devanand Mali and Hari Bhakta Parayan Shri
				Dnyaneshwar Maharaj Wabale created public awareness
				through Bharud, Povada and Kirtan respectively. This year's
				Pandharpur pilgrimage was inaugurated at Pune by Hon'ble
				Minister of State of Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam.
				Honorable dignitaries such as Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr.
				P. Anbalagan and Hon'ble Mayor of Pune were present at this
				event. Guidance for this pilgrimage was sought from Dr.
				Prakash Khandge, a well-known researcher of folk arts. The
				conclusion of this pilgrimage was organized on the eve of
				Aashadhi Ekadashi in the presence of Hon'ble Chief Minister,
				Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Mrs. Amruta Fadnavis, Cabinet
				Minister (Solapur), Shri Vijay Deshmukh, Minister of Water
				and Sanitation, Shri Babanrao Lonikar, Senior Cabinet Minister,
				Shri Mahadev Jankar, Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P.
				Anbalagan and other honorable dignitaries.



Hon'ble Shri Devendra Fadnavis, Chief Minister addressing pilgrims on the eve of environment public awareness campaign at Pandharpur on 4th July 2017, in the presence of Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary, GoM.

18	1 5	
August 2017	92.7 Big FM Big	The Big Green Ganesha activity was co-organized by 92.7 Big
	Green Ganesha	FM and MPCB in the city of Mumbai. During this activity, the
		Big Green Ganesha van encouraged citizens at various locations
		to celebrate an eco-friendly Ganesh festival and to donate
		newspaper scrap for the even. During Ganesh festival a special
		studio was set up at Lalbaghcha Raja in Mumbai city for 10
		days. At this time, Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra,
		Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Hon'ble State Minister for
		Environment and film celebrities spread messages for public
		awareness.
August 2017	Zee 24 Taas Eco-	The Household Eco-friendly Ganesh Festival Competition was
	Friendly Household	organized at the state level as a joint venture by MPCB and Zee
	Ganesh Festival	24 Taas. This competition has a large number of participants.
	Competition	Citizens celebrating household in a unique way had participated
		in this competition from all over the state. Response to this
		competition has been increasing over the years.
August 2017	ABP Maza Eco-	A special public awareness campaign regarding celebrating an
	Friendly Ganesh	eco-friendly Ganesh festival in housing societies in major cities
	Festival Competition	in the State was organized by MPCB and ABP Maza, a news
		channel. News about eco-friendly Ganesh festival celebrated in
		housing societies at cities such as Mumbai, Pune, Nashik and
		Nagpur was broadcast through the channel. Special programs on
		eco-friendly Ganesh festival celebrations at housing societies
		were also broadcast on the ABP Maza television channel. Well-
		known celebrities from Marathi film industry, Sayali Sanjeev
		and Rushi Saxema advertised the competition organized for
		celebrating an eco-friendly Ganesh festival through promos.

August 2017	Household Eco- Friendly Ganesh Festival Competition 2017 organized by Loksatta and MPCB.	 Winners in this competition were awarded certificates by MPCB and Prasad. Public relations officer of MPCB was present at this time. These celebrities visited MPCB's Mantralaya. Special news regarding the event was broadcast by ABP Maza television channel. Eco-friendly household Ganesh festival decoration competition was organized jointly by MPCB and Loksatta at 6 divisions of Loksatta newspaper at Mumbai, Pune, Nashik, Nagpur, Ahmednagar and Aurangabad. More than 2000 people competed in this event. Prize distribution of this competition took place at Yashwantrao Chavan Pratishthan at the hands of Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri Ramdas Kadam, State Minister for Environment, Shri Pravin Pote-Patil and Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan. A special column regarding this event was published in all editions of Loksatta newspaper
August 2017	Eco-Friendly Ganesh Festival UFO Digital Movies financial assistance.	newspaper. Public awareness messages by celebrities from Marathi and Hindi film industry were publicized at 205 digital theatres by UFO Digital Movies for two weeks to promote an eco-friendly Ganesh festival.
August 2017		To celebrate an environment friendly Ganesh festival, eco- friendly Ganesh idols based on the five natural elements were installed in selected malls in Mumbai city on behalf of the MPCB and DNA. MPCB played the role of co-convener in this campaign organized by DNA. Prominent celebrities from the Hindi film industry participated in this campaign.
August 2017	Financial assistance for public awareness activity, Times Green Ganesha.	Eco-Green Ganesha competition was organized jointly by Environment Department of MPCB, Government of Maharashtra and Times of India group for public Ganesh festival organizations and housing societies in Mumbai and Pune. During this campaign, public awareness activities were conducted in various malls, movie theatres and colleges. Eco- friendly Ganesh festival workshops were conducted for school students. Various activities and cleanliness campaigns were conducted by college students for the eco-friendly Ganesh ambassador during Ganesh idol immersion at Girgaon Chowpati, Juhu beach and Versova beach at Mumbai. This campaign was launched by popular actor, Vidyut Jammwal and Hollywood Director, Chuck Russel at Lala Lajpat Rai College. A special film for public awareness had been created by Times group for this campaign. A dedicated column for this campaign

		was published for 10 consecutive days in the newspaper, Times					
		of India.					
August 2017	Eco-Ganesha Public	Eco-friendly public Ganesh festival was organized at Mumbai,					
	awareness campaign	Pune and Aurangabad with assistance from the newspaper,					
	organized by Dainik	Dainik Samna. The prize distribution event was conducted in the					
	Samna and MPCB.	presence of Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri					
		Ramdasbhai Kadam and Member Secretary, MPCB, Dr. P.					
		Anbalagan.					



Hon'ble Shri Ramdasji Kadam, Minister for Environment, GoM giving away prizes to the participants on the eve of Eco-friendly Ganesha Public awareness campaign in the presence of Dr. P. Anbalagan (IAS), Member Secretary, MPCB

August 2017	Public awareness	Public awareness message of 'Celebrate a pollution-free Diwali'				
	messages about eco-	by Hon'ble Chief Minister, Hon'ble Minister for Environment				
	friendly Ganesh	and Hon'ble State Minister for Environment were displayed on				
	festival displayed on	bus stops in Mumbai city for a period of 15 days.				
	Times OOH BEST					
	bus stop shelters.					
August 2017	Eco-friendly Dahi	Eco Friendly Dahi Handi Festival 2017 was organized in				
	Handi 2017.	association with IDEAL Book Company and MPCB. In this				
		program, anti-noise pollution awareness rally was organized by				
		famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus				
		Service of Best Transport Service. Notable film and TV				
		celebrities were present at this rally. On the eve of Dahi Handi,				
		this rally was organized in the presence of street-play celebrities				
		in Dadar, Lalbagh area. Eco-friendly Dahi Handi was smashed				
		in the presence of young celebrities from Zee TV and ETV. At				
		the time, in front of Chhabildas High School in Dadar, the noise-				



Anti-noise pollution awareness rally on the eve of Dahi-handi (Gopalkala) festival was organized with participation of famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus Service of Best Transport Service in the month of August 2017.



Anti-noise pollution awareness rally on the eve of Dahi-handi (Gopalkala) festival was organized with participation of famous Marathi film industry celebrities on the Open Deck Bus Service of Best Transport Service in the month of August 2017.

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October	Public Awareness	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free			
2017	message for Diwali	Diwali' by celebrities from the film industry was broadcast by			
	on television.	the television channels Zee 24 Taas, ABP Maza, IBN Lokmat,			
		Star Pravah, Mi Marathi, TV9 Maharashtra, Saam TV, Jay			
		Maharashtra and Maharashtra One.			

October	Public Awareness	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free						
2017	message for Diwali	Diwali' was broadcast on leading FM Radio channels in the						
2017	on FM radio.	State.						
October	Diwali Bus Stop	A public awareness message saying 'Celebrate a pollution-free						
2017	messages in Mumbai,	Diwali' by Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Hon'ble						
2017	Pune and Nagpur.	Minister for Environment and Hon'ble State Minister for						
	r une une raspur.	Environment were displayed on bus stops in the cities						
		Mumbai, Nagpur and Pune for a period of 15 days.						
October	Pollution-free Diwali	Pollution-free Diwali Resolution Campaign Pledge 2017 was						
2017	Resolution Campaign	organized at Mantralaya to promote celebration of a pollution-						
	Pledge 2017.	free Diwali. A pollution-free Diwali was pledged by students						
		from schools and colleges from the entire State in the presence						
		of Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Shri Devendra						
		Fadnavis. Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Shri Ramdas						
		Kadam, Hon'ble Minister of Water Resources & Irrigation, Shri						
		Girish Mahajan, Hon'ble State Tourism Minister, Shri						
		Jaykumar Rawal, Hon'ble Additional Chief Secretary of						
		Environment Department, Shri Satish Gavai, Hon'ble Chairman						
		of Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Shri Milind Mhaiskar						
		and Hon'ble Member Secretary of MPCB, Dr. P. Anbalagan						
		attended this event. Students from various colleges in Mumbai						
		also attended this event. Live telecast of this event was broadcast						
		on leading news channels in the State. News about this event						
		was published in leading newspapers in the State.						
Marc 2018	Eco-Friendly Holi.	From the last few years, the widespread public awareness						
		campaigns organized by Maharashtra Pollution Control Board						
		to promote the celebration of an eco-friendly Holi have been						
		receiving an increasing response. This year on behalf of the						
		MPCB, eco-friendly colours were distributed for free to						
		employees and officers from MPCB, Hon'ble Ministers from						
		Mantralaya, Hon'ble Secretaries, Hon'ble Chairman, Hon'ble						
		Speaker and Members of Legislative Assembly and Legislative						
		Councils. Messages to promote the celebration of an eco-						
		friendly Holi were broadcast on television and radio channels.						

1.10 Greenery Development Plan of Forest Department, Government of Maharashtra

Government of Maharashtra has been instrumental in increasing tree and forest cover all over the State. GOM through its Forest Department has announced The Plantation Program in 2016 with the aim of planting 2Crore trees on 1st July 2016 was a resounding success with the final total reported figure of 2.82Crore saplings planted on a single day. After the successful implementation of 2Crore plantation program on 1st July, 20 16, the Government of Maharashtra has designed the 50Crore plantation program for 3 consecutive years viz. 4Crore, 13Crore and 33Crore for 2017, 2018 and 2019 respectively. 10% Bamboo, mangrove and medicinal plantation is also incorporated in this plantation drive.

In the Second Phase, though the target was of 4Crore plantation from 1st to 7th July, 2017, actually 5.43Crore seedlings were planted due to overwhelming response of Government employees and people at large. These saplings programs are driven with the involvement of 33 Government Departments along with Students of Schools and Colleges, NSS, NCC, CSR, NGOs, Railways, National Highways, Defense, NABARD and other stakeholders of Society.

"Limca Book of World Records" has taken cognizance of these remarkable achievements of Forest Department relating to plantation in 2016 and 2017 and felicitated with certificates. Thus Maharashtra is the first State in India who acquired the place three years consequently in "Limca Book of Records".

In the Third Phase, against the target of 13Crore plantation in 2018 between the period from 1st to 31st July 2018 we could plant 15.88Crore trees, again exceeding the said target. The response of the public was overwhelming.

GoM continued this good work for the protection, enrichment and secure environment through various Schemes and Programs. In the Fourth Phase, the year 2019 represents the most significant and important step in completing this Mission of 50 crore plantation. In this year it was intended to plant 33Crore saplings throughout Maharashtra. Preparation and Planning for the success of this year's target have been initiated from 3rd August, 2018 i.e. immediately after completion of 13Crore Plantation Program. Forest Officials along with Revenue machinery and all administrative departments are working extremely hard with the active support of all sections of the society. The details of this 2 Crore, 4Crore, 13Crore & 33Crore plantation program are attached as Annexure I, II, III & IV respectively.

In an attempt to boost conservation and protection of forests and wild life in Maharashtra, the State Forest Department has launched a drive aimed at roping in citizens to help the department in their massive 50Crore trees plantation drive. A dedicated website greenarmy.mahaforest.gov.in has been developed for registration of individuals and organizations as member of Green Army. Till now around 60 lakh members have been registered and we hope we could cross the 1Crore membership in near Future.

For maintaining the transparency, accountability and credibility, all the data relating to site selection for plantation with Geo-Tagging, development of Nurseries, digging of pits, availability of manpower, actual plantation and survival of the trees planted etc. is uploaded on the Digital Platform of Forest Department so that people can access the data at any given point of time. This has helped to build confidence amongst the people and their ever increasing participation in the plantation programme.

For the registration of plantation by the individuals, private NGOs and other stakeholders of society the mobile application called "My Plants" has been developed. Similarly, the programs like "Saplings at the Door Step", "Digital visibility on social media", "publicity campaign" are being implemented for greater public participation.

In Marathwada region of the State having low forest cover, a dedicated "Eco-Battalion" has been established at Aurangabad for tree plantation and its protection under the Defense Ministry of GIO considering establishing two more companies of this force at Beed & Latur.

The Forest Department is trying its level its level best to increase the Forest and Tree cover in the State by various innovative ideas by involvement of people in the plantation & its protection especially on Non-Forest areas as forest area is limited. Massive tree plantation program in urban & rural areas under the scheme "Nurturing Trees is Worshiping Nature" has been launched by the Govt. in line with Ranmala Village in Khed Taluka of Pune District.

The Tree based Agriculture under Mahatma Gandhi National rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MG-NREGS) Kanya Van Samruddhi Yojana, Bhausaheb Phundkar Horticulture Plantation Programme in coordination with Agriculture Department, Sericulture Plantation in coordination with Textile Department, Riverside Plantation are some of scheme initiated for increasing green cover in the Non-Forest areas.

- Status report on Forest for 2017 at all India level has been published by "Forest survey of India" in February 2018 vis-a-vis status of forest & related sectors in 2015. As far as Maharashtra is concerned the findings are as follows:
- Tree cover on non-forest area has increased by 273Km.sq Maharashtra is a leading state
- Mangrove cover has increased by 82Km.sq Maharashtra is a leading state
- Water bodies in forest areas has gone up by 432 km.sq Maharashtra is having higher rank
- Increase in the bamboo plantation area by 4462 km.sq Eventually Maharashtra is placed highest in the country.

1.11 Plan for Restoration of Water Quality

Table 16 Time Bound Action Plan to improve water quality for Penganga River

Sr. No.	Target/Action Plan Expected	Agency / Organization	Duration	
1	Provide STP for treatment of sewage generation form towns along the river stretch to avoid contamination of River	Municipal Councils of Umarkhed & Mehkar	3 Years	
2	Provide MSW treatment Facility in the villages/towns located on the bank of river to avoid contamination of River	Municipal Councils of Umarkhed & Mehkar	1 Year	
3	To stop bathing in river water & open defecation at bank of river. proper disposal of human excreta and sewage	Local Body & Police Department.	2-3 Month	
4	Installation of In-Situ nalla Clean-up to avoid entering of untreated sewage into the river	Municipal council	6 Months	

Proposed plans for maintaining e-flow: River flows only in Monsoon season & whenever dam water is released. The amount water released from dam is such that, will not over flow form next weir at the downstream.

Recommendations

- 1. Water from municipal councils and corporation is discharging domestic sewage into nearby rivers directly or indirectly without any treatment & thus deteriorating wholesomeness of river water quality. Provision of Sewage treatment system to avoid pollution into the river.
- 2. Total sewerage generated from nearby Municipal council area shall stop from passing in to the Penganga River.
- 3. All the sewerage generated from the locality shall be collected by closed pipeline and after proper treatment shall be used for irrigation in the nearby area.
- 4. Agricultural runoff
 - a. Care should be taken to restrict the entry of banned chemical pesticides on the market.
 - b. Agriculture department and MPCB should take necessary actions to control the use of chemicals in the fields.
 - c. Awareness should be created among the farmers on the use of chemicals in the fields.
- 5. Treated water shall be reused for gardening, irrigation or any other purpose so as to reduce overall water consumption
- 6. Installation of In-Situ Nallah clean-up System so as to avoid entry of untreated sewage into river.
- 7. All domestic sewage should be properly treated and its entry into river water should be prevented. The treatment can be carried out as follows:
 - a. For small villages (population less than 1000) -- root zone technology, phytoremediation techniques can be used.
 - b. For small villages or municipal councils (Population 1000 to 10000) underground drainage system (100%) can be developed.
 - c. For towns and cities (Population more than 10000) underground drainage system (100%) can be developed.
- 8. Treatment of sewage using eco-friendly technologies like using phytorid technology. It is a technology to improve water quality with the use of locally available plant species, with minimum or no energy utilization and low maintenance.
- 9. Human activities like cloth washing, vehicle washing & animals washing disposal deteriorating the river water quality shall be prohibited.
- 10. Proper collection & treatment of solid waste from the councils shall be practiced & dumping of same shall be prohibited.
- 11. Installation of online monitoring system for water quality & GIS platform for creating & maintaining database.
- 12. To conduct Environment Awareness program for resident of villagers on the bank of rivers through NGO & other agencies.

Activities/Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Reconnaissance Survey							
Water Quality Sampling							
Preparation of Action Plan							
Propose and Execution Setting up of STP at Umarkhed & Mehkar							
Augmentation of River Flow if any and restoration of water quality							

Table 17 Timelines for Implementation of Restoration Plan