Executive summary of Draft EIA report

Proposed Expansion of CI/SG Iron Casting of Cylinder Liners from 2450 MT/M to 5633 MT/M

At Plot No. K-10, Additional MIDC, Village Kodoli, Dist. Satara.

M/s. Cooper Corporation Private Limited

Environmental Consultant and Laboratory



Solutions for Sustainable Tomorrow

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Executive Summary

1 Introduction

M/s. Cooper Corporation Private Ltd (CCPL) located at Plot No K-10 at Additional MIDC, Village Kodoli, Satara Maharashtra is proposing expansion of existing CI/SG Iron Casting of Cylinder Liners from 2450 MT/M to 5633 MT/M. At the K10 unit, the industry currently operates a CI/SG iron foundry with three induction melting furnaces, providing a total melting capacity of 2,450 MT per month. The industry's machine shop produces 2,600,000 no. of cylinder liners annually. Further industry proposes to expand its melting capacity to 5633 MT/M by adding four more induction melting furnaces from another unit (Plot No. L3 Unit, Kodoli, Additional MIDC, Satara) which is 1.0 km away from expansion site.

Industry has obtained consent to operate for 2450 MT/M of production of cylinder liner vide format no. 1.0/APAE Section /UAN No. 0000132321/CR/2207001098 dated 22/07/2023 valid upto 30.06.2024. Industry has applied for renewal of Consent vide MPCB-CONSENT-0000207220 Dated 23.04.2024.

2 Project Location

The proposed project will be located at plot No K-10 at Additional MIDC, Village Kodoli, Satara Maharashtra. Unit is geographically located at Latitude 17°39'16.05"N & Longitude 74°2'23.14"E situated around 705 m above MSL.

The land requirement for proposed industry unit is already in possession. Proposed expansion will be within existing factory premises. There are no Tropical Forest, Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wild Life Sanctuary and Coral Formation Reserves within 10 km Influence Zone. However, Yavateshwar village mentioned in Western Ghats ESZ notification is falling in 10 km radius of the project site. Janai Malai Reserve forest patches near the project area. The proposed project is in MIDC area has better connectivity as through MIDC road networks.



Figure 1 Google image of the plot boundary



Figure 2 Master Layout

The Environmental Settings within the Study Area is given below

#	Particulars	Description
4	Project Location	Latitude 17°39'17.38"N
1.	Geo-Coordinates	Longitude 74° 2'23.82"E
2.	Toposheet number	47G/14, 47K/12
2		Khindwadi village @ 0.26 km towards ESE direction
3.	Impact Habitation	Karandwadi village @ 0.86 km towards ESE direction
4.	Nearest town	Satara @ 2.96 km towards NE direction
5.	Nearest Railway Station/ Junction	Satara Railway Station @ 4.30 km towards NE direction
6.	Nearest Airport	No any airport in 10 km radius of the project site
7.	Nearest IMD station	Satara MET station: 5.49 km towards NNW
		Krishna River : 3.060 km towards NE direction
0	Nearest Water body	Urmodi River @ 5.03 km towards SW direction
δ.		Canal @ 1.21 km towards NE
		Venna river @ 6.41km towards NNW direction
9.	Nearest Road	Degaon Rd. @ 0.26 km towards NE direction
10.	Nearest Highway	NH 48 @ 2.65 km towards Western direction
	Any Historical Place/	
11.	Archaeological	Ajinkyatara Fort @ 4.60 km towards Western direction
12.	Ecological sensitive area / Reserve Biosphere within 10 km	 Yavateshwar village mention in Western Ghats ESZ notification is 9.05 km in NW direction Janai Mali Reserve forest patches @ 1.55 km in SW direction
13.	Seismic Zone	IV
14	Tomn	Min 4.8°C
14.	remp.	Max 42.6 ^o C
15.	Average Annual rainfall	905.3 mm

Table 1 Environmental Settings

3 Salient features of integrated project

Table 2 Brief information of the project and environmental settings

#	Particulate	Description				
1	Project	Proposed Expansion of CI/SG Iron Casting of Cylinder Liners from 2450 MT/M				
	-	to 5633 MIT/M				
2	Location	Plot No K-10 at Additional MIDC, Village Kodoli, Satara Maharashtra				
3	Land requirement	4.40 На.				
	Project configuration		Existing	Proposed	Total	
		CI/SG Iron Casting of Cylinder Liner	ner 2450	2102	5622	
4		(MT/M)		2102	5055	
		Water Soluble Die Coat (m ³ /month)	169	0	169	
		Machining of CI casting (Nos./Y)	2600000	0	2600000	
5	Operational days	306 days				

#	Particulate	Description				
6	Raw materials	MS- Punching & Profile cutting, Pig iron, Ferro Silicon, etc.				
	-		Ex	isting	Proposed	Total
-		Industrial fresh (CMD)		50	65	115
/	water consumption	Recycled (CMD)		2	3	5
		Domestic (CMD)		9	12	21
0	Induction Furness	Existing: - 3 Nos; Propos	sed: - 4 Nos.			
8	Induction Furnace	Total – 7 Nos.				
		Existing –				
		Dust collector with stac	k height of 15	5 mtrs.		
9	APC equipment	Scrubber followed by ba	ag filter with	stack heig	ht of 15 mtrs.	
		Proposed – Dust collect	or with stack	height of	15 mtrs.	
		Scrubber followed by bag filter with stack height of 15 mtrs.				
10	Power consumption	Existing: 3500 kVA; Proposed: 4000 kVA				
10	Power consumption	Total: 7500 kVA				
11	D G Set	Existing: - 200 kVA, 180 kVA, 40 kVA, 30 kVA				
11	D.O Set	Proposed 250 kVA * 2 N	los			
12	Fuel		Existing	Pr	oposed	Total
12		HSD (KL/Month)	1		1	2
		Existing – Proposed –		ed –	-	
	Effluent	- 2.3 CMD effluent will be treated		- 5.3 CMD effluent will be treated in		
13		in 20 CMD ETP		existing 20 CMD ETP		
		- 8.1 CMD domestic effluent will be		- 18.	6 CIVID domest	CIC effluent Will be
		Existing:	11	Propose	ed:	25 CIVID 511
14	Man power	Construction Phase: 0 N	los	Construction Phase: 61 Nos		
		Operation Phase: 280 Nos Operation Phase: 140 Nos			Nos	
15	Total project cost	₹13.85 Cr.		_ • -		
16	Total cost for EMP	₹1.13 Cr.				
17	Total cost for CER	₹0.139 Cr. lakhs (1% of total project cost as brownfield project)				

4 Process description

The process for CI/SG Iron Casting of Cylinder Liners begins with the inspection and storage of incoming raw materials. These materials are then transferred to the foundry shop for melting in the furnace, ensuring precise charge composition and temperature control. Automatic spectroscopic analysis is conducted to monitor and maintain the correct chemical composition and temperature. Molten metal is tapped from the furnace, with careful monitoring of tapping temperature and time, as well as accurate weighing and temperature checks. The molten metal is then held at the appropriate temperature before being poured into a preheated die. The die, having been evenly coated, is spun to ensure uniform solidification of the metal. Once solidified, the casting is extracted from the die and undergoes thorough dimensional and quality inspections to verify its dimensions, microstructure, and hardness. Finally, the casting is cleaned and finished through the shot blasting process. This streamlined and controlled process flow ensures the efficient production of high-quality cylinder liners that meet the stringent standards required for automotive and industrial applications.

Process Flow Diagram is given below

ART NAME / NUR	URER-CYLINDER LINER	DESCRIPTION		Date Res: 11.1.2705
Ref Nor CCPL/FC/F	/18 8	tev No: 00		Page No: 1 of 2
Oper. Process	a	haracteristics		
No Description			Product	Process
		Incoming Manerials		
		Material Hold Area		
		Transfer to Foundry shop		
10 Melting	 Material mislabeled Charge composition 	Melting in The Furnace	1.Chemical composition 2.Temperatur	1.Charge weight 2.Alloy addition
		Temperature, Automatic Spectroscopie Analysis		
20 Tapping	1.Tapping Temp. Highlow 2.Excessless tapping Time	Tapping 20 🛇	1. Metal Ter 2. Metal wei	np. ight 1.Tapping time
		Tapping Weight & Temp.		
30 Holding	1.Holding Temp. high/low	Powing 30) 1.Metal Tem	p. 1.Holding Time 2.Inoculation Addition
	2.Excess Holding Time			



Figure 3 Process Flow Chart

5 Description of the Environment

The guiding factors for the present baseline study are as per the requirements prescribed by the guidelines given in the EIA Manual of the MoEF&CC and ToR approved by State Level Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC), Maharashtra. Baseline Study was carried from March 2024 to May 2024.

Environment al Attributes	Frequency of monitoring	Parameters	Observed Results
Meteorology	Microprocessor	Max. Temp.	42.6 °C
	based Weather	Mini. Temp.	4.8 °C
	Monitoring Station	Relative	51-73 %
	Continuous hourly	Humidity	
	recording	Precipitation	Annual avg. 905.3 mm
Ambient Air	10 Locations	PM ₁₀	PM₁₀: 63.21 to 84.95 μg/m3
Quality	24 hourly samples	PM _{2.5}	ΡΜ_{2.5}: 24.24 to 34.56 μg/m3
	Twice a week for 3	SO ₂	SO ₂ : 6.06 to 24.79 μg/m3
	months (in µg/m ³⁾	NO _x	NO _x : 10.20 to 35.32 μg/m3
		СО	CO: 0.63 to 1.82 μg/m3
Water	8 no. of locations –	Parameter	Ground water:
Quality	Ground water	рН	pH: 7.02 to 7.49
(Ground &	4 no. of locations –	TDS	TDS :189 mg/lit - 374 mg/lit
Surface)	Surface water	Total Hardness:	Total Hardness: from 85.3 mg/lit to 158.1
	(Physical, chemical	Chlorides	mg/lit.
	and biological		Chlorides: 15.1 mg/lit – 51.3 mg/lit.
	parameters)		Copper, Manganese, Zinc, Nickel and
			Hexavalent Chromium was below
			detectable limit at all the locations.
		PH	Surface Water:
		DO	• pH: 7.12 to 7.32
		BOD	• DO: 4 mg/lit to 5.7 mg/lit
		COD	• BOD: 3-15 mg/lit
			• COD: 10-29 mg/lit
Soil Quality	Once in season at	Soil type and	Black loamy clay. Soil is medium in fertility,
	10 locations	texture, Physio-	good water holding capacity, heavy metal
		chemical	contamination signs not seen.
		properties, NPK	
Noise Level		Day	61.2 dB(A) - 66.2 dB(A)

Table 3 Observation of Environmental monitoring

Environment	Frequency of	Parameters	Observed Results
al Attributes	monitoring		
	Once in season at	Night	
	8 Locations (Noise		39.2 dB(A) - 41.5 dB(A)
	levels in dB(A)		
Land use	One time visit of	Identification &	Most of the land is agricultural land
Pattern	the study area	classification of	followed by Built up
		land use	
Geology and	Based on	Geology and	Basaltic lava flows, the ground water in
hydrogeology	secondary data	hydrogeology of	deccan trap basalt occurs mostly in the
		the study area	upper weathered and fractured parts down
			to 20-25 m depth, alluvium occurs in small
Feelegi	Conorol in 10 km		areas.
Ecology	General in 10 km	FIORA & Faunna	buring the brief survey total 168 species of
	and data collected		hinda, in faunal diversity 100 species of
	around the project		birds, 7 Mammals, 5 reptile and 10 Fresh
	site through field		water fish species were recorded. As per
	visits		Indian Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (as
			amended up to 2022; IWPA), out of total
			four Schedules, Floral and Faunal species
			are protected in Schedule I-IV. During the
			field survey / species (Pavo cristatus,
			Panthera pardus, Vulpes bengalensis,
			Hystrix indica, Ptyas mucosa, Naja naja,
			Daboia russelli) listed under Schedule I of
			the Act. There is Western Ghat ESA
			(Yavateshwar village) @ 9 km from the
			project site.
Socioeconom	General in 10 km	Socio-economic	Sanitation facilities are satisfactory, Power
ic Data	radial study area	characteristics	supply facility is available in almost villages
	and data collected	of the affected	and town, drinking water sources is mostly
	around the project	area	from ground water. Medical facilities in
	site through field		terms of primary health center and primary
	VISITS		health sub centers in the rural areas are
			good.

6 Anticipated Environmental Impacts

Table 4 Anticipated Impacts

Environmental Facets	Anticipated Impacts
Air Environment	Probable increase in concentration of air pollutants due to process,
	fugitive and utility emissions.
Water Environment	Generation of industrial & domestic wastewater.
Land Environment	Impacts on land due to improper disposal of hazardous/ solid waste.
Ecological Environment	Positive as greenbelt of appropriate width will be developed and
	maintained by the company in the area. No impacts are envisaged
	on aquatic flora & fauna as there will be zero effluent discharge
	outside the plant premises.
Social Environment	Overall development of the area in respect of the infrastructure
	development, educational growth, health facilities etc.
Economic Environment	Positive impacts on economy of the region and the country as the
	Alcohol will be exported and revenue generation.
Noise Environment	Minor increase in noise level within the project area.
Occupational Health &	Major health hazards are identified in worst case scenario.
Safety	

7 Environmental Monitoring Program

Table 5 Environmental monitoring schedule

Sr. No.	Particulars	Parameters	Number of location	Frequency
1	Ambient air quality	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NOx, VOC	Three locations (CPCB/ MPCB guidelines)	Quarterly
2	Stack gas	PM, SO ₂ and NOx	All stacks	Quarterly
3	Work place	PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NOx, O ₃	Two locations (near process area) One location (outside process area near vent)	Quarterly
4	Waste water	pH, EC, TDS, O&G, SS, COD, BOD, Chloride etc. As per BIS: 10500	Inlet & outlet of ETP	Quarterly
5	Surface water and ground water	pH, EC, TDS, SS, COD, BOD, Chloride, E coli etc.	3 location Ground water and 1 location Surface water	Yearly
6	Solid waste	pH, EC, metal, NPK	Two location	Yearly
7	Soil	N, P, K, moisture, EC, heavy metals etc.	Three location	Yearly
8	Noise	Noise levels	Three location (Day & Night)	Quarterly

9	Green belt	Survival rate of plants and shrubs	In and around the plant site	Quarterly
10	Occupational health	Health and fitness check- up of employees	All worker	Yearly
11	Emergency preparedness	Fire and Safety	Mock drill records	Six Monthly

8 Additional Studies

The following Additional Studies were done in reference

- Public Consultation
- Risk Assessment

9 Environmental Management Plan

Following mitigation measures shall be adopted by factory to minimize the impact of project on the surrounding environment.

Environmental	Mitigation Measures		
Attributes	witigation Measures		
Air Quality Management	 Process Emission Dust Collectors, Bag filters shall be provided. Operation of DG sets will be done only in case of power failure & stack height has been provided as per the CPCB norms. The whole process is carried out in closed condition so as to avoid any chances of other emissions. Utility Emission All the D.G. sets are standby arrangement for use during power failure. Adequate stack height provided. Fugitive Emission Dust Extractor installed at loading-unloading section to minimize the 		
Water & Wastewater Management	 Dust Extractor Installed at loading-unloading section to minimize the PM emission at the site. Dust suppression on haul roads being done at regular intervals. Domestic effluent generation will be 19 m3/day; it is treated in STP of 25 m3/day. Treated effluent is used in greenbelt development. Industrial effluent around 5 m3/day treated In 20 CMD existing ETP and will be reused in scrubbing. 		
Noise Management	 Acoustic enclosures provided for all utilities to attenuate the noise. Free flow of traffic movement has been maintained. Ear muffs shall be used while running equipment of the plant. Proper maintenance, oiling and greasing of machines at regular intervals shall be done to reduce generation of noise. Greenbelt shall be developed around the periphery of the plant to reduce noise levels. 		

Table 6 EMP for various environmental attributes

Solid & Hazardous Waste Management	 Spent oil generated will be minimal quantity. Process dust is disposed to nearest CHWTSDF. Other waste is sell to authorized recycler/processor 		
Traffic Management	 The trucks carrying raw material & fuel shall be covered to reduce any fugitive dust generation. Good traffic management system has been developed and implemented for the incoming and outgoing vehicles so as to avoid congestion on the internal and public roads. 		
Green Belt Development / Plantation	Plantation has been done as per Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) Norms. Native species shall be given priority for Avenue plantation.		
Corporate Environment Responsibility	- An amount of INR 13.85 lakhs (1 % of total project cost) will be allocated for CER activities in the coming 2 years which will be utilized on the basis of requirement.		
Occupational Health & Safety	 Company shall monitor the health of its worker before placement and periodically examine during the employment Health effects of various activities and health hazard if any observed shall be recorded and discussed with the health experts for corrective and preventive actions need to be taken by the industry All safety gear shall be provided to workers and care shall be taken by EMC that these are used properly by them. All safety norms shall be followed 		

10 Environment Management Cost

Table 7 Environment Management Cost

Α	Construction phase (with Break-	Capital Cost	O & M (Annual)	
	up)	(Amount in lakhs)		
1	Air Monitoring	5	10	
2	Environmental monitoring	_	3	
3	During site preparation	5	0	
4	Noise and solid waste	2	0	
	management	Ζ	U	
5	Water and waste water	0	3	
6	Occupational health	5	2	
7	Greenbelt development	5	3	
	Total (A)	22	21	
Sr. No.		Capital Cost for		
	Attributes	Expansion	O&M (Lakhs/year)	
		(Lakhs)		
Operation Phase (with Break-up)				

1	Environmental Monitoring	0	5
2	Waste water	0	15
4	Occupational Health	15	5
5	Gardening	5	3
6	Solid Waste	10	5
7	Rain Water	20	3
9	CER	13.85	0
10	Air & Noise pollution	50	30
	Total (B)	113.85	66
	Total (A+B)	135.85	87

11 Project Benefits

- Enhances production from 2,450 MT/M to 3,183 MT/M, meeting higher market demand.
- Contributes to the economic growth of the MIDC region, attracting further investments.
- Creates new jobs for both skilled and unskilled labor during construction and in the long term.
- Strengthens market position by catering to larger orders and expanding market share.
- Offers advantages such as better logistics, transportation networks, and proximity to suppliers and customers.
- Incorporates energy-efficient technologies, reducing operational costs and environmental impact.
- Supports local infrastructure, healthcare, and education through CSR/CER activities.
- Ensures timely and reliable delivery of products by optimizing the supply chain.
- Aligns with the company's long-term growth strategy, providing a foundation for future expansions.

12 Conclusion

- Zero liquid discharged is proposed with efficient mitigation measures implemented.
- Air emissions through stack will be controlled by APCM.
- Loss of vegetation and habitat will not be attributed.
- Personal protective equipment's, safety precautions, emergency plan & disaster management plan shall be in place to avoid the environment hazards.