COMPILATION OF AIR QUALITY DATA RECORDED IN MAHARASHTRA



2012-13





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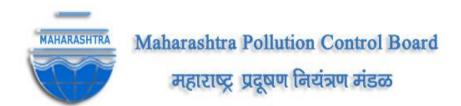
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The Energy and Resources Institute

Compilation of Air Quality Data Recorded in Maharashtra – 2012-13

May 2014



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...towards global sustainable development

राजीव कुमार मित्तल भाप्रसे सदस्य सचिव

Rajeev Kumar Mital IAS MEMBER SECRETARY



PREFACE

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB) has established Ambient Air Quality Network in Maharashtra covering major cities to comply with the mandate of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and to disseminate status of air quality prevailing in the State of Maharashtra.

The Ambient air quality is monitored by the Board through manually operated stations at various locations in Maharashtra under National Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Program (NAMP) / State Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Program (SAMP) and Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations (CAAQMS) at Mumbai, Pune and Solapur. The Air Quality data is regularly hosted on MPCB's website.

This report compiles and presents illustrative statistical data of the ambient air quality in Maharashtra for the fiscal year 2012-13. Also, Air Quality Index have been applied for reporting to convey the information on Air Quality to general Public in a easiest possible way. I trust this report will help all stake holders to take necessary mitigation measures.

This report is prepared by The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), Western Regional Centre (WRC), Mumbai and I appreciate the efforts of Dr. Anjali Parasnis, *Associate Director*, TERI and Shri. Prathamesh Chourey *Associate Fellow*, TERI in preparing this report for the Board. I also acknowledge the monitoring agencies for their efforts in the field for monitoring work carried out to generate the air quality data. The contribution of Shri V.M. Motghare, *Joint Director* and Shri S.C. Kollur, *Scientific Officer*, MPCB is also appreciated.

(Rajeev Kumar Mital, IAS) Member Secretary

April 2014

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Abbreviations

AAQM Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

AAQMS Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations

ALRI Acute Lower Respiratory Infections

AMR Amravati

Ar Argon

AUR Aurangabad

CAAQMS Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations

CDP Chandrapur

CH₄ Methane

CIDCO City and Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd

CO Carbon Monoxide

CO₂ Carbon-di-oxide

CPCB Central Pollution Control Board

GoM Government of Maharashtra

H₂ Hydrogen

He Helium

KOP Kolhapur

Kr Krypton

Max Maximum

MIDC Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation

Min Minimum

MPCB Maharashtra Pollution Control Board

MVD Motor Vehicle Department

N₂ Nitrogen

NAAQM National Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

NAMP National Air Monitoring Program

Ne Neon

NEERI National Environmental Engineering Research Institute

NGP Nagpur NHK Nashik

NOX Oxides of Nitrogen





NVM Navi Mumbai

O₂ Oxygen

O₃ Ozone

Pb Lead

PM Particulate Matter

PM₁₀ Particulate Matter less than 10 microns

PM_{2.5} Particulate Matter less than 2.5 microns

PUN Pune

RO Regional Office

RGD Raigad

RSPM Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter

SAMP State Air Monitoring Program

SO₂ Sulphur dioxide

SPM Suspended Particulate Matter

TERI The Energy and Resources Institute

TNA Thane

TTC Trans Thane Creek

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds

μg/m³ Micrograms per cubic meter



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Executive Summary

Maharashtra state accounts for more than 13% of India's urban population (Census, 2011), the highest in the country, and is also known to contribute more than 15% to the national industrial output (World Bank). Given this, Maharashtra is undoubtedly the most urbanised and highly industrialized state of the country. However, this progress leads to a direct demand for natural resources, increased vehicular usage, consumption of fossil fuels, petrochemicals and so on.

Maharashtra state has the highest number of registered vehicles and also consumes the maximum amount of fossil fuels in the country. Combustion of fossil fuels like coal, petrol, diesel and so on to meet the energy demands for electricity generation and vehicular movement are considered the major reasons for air pollution. To keep a tab on the air pollution levels, MPCB (Maharashtra Pollution Control Board) has been taking action oriented initiatives to monitor, regulate, mitigate and reduce the emissions since the implementation of the Air act in 1981 in the state.

To monitor the ambient air quality, MPCB has installed various Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations (AAQMS) across the state under the NAMP (National Air Monitoring Program) and SAMP (State Air Monitoring Program). As on March 2013, there were 68 active AAQMS in Maharashtra under NAMP (58), SAMP (4) and Continuous AAQMS (CAAQMS) (6). Apart from these there are 3 more AAQMS under NAMP, which are regulated and monitored by NEERI (National Environmental Engineering Research Institute). SO₂ (Sulphur Dioxide), NO_x (Oxides of Nitrogen) and RSPM (Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter) are monitored across all the AAQMS. Other air pollutants like CO (Carbon Monoxide), ozone, benzene, toluene and xylene were monitored at 2 CAAQMS locations namely Bandra and Pune while only CO and ozone was monitored at Solapur CAAQMS.

This report also presents an illustrative compilation of the daily, monthly and annual data recorded by the AAQMS in Maharashtra for the SO₂, NOx and RSPM levels. Also for a comprehensive comparison for all the AAQMS at a glance and to have a glimpse of the overall performance of the areas in terms of the quality of air, the AQI (Air Quality Index) have been developed and presented in the report.

Sulphur -dioxide

 SO_2 concentrations were recorded well within the annual standard ($50\mu g/m^3$) across all the AAQMS in Maharashtra except for two places, both being industrial areas, Nanded ($53\mu g/m^3$) and Dombivali ($50\mu g/m^3$). Similarly, among the AAQMS representing residential areas of Ulhasnagar and Badlapur recorded the highest annual average SO_2 levels of around 43 and $41.0\mu g/m^3$ respectively. These values have remained consistent in comparison to the SO_2 concentrations recorded in 2011-12 at both these locations. All other regions in Maharashtra recorded SO_2 concentrations under the annual standard. Table No. 1, presents the top five AAQMS which recorded highest annual SO_2 concentrations.

In terms of AQI for SO_2 , the Dombivali area recorded moderate air quality for more than 6% for the 24 hour observations at both the AAQMS in Dombivali MIDC area. Similarly, the AAQMS installed at Badlapur and Navi Mumbai (Vashi and Airoli), recorded AQI of moderate quality for around 3-5% of the observations. Given that the SO_2 levels were under

the standard at all the other stations, they could be classified as 'Good' air quality in terms of SO_2 levels, indicating low SO_2 pollution in Maharashtra.

Table No. 1: Top five AAQMS which recorded highest annual average SO₂ pollution (2012-13)

| Region | МРСВ RO | Monitoring Station | Annual Average of SO ₂ (µg/m³) (annual standard 50µg/m³) |
|------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Nanded | Aurangabad | Industrial Area CIDCO | 53 |
| Dombivali | Kalyan | Dombivali – MIDC | 50 |
| Ulhasnagar | Kalyan | Powai Chowk- Ulhasnagar | 43 |
| Ambernath | Kalyan | Ambernath – MIDC | 42 |
| Badlapur | Kalyan | Badlapur - BIWA House | 41 |

Oxides of Nitrogen

As compared to SO_2 concentrations, NOx concentrations exceeded the annual standard $(40\mu g/m^3)$, at more than 29 locations. Although the AAQMS at Sion (Mumbai) recorded more than 2.5 times $(106\mu g/m^3)$ the annual NOx standard, the NOx concentrations in Kalyan region are of major concern, since 6 out of 9 AAQMS in Kalyan RO exceeded the annual NOx concentrations (Table No. 2). AAQMS at Dombivali, Ambernath and Badlapur consistently recorded higher NOx concentrations. Similarly all the AAQMS in Navi-Mumbai recorded the NOx levels in the range of 56– $40\mu g/m^3$, indicating NOx levels above the acceptable standard in Navi Mumbai. Two more regions of concern due to high NOx concentrations are the MIDC areas of Nanded and Jalgaon which recorded NOx levels of 54 and $51\mu g/m^3$ respectively which is much above the annual standard.

Table No. 2: Top ten AAQMS which recorded highest annual average NO_X pollution (2012-13)

| Region | MPCB RO | Monitoring Station | Annual Average of NO _χ (μg/m³) (annual standard 40μg/m³) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| Mumbai | Mumbai | Sion | 106 |
| Dombivali | Kalyan | Dombivali | 94 |
| Ambernath | Kalyan | Ambernath | 91 |
| Ulhasnagar | Kalyan | Powai Chowk | 81 |
| Badlapur | Kalyan | Badlapur - BIWA House | 69 |
| Pune | Pune | Karve Road - CAAQMS | 66 |
| Dombivali | Kalyan | MIDC Office Dombivali | 61 |
| Ulhasnagar | Kalyan | SMT. CHM College Campus | 58 |
| Navi Mumbai | Navi Mumbai | Vashi | 56 |
| Nanded | Aurangabad | Industrial Area CIDCO | 54 |



Particulate Matter (PM)

Particulate matter pollution has always been of severe concern in the state. The emission from various industries involved in activities like cement manufacturing, quarrying activities, power plants and so on, coupled with increasing construction activities and heavy traffic movement increases the dispersion of RSPM (Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter) in the air and poses a threat. In the year 2012-13, all but 4 AAQMS, recorded RSPM levels which violated the annual standard $(60\mu g/m^3)$.

Air quality in the Chandrapur area is the most deteriorated in terms of RSPM concentrations. Four AAQMS in Chandrapur region were amongst the top ten AAQMS (Table No. 3) which recorded highest annual RSPM levels in the state. The RSPM levels at the AAQMS of Ghuggus ($207\mu g/m^3$), Rajura ($196\mu g/m^3$) and Ballarshah ($192\mu g/m^3$), violated the annual standard by more than 3 times. The region is highly influenced with activities like mining, cement manufacturing and presence of thermal power plant. The MIDC areas of Jalgaon and Amravati also recorded high RSPM concentrations.

Table No. 3: Top ten AAQMS which recorded highest annual average RSPM pollution (2012-13)

| Region | MPCB RO | Monitoring Station | Annual Average of RSPM (µg/m³) (annual standard 60µg/m³) |
|------------|------------|--|--|
| Chandrapur | Chandrapur | Ghuggus | 207 |
| Chandrapur | Chandrapur | Rajura | 196 |
| Chandrapur | Chandrapur | Ballarshah | 192 |
| Chandrapur | Chandrapur | Tadali MIDC | 173 |
| Panvel | Raigad | Panvel- Water Supply Plant | 168 |
| Kolhapur | Kolhapur | Ruikar Trust | 159 |
| Akola | Amravati | Akola- College of Engg & Technology | 151 |
| Jalgaon | Nashik | MIDC Jalgaon | 150 |
| Jalna | Aurangabad | Jalna- Krishnadhan seeds Ltd | 143 |
| Akola | Amravati | MIDC Water Works | 142 |



Carbon monoxide and Ozone

Partial oxidation of carbon-containing compounds leads to production of CO (Carbon monoxide) and is highly toxic to humans and animals at higher concentrations.IN the year 2012-13, CO was monitored by the CAAQMS at Bandra, Pune and Solapur and recorded The Bandra region consistently exceeded the 8 hourly standard (2mg/m³) for almost all the months of the year except the month of February and March. More than 74% of the total readings at the Bandra CAAQMS (1087) exceed the 8 hourly standard. This situation is in contrast to the readings recorded in Pune and Solapur where the readings were below the permissible limits, for most of the year. However, at both the places the CO level increased dramatically between February and March where the percentage exceedence was to the tune of 10.8 and 3 percent respectively. Also fluctuations were recorded in December for CO levels at Solapur.

O₃ (Ozone) is a secondary pollutant, formed when NOx and VOCs undergo a photochemical reaction in the atmosphere. People who are active outdoors, especially in hot sunny days are more vulnerable to its harmful impacts. Ozone levels were recorded to be moderately high in Pune whereas Solapur and Bandra stations recorded O₃ levels well below the 8 hourly standard. The Pune stations recorded percent exceedence of about 4.8% while Bandra and Solapur stations registered a percentage exceedence of 0.4 and 0.2 respectively.

Benzene

Benzene (C_6H_6) is a colourless sweet smelling liquid and is generated whenever carbon-rich materials undergo incomplete combustion of aromatic compounds like tobacco, furniture wax, glue paints and so on. Benzene pollution was recorded at 2 CAAQMS, Bandra and Pune. The annual average benzene concentrations were recorded to be 0.85 and $0.73\mu g/m^3$ respectively. The annual average standard for benzene have been set as $5\mu g/m_3$ by CPCB, indicating that the benzene pollution at both the locations were well below the permissible limits. However the highest 8 hour ozone concentration recorded at Bandra and Pune were 1.3 and $225\mu g/m^3$ respectively. Both the stations recorded high benzene concentrations in the month of March, especially the Pune CAAQMS which recorded unusually high level of day time benzene concentrations. A cyclic trend, of night time low and day time high concentrations of benzene was recorded throughout the month of March at Pune. This could be attributed to some renovation and repair work (external painting/road repair) which may have involved usage of chemicals containing benzene ring.

Air Quality Indexing

Quality of air around us has direct implications on our health. The air quality, like weather of a location, can change dynamically within a span of an hour. Hence to convey the information on outdoor air quality in the easiest possible way which could be easily understood by general public, tools such as AQI (Air Quality Index) have been devised. The AQI is useful for reporting daily air quality and to gauge the pollution load. Most of the AQI developed by various agencies are within a range of 0 to 500. An AQI of 100 or below indicates attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards. Higher value of AQI indicates high level of pollution.



In terms of AQI (Air Quality Index), on an average all the AAQMS recorded about 56percent for 'Good' Air Quality while' Moderate' and 'Poor' air quality averaged about 27 and 16percent respectively (Figure No. 1).

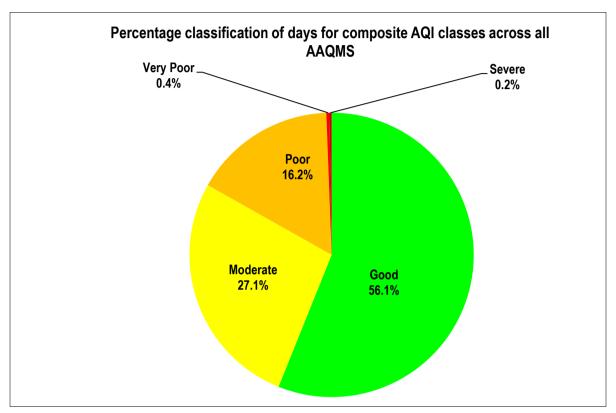


Figure No. 1: Percentage classification of days for composite AQI classes across all AAQMS

The Chandrapur region which recorded high RSPM levels recorded poor and severe Air Quality for most of the readings and it is striking to note that 4 out of 6 AAQMS in Chandrapur, namely Rajura, Ballarshah, Ghuggus, and Tadali MIDC have poor air quality for more than 60% of the times in the year. The situation is even more critical at Rajura and Ghuggus where at certain days the air quality has been recorded to be in the category of very poor and severe. The bias is majorly due to high RSPM levels recorded in the region, since the AQI for SO₂ and NOx levels in the region are well within the acceptable limits and the air quality was recorded to be good for both the parameters (Figure No. 26 and Figure No. 27). The MIDC region in Jalgaon, under Nashik RO failed to have good air quality even for a single day indicating that the air quality is a concern and may severely affect the unhealthy population in the region.

Given the fact that Maharashtra is one of the most urbanized and industrialized states in the country it would be of paramount importance to develop a comprehensive road map which provides specific guidelines necessary to strengthen the existing monitoring network. Also the rapidly developing regions where new infrastructure needs to be set up should be prioritized to establish state of the art, real time monitoring stations across the entire state.



Introduction

Urbanization is a process of relative growth of a country's urban population accompanied by a rapid increase in the economic, political, and cultural importance of cities relative to rural areas. While urbanization is characteristic of nearly all developing countries, levels of urbanization vary quite significantly by region. Transformation of villages to towns and to cities, and then cities into metropolitan regions, is an ongoing process that is highly resource intensive.

Urbanization, in India is on rise. This is evident from the fact that, for the first time since independence, the last decade registered an absolute increase in urban population more than in rural population. The level of urbanization in India has also increased significantly from 27.81% in 2001 to 31.16% in 2011¹. On one hand, the escalating demands and limited supply for resources like water and energy are creating a severe resource crunch and on the other hand, anthropogenic activities induces stress on the ecosystem due to release of pollutants which leads to undesirable pollution in the environment. Pollution is defined as the introduction of contaminants into the natural environment that causes adverse change to the otherwise normal constituents of natural resources like water, land and air.

The Earth's atmosphere is a layer of gases surrounding the planet that is retained by its gravitational power. This mixture of gases which envelopes the earth is commonly known as Air. The composition of pure air consists majorly of Nitrogen and Oxygen. Other gases like Argon, Carbon-di-oxide, Methane and so on are present in trace amounts. A representative pie chart depicting the composition of natural air, in earth's atmosphere is presented in Figure No. 2: Composition of natural air Figure No. 2.

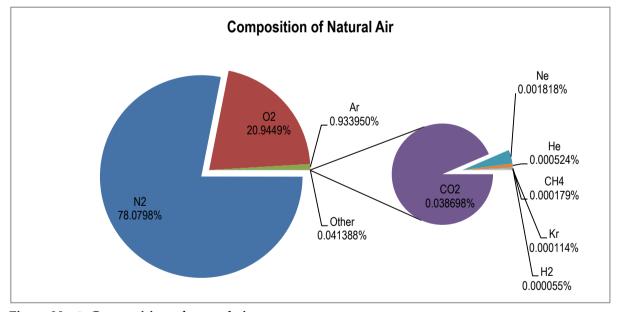


Figure No. 2: Composition of natural air

Data Source: Hand book of Air Pollution, PHS Publication AP-44 (PB 190-247), 1968 [40]

Note: Ar: Argon; CH₄: Methane, CO₂: Carbon-di-oxide; H₂: Hydrogen; He: Helium; Kr: Krypton; N₂: Nitrogen; Ne: Neon; O₂: Oxygen.

¹ http://censusindia.gov.in/2011-prov-results/paper2/data_files/india/Rural_Urban_2011.pdf

Air Pollution

A lot of undesired elements have been added to the natural ambient air's composition especially due to anthropogenic activities involving combustion of fossil fuels. Power plants, industries, automobiles, construction activities and so on emit tonnes of air pollutants every day, thereby deteriorating the air quality and exposing citizens to great health risks. An air pollutant has been defined as any solid, liquid or gaseous substance (including noise) present in the atmosphere in such concentration as may be or tend to be injurious to human beings or other living creatures or plants or property or environment. This change in the composition of pure air is termed as "Air Pollution". The source of air pollutants could be both natural as well as anthropogenic. The 6 major air pollutants identified by USEPA (United States Environmental Protection Agency), their anthropogenic source and their effects on human health, is presented below in Table No. 4.

Table No. 4: Major air pollutants, their sources and their effects on humans

| Pollutants | Sources | Effects |
|---|---|--|
| Nitrogen dioxide (NOx) | Combustion processes (heating, power generation, and vehicles) | Bronchitis in asthmatic children.Reduced lung function |
| Particulate Matter (PM2.5, PM10) | Vehicles, industrial sources, domestic fuel burning, road dust re-suspension, | Cardiovascular and respiratory diseases, Lung cancer, ALRI (Acute Lower Respiratory Infections) |
| Carbon monoxide (CO) | Incomplete fuel combustion (as in motor vehicles) | Reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of blood, Causes headaches, nausea, and dizziness Can lead to death at high levels |
| Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂) | Burning of sulphur- containing fuels for heating, power & vehicles. | Affects respiratory system and lung function. Coughing, mucus secretion, asthma and chronic bronchitis. Causes acid rain. |
| Lead (Pb) | Petrol and industry (such as smelting, and paint works). | Affects brain development in children, At very high doses leads to poisoning, May lead to brain and organ damage. |
| Ozone (O ₃) Tropospheric | Formed by the reaction of NO_X and (VOCs) in sunlight | Breathing problems, asthma, reduced lung function. |



Challenges and Initiatives in India

As India is developing, the problems associated with pollution are also increasing at a rapid rate. Rapidly growing Indian cities are suffering from some of the worst air quality problems in the world. The major sources responsible for air pollution in India are fuel adulteration, emissions from power plants, transport sector, industrial emissions, combustion of fuel wood & biomass, construction activities, and traffic congestion².

Since the 1970s many initiatives have been taken to tackle the issue of air pollution including environmental legislations. To counter the problems associated with air pollution, The Government of India enacted the Air (prevention and control pollution) Act 1981. The act prescribes to combat air pollution by prohibiting the use of polluting fuels and substances as well as appliances that give rise to air pollution. Under this Act, the central government is empowered to take measures necessary to protect and improve the quality of the environment by setting standards for emissions and discharges; regulating the location of industries; management of hazardous wastes, and protection of public health and welfare.

Central Pollution Control Board

The CPCB (Central Pollution Control Board), a statutory organisation, was constituted in September, 1974 under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974. Further, CPCB was entrusted with the powers and functions under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981. The principal function of the CPCB, under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, is to improve the quality of air and to prevent, control or abate air pollution in the country.

CPCB initiated NAAQM (National Ambient Air Quality Monitoring) programme in the year 1984. Subsequently, expanding the network to have representation of various regions in the country, various stations under the programme were established nationwide. The program was subsequently renamed as NAMP (National Air Quality Monitoring Programme). In the year 2010-11 CPCB was executing NAMP for generating air quality database at 456 air quality motoring stations throughout the nation covering 190 cities in 26 States and 4 union territories³. Further, CPCB under the Air (Prevention and Control) Act has set the NAAQS (National Ambient Air Quality Standards) with the following objectives:

- To indicate the levels of air quality necessary with an adequate margin of safety to protect public health, vegetation and property
- To assist in establishing priorities for abatement and control of pollutant level
- To provide a uniform yardstick for assessing air quality at national level
- To indicate the need and extent of the monitoring programme

The revised National Ambient Air Quality Standards were notified on 18 November 2009. A copy of the Gazette is enclosed as **Appendix A**.

³ CPCB, 2011-12 National Ambient Air Quality Status & Trends In India-2010, Chapter 1 Introduction, pg 3





² "Urban Air Pollution, Catching gasoline and diesel adulteration. The World Bank. 2002

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board

The Maharashtra State government in 1981 adopted the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and under this MPCB (Maharashtra Pollution Control Board) was established in the year 1981.

MPCB has established 12 regional offices across the state to check and regulate the pollution level with necessary control measures. MPCB implements a range of environmental legislation in the state and functions under the administrative control of Environment Department, Government of Maharashtra.

The main functions of MPCB are:

- To plan comprehensive programs for the prevention, control or abatement of pollution and secure executions thereof,
- To collect and disseminate information relating to pollution and the prevention, control or abatement thereof,
- To inspect sewage or trade effluent treatment and disposal facilities, and air pollution control systems and to review plans, specification or any other data relating to the treatment plants, disposal systems and air pollution control systems in connection with the consent granted,
- To support and encourage developments in the fields of pollution control, waste recycle reuse, eco-friendly practices etc.
- To educate and guide entrepreneurs in improving the environment by suggesting appropriate pollution control technologies and techniques
- To create public awareness about clean and healthy environment and attending to public complaints regarding pollution.

The Air (Prevention &Control of Pollution) Act 1981 was adopted by the state of Maharashtra in 1983 and the MPCB is functioning as the state board under section 5 of this Act. Following which MPCB has taken many initiatives to control, prevent and monitor air quality in the state of Maharashtra.

Being a highly industrialised, populated and urbanized state, Maharashtra has numerous air pollution sources, which has resulted in the deterioration of air quality in many cities. The state has a wide range of major industries involved in polluting activities like power plants, pharmaceuticals, petroleum, and manufacturing of fertilizers. Vehicular growth, construction activities, quarry sites and so on have augmented the deterioration of the air quality.

Hence, to keep a constant vigilance on the status of the air quality in the industrial influenced areas like Dombivali, Ambernath, Chandrapur and the exposure to the population in residential areas, MPCB has installed air quality monitoring stations in Maharashtra. The following section presents the highlights of the monitoring and the air quality recorded in the year 2012-13.



Air Quality Monitoring in Maharashtra

Ambient air quality monitoring network is designed to get spatial and temporal variation of ambient air concentrations for a wide range of pollutants that are considered relevant for evolving a strategic management plan. Monitoring locations are selected to represent different land use categories like kerbside, residential, industrial, commercial and so on were selected so as to capture air quality levels under different activity profiles. To have a continuous vigilance of the air quality in the different parts of the state MPCB has installed various AAQMS (Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations) in various regions of the state. The following section provides an overview of the status of AAQM (Ambient Air Quality Monitoring) in the year 2012-13.

Monitoring Network

AAQMS are added periodically to expand the network of monitoring stations. However due to operating challenges like maintenance issues, shortage of manpower and change of location, some monitoring stations are closed temporarily and the hence data may be unavailable for a particular station for that spell of time. In the year 2012-13, there were 69 active AAQMS in Maharashtra under CAAQMS (6), NAMP (59) and SAMP (4). Apart from these there are 3 more AAQMS under NAMP, which are regulated and monitored by NEERI (National Environmental Engineering Research Institute). As per data availability each year the corresponding tally of AAQMS is presented below in Figure No. 3.

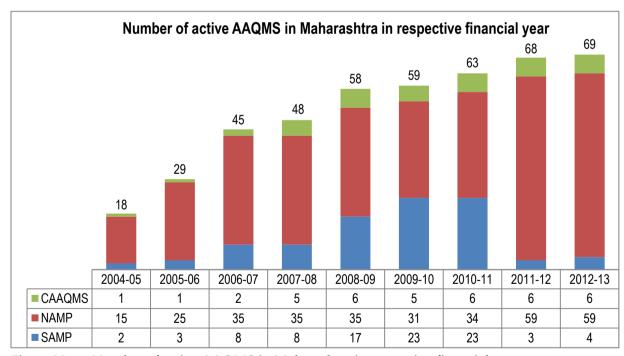


Figure No. 3: Number of active AAQMS in Maharashtra in respective financial year

Data Source: MPCB, 2013

^{*}Note: Data for Worli, Kalbadevi and Parel AAQMS monitored by NEERI has been considered separately for the analysis as per data provided by them.

Given that Maharashtra has very prominent industrial zones and is one of the highly populated states in the country air quality monitoring becomes essential at these locations. However, owing to the population growth and expansion of the cities the residential areas have now grown so large that they are now located in very close vicinity of the industrial belts. Some examples of the same are the residential areas in Navi Mumbai, Dombivali, Ambernath, where the residential zones are very close to the industrial areas. Hence, in a given region there is a mix of various types of monitoring stations representing various type of areas. MPCB-RO (Regional Office) wise tally of AAQMS operating in the year 2012-13 is presented in Table No. 5. The detailed list of the active stations is presented in Annex-I of this report. The jurisdiction boundaries and the tally of the AAQMS in each RO are presented in Figure No. 4.

Table No. 5: MPCB RO wise tally of active AAQMS (2012-13)

| Regional Office | Commerci al | Industri al | Residenti al | Rural & other areas | Sensitive | Total |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|
| Amravati | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 6 |
| Aurangabad | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | - | 11 |
| Chandrapur | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | 6 |
| Kalyan | 2 | - | - | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| Kolhapur | - | 2 | 4 | 2 | - | 8 |
| Mumbai* | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| Nagpur | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 4 |
| Nashik | - | 2 | 4 | - | - | 6 |
| Navi Mumbai | - | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | 7 |
| Pune | - | 1 | 6 | 1 | - | 8 |
| Raigad | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| Thane | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 3 |
| Total | 4 | 18 | 35 | 11 | 1 | 68 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2013

*Note: NEERI Worli AAQMS is under Mumbai but not considered in this tally





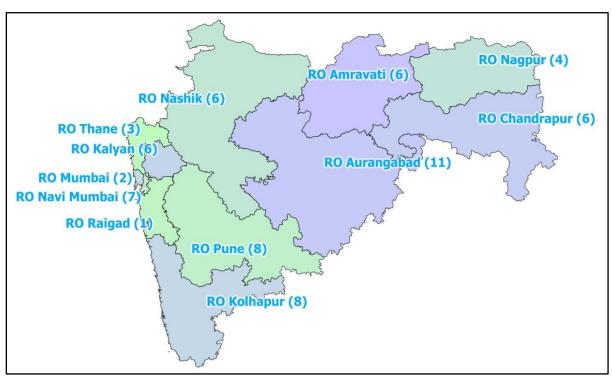


Figure No. 4: Boundaries and tally of AAQMS in each RO of MPCB (2012-13)

Pollutants Monitored

SO₂ (Sulphur Dioxide), NO_X (Nitrogen Oxides) and RSPM (Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter) are regularly and consistently monitored across all the monitoring sites in Maharashtra under NAMP, SAMP and also at the CAAQMS. SPM (Suspended Particulate Matter) are bigger than coarse particles, they settle down fast and do not reach the respiratory tract and therefore they have less adverse effect on health⁴. As a result the standard for SPM have not been set as per revised NAAQS (2009). Although some monitoring stations do record the concentrations of SPM, this has not been considered for the statistical compilation.

Air Quality Monitoring Data

MPCB published the data recorded by all the monitoring sites in Maharashtra on its website. It also presents an interactive way to select the time series data for a particular monitoring station. The data sets recorded at the monitoring station for the year 2012-13 have been compiled in this report. A pollutant wise overview for the air quality recorded at the areas representing residential, industrial, commercial, rural & other areas and sensitive monitoring is presented in the following section.

Monitoring station wise annual trend for the recent 5 years and monthly trend for the year 2012-13 have been presented in Annex – II.

⁴ CPCB 2012, National Ambient Air Quality Status & Trends In India-2010, Chapter 6, Pg 83



13

Status of Air Quality

Sulphur dioxide

Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) belongs to a group of highly reactive gases known as "oxides of sulphur". It is a colourless gas and smells like burnt matches. Sulphur compounds are responsible for the major damage to materials and are generally known to accelerate metal corrosion by forming sulphuric acid. The largest sources of SO₂ emissions are from fossil fuel combustion at power plants and other industrial facilities. Smaller sources of SO₂emissions include industrial processes such as extracting metal from ore, and combustion of sulphur containing fuels (diesel) by vehicles. The skeletal structure sources and impacts on humans is presented in Figure No. 5.

 SO_2 is linked with a number of adverse effects on the respiratory system. SO_2 is known to increase the airway resistance, and lung diseases. Sulphur oxide in combination with particulate matter and moisture is a potentially serious health hazard and results in increased mortality. Aerosols of sulphuric acid and other sulphates have a share of 5-20% in total suspended particulate matter in urban air and are responsible for the reduction in visibility.

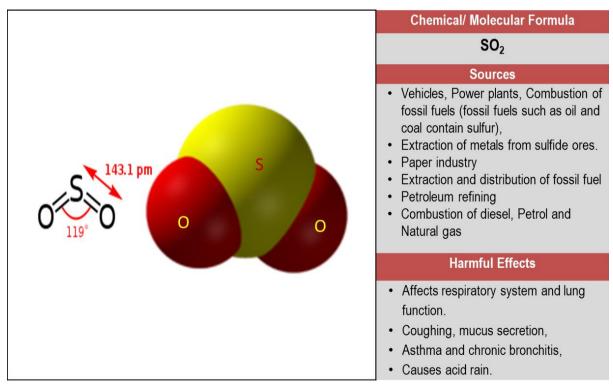


Figure No. 5: Molecular formula, sources and harmful impacts of Sulphur dioxide

Data Source: **IB Chemistry**

SO₂ concentration in industrial areas

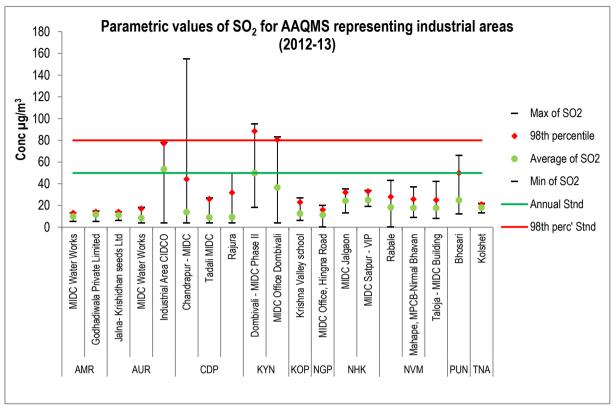


Figure No. 6: Parametric values of SO₂ for AAQMS representing industrial areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

As seen in Figure No. 6, out of all the monitoring stations representing industrial areas of Maharashtra, the highest annual average SO_2 concentrations was recorded at Nanded industrial area (53.4 μ g/m³). Also at various occasions the 24 hours standard was violated as per monitoring done at that AAQMS.

Both the AAQMS representing industrial area of Dombivali, MIDC Phase–II $(49.7\mu g/m^3)$ and MIDC Office $(36.5\mu g/m^3)$ recorded annual SO_2 concentrations very close to the annual standard $(50\mu g/m^3)$, thus indicating high levels of SO_2 pollution in Dombivali area.

The highest 24 hour SO_2 concentration was recorded at Chandrapur MIDC area ($155\mu g/m^3$), however upon analysing the 98^{th} percentile value ($44\mu g/m^3$) and the annual average ($13.8\mu g/m^3$), both were found to be well within the standard.

All the other industrial areas with active AAQMS in the year 2012-13 were found to be clean for SO₂ pollution. The data sets for the parametric values of SO₂ concentrations recorded at AAQMS in industrial areas of Maharashtra have been tabulated in Table No. 6.



Table No. 6: Data for SO₂ recorded at AAQMS representing industrial areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of SO ₂ | 98th percentile | Average of SO ₂ | Min of SO ₂ |
|--------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 50 | 80 |
| | MIDC Water Works | 701 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 9.8 | 5.0 |
| AMR | Godhadiwala Private Limited | 549 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 11.6 | 5.0 |
| | Jalna- Krishidhan seeds Ltd | 707 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 11.0 | 6.0 |
| AUR | MIDC Water Works | 641 | 18.0 | 17.0 | 8.3 | 4.0 |
| | Industrial Area CIDCO | 705 | 78.0 | 77.0 | 53.4 | 4.0 |
| | Chandrapur - MIDC | 281 | 155.0 | 44.2 | 13.8 | 4.0 |
| CDP | Tadali MIDC | 638 | 27.0 | 25.8 | 8.9 | 4.0 |
| | Rajura | 640 | 50.0 | 31.7 | 9.2 | 4.0 |
| KYN | Dombivali - MIDC Phase II | - | 95.0 | 88.3 | 49.7 | 18.0 |
| KIN | MIDC Office Dombivali | - | 83.0 | 80.5 | 36.5 | 4.0 |
| KOP | Krishna Valley school | 576 | 27.0 | 23.0 | 12.4 | 6.0 |
| NGP | MIDC Office, Hingna Road | 288 | 20.0 | 16.0 | 11.2 | 0.0 |
| NILIIZ | MIDC Jalgaon | 646 | 35.0 | 32.0 | 24.3 | 13.0 |
| NHK | MIDC Satpur - VIP | 269 | 34.0 | 33.0 | 24.9 | 19.0 |
| | Rabale | 491 | 43.0 | 28.0 | 18.2 | 0.0 |
| NVM | Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan | 493 | 37.0 | 25.7 | 17.7 | 9.0 |
| | Taloja - MIDC Building | 496 | 42.0 | 25.0 | 17.6 | 8.0 |
| PUN | Bhosari | 312 | 66.0 | 49.8 | 24.9 | 12.0 |
| TNA | Kolshet | 305 | 22.0 | 21.0 | 18.1 | 13.0 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2014 Units: µg/m³





SO₂ concentration in residential areas

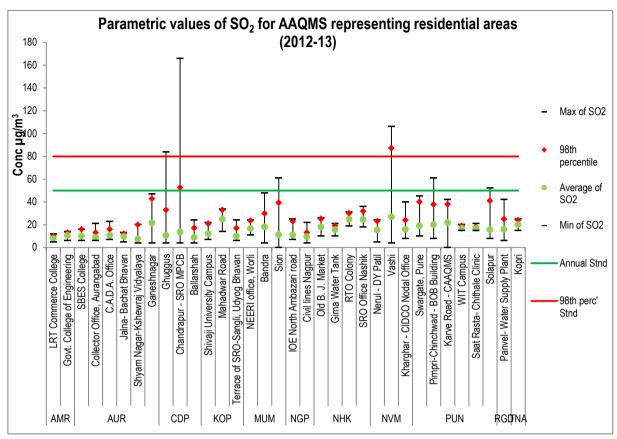


Figure No. 7: Parametric values of SO₂ for AAQMS representing residential areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

The AAQMS representing residential areas in Maharashtra recorded low levels of SO₂ pollution in the year 2012-13.

Although the annual average SO_2 concentration recorded at the CAAQMS at Vashi in Navi Mumbai ($27\mu g/m^3$) didn't violate the annual standard, on numerous occasions the AAQMS recorded violation of the 24 hour standard. The 98^{th} percentile concentration recorded at the same AAQMS was $87.2\mu g/m^3$ which exceeds the 24hour standard ($80\mu g/m^3$) indicating certain days in the year with unacceptable SO_2 pollution in the region.

Similarly the highest 24 hour SO_2 concentration was recorded by the AAQMS located at Chandrapur–SRO office ($166\mu g/m^3$). However, the 98^{th} percentile and annual average readings were recorded well below the respective standard. This indicates sporadic influx of SO_2 pollutant or a monitoring bias for a given day/sampling period.

Similar to the previous year 2011-12, the residential areas of Amravati and Aurangabad regions were the cleanest in terms of SO₂ pollution.





^{*}Data for NEERI office, Worli is procured from data posted on MPCB's website

Table No. 7: Data for SO₂ recorded at AAQMS representing residential areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of SO ₂ | 98th percentile | Average of SO ₂ | Min of SO ₂ |
|--------|--|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 50 | 80 |
| AMR | LRT Commerce College | 700 | 12.0 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 5.0 |
| | Govt. College of Engineering | 548 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 10.5 | 6.0 |
| | SBES College | 511 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 10.1 | 6.0 |
| | Collector Office, Aurangabad | 512 | 21.0 | 13.0 | 8.9 | 6.0 |
| ATID | C.A.D.A. Office | 513 | 23.0 | 16.0 | 10.6 | 7.0 |
| AUR | Jalna- Bachat Bhavan | 706 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 9.6 | 5.0 |
| | Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya | 642 | 20.0 | 19.9 | 7.4 | 4.0 |
| | Ganeshnagar | 703 | 47.0 | 42.8 | 21.6 | 4.0 |
| | Ghuggus | 267 | 84.0 | 32.9 | 10.6 | 4.0 |
| CDP | Chandrapur - SRO MPCB | 396 | 166.0 | 52.6 | 13.5 | 4.0 |
| | Ballarshah | 639 | 24.0 | 17.1 | 8.8 | 4.0 |
| | Shivaji University Campus | 508 | 22.0 | 20.9 | 12.0 | 7.0 |
| KOP | Mahadwar Road | 510 | 34.0 | 33.0 | 24.9 | 14.0 |
| KUP | Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan | 574 | 24.0 | 16.9 | 9.9 | 6.0 |
| | Neeri office, Worli | 349 | 24.0 | 23.6 | 16.6 | 11.0 |
| MUM | Bandra | (blank) | 48.0 | 29.9 | 18.1 | 4.0 |
| | Sion | | 61.0 | 39.2 | 11.2 | 0.0 |
| NGP | IOE North Ambazari road | 287 | 25.0 | 22.9 | 10.9 | 7.0 |
| NGP | Civil lines Nagpur | 711 | 22.0 | 13.0 | 9.5 | 4.0 |
| NHH | Old B. J. Market | 644 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 18.1 | 10.0 |
| | Girna Water Tank | 645 | 21.0 | 19.0 | 15.6 | 10.0 |
| NHK | RTO Colony | 259 | 31.0 | 30.0 | 24.7 | 19.0 |
| | SRO Office Nashik | 710 | 36.0 | 31.8 | 24.5 | 18.0 |
| | Nerul - DY Patil | 492 | 24.0 | 23.1 | 15.4 | 5.0 |
| NVM | Vashi | (blank) | 106.0 | 87.2 | 27.0 | 4.0 |
| 14,111 | Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office | 494 | 40.0 | 24.0 | 15.8 | 8.0 |
| | Swargate, Pune | 381 | 45.0 | 39.9 | 19.0 | 10.0 |
| PUN | Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building | 708 | 61.0 | 37.7 | 20.0 | 8.0 |
| | Karve Road - CAAQMS | (blank) | 42.0 | 37.8 | 21.7 | 0.0 |
| | WIT Campus | 299 | 20.0 | 19.0 | 16.8 | 15.0 |
| | Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic | 300 | 21.0 | 18.2 | 16.7 | 15.0 |
| | Solapur | (blank) | 52.0 | 41.0 | 15.6 | 8.0 |
| RGD | Panvel- Water Supply Plant | 495 | 42.0 | 25.0 | 16.0 | 6.0 |
| TNA | Kopri | 303 | 25.0 | 24.0 | 20.2 | 15.0 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2014 Units: µg/m³





SO₂ concentration in rural and other areas

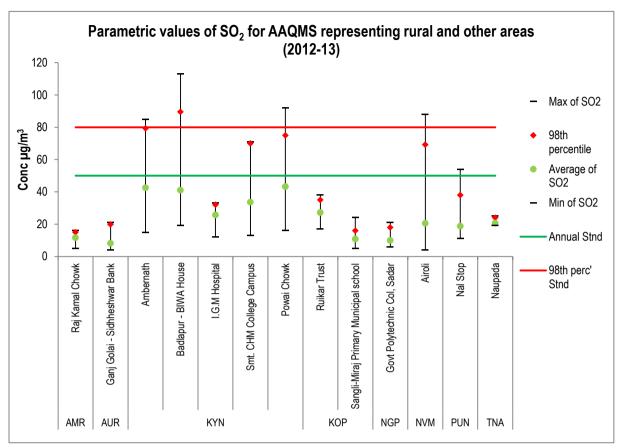


Figure No. 8: Parametric values of SO₂ for AAQMS representing rural and other areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

*Note: I.G.M Hospital is categorized as a sensitive type of monitoring zone by MPCB

The AAQMS which represented mixed and other areas in Maharashtra recorded SO_2 concentrations well within the prescribed standard.

However, as seen in Figure No. 8, three monitoring stations in the Kalyan region (Bhiwandi, Badlapur and Ulhasnagar) recorded annual average SO₂ concentrations very close to the annual average standard. On certain days, the maximum as well as the 98th percentile reading recorded at the AAQMS at Badlapur (BIWA house) and Ambernath exceeded the daily standard (80µg/m³). This indicates that these areas need further investigation.

Amravati, Aurangabad, Kolhapur and Nagpur were amongst the regions which recorded least SO₂ concentrations.



Table No. 8: Data for SO₂ recorded at AAQMS representing rural & other types of areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of SO ₂ | 98th percentile | Average of SO ₂ | Min of SO ₂ |
|-----|--|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 50 | 80 |
| AMR | Raj Kamal Chowk | 547 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 11.6 | 5.0 |
| AUR | Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank | 643 | 21.0 | 19.9 | 8.1 | 4.0 |
| | Ambernath | (blank) | 85.0 | 79.4 | 42.5 | 15.0 |
| KYN | Badlapur - BIWA House | 649 | 113.0 | 89.5 | 41.0 | 19.0 |
| | I.G.M Hospital | (blank) | 33.0 | 32.0 | 25.7 | 12.0 |
| | Smt. CHM College Campus | 647 | 71.0 | 70.0 | 33.6 | 13.0 |
| | Powai Chowk | 648 | 92.0 | 75.0 | 43.2 | 16.0 |
| КОР | Ruikar Trust | 509 | 38.0 | 35.0 | 27.2 | 17.0 |
| | Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school | 575 | 24.0 | 16.0 | 10.9 | 5.0 |
| NGP | Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar | 314 | 21.0 | 18.0 | 9.9 | 6.0 |
| NVM | Airoli | (blank) | 88.0 | 69.2 | 20.6 | 4.0 |
| PUN | Nal Stop | 379 | 54.0 | 38.0 | 18.7 | 11.0 |
| TNA | Naupada | 304 | 25.0 | 24.0 | 20.6 | 19.0 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2014 Units: µg/m³



SO₂ concentration in commercial areas

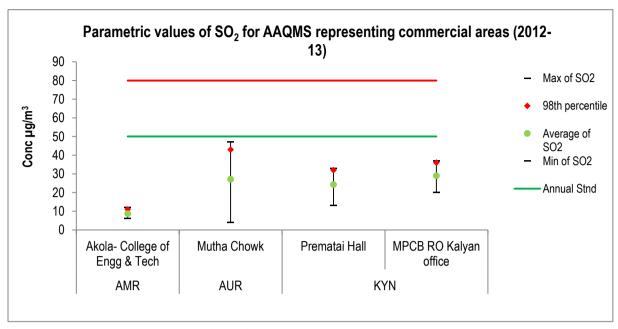


Figure No. 9: Parametric values of SO₂ for AAQMS representing commercial areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

Air quality monitored in areas representing commercial areas was amongst the cleanest in terms of SO_2 pollution. All the AAQMS recorded SO_2 concentrations of almost less than half of the annual standard. The maximum SO_2 concentration of $47\mu g/m^3$ was recorded at Mutha Chowk in Aurangabad. Amravati region recorded the best annual statistics for SO_2 concentrations with all the readings being below $12\mu g/m^3$.

Table No. 9: Data for SO₂ recorded at AAQMS representing commercial areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of SO ₂ | 98th percentile | Average of SO ₂ | Min of SO ₂ |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 50 | 80 |
| AMR | Akola- College of Engg & Tech | 702 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 8.7 | 6.0 |
| AUR | Mutha Chowk | 704 | 47.0 | 42.9 | 27.1 | 4.0 |
| KYN | Prematai Hall | (blank) | 33.0 | 32.0 | 24.2 | 13.0 |
| | MPCB RO Kalyan office | (blank) | 37.0 | 36.0 | 29.0 | 20.0 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2014 Units: μg/m³





Oxides of Nitrogen

The oxides of nitrogen, NO (Nitric Oxide) and NO_2 (nitrogen dioxide) are significant air pollutants. Neither NO nor NO_2 causes direct damage to materials; however, NO_2 reacts with atmospheric moisture to form nitric acid, which causes considerable corrosion of metal surfaces. NO_2 acts as an acute irritant and is more injurious than NO. The skeletal structure, their significant sources and impacts are presented below in Figure No. 10.

In the presence of sunlight the oxides of nitrogen react with the unburned hydrocarbons to form photochemical smog which causes damage to plants and is also detrimental to human health. NO_2 is linked with a number of adverse effects on the respiratory system. Further it is also known to contribute to the formation of ground-level ozone and fine particle pollution.

Oxides of nitrogen are produced from the reaction of nitrogen and oxygen gases in the air during combustion, especially at high temperatures. In areas of high motor vehicle traffic, such as in large cities, the amount of nitrogen oxides emitted into the atmosphere as air pollution can be significant.

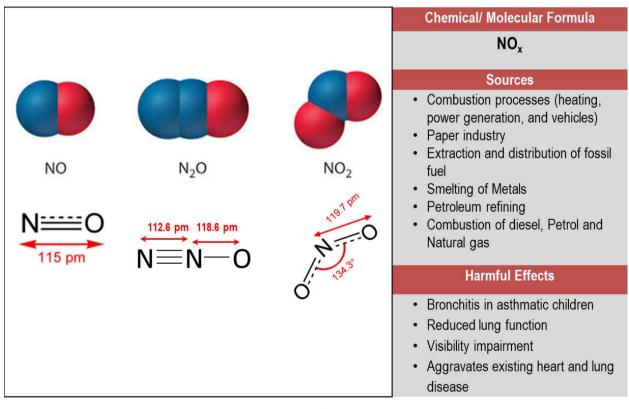


Figure No. 10: Molecular formula, sources and harmful impacts of oxides of nitrogen

Data Source: **UC Davis**



NO_X concentration in industrial areas

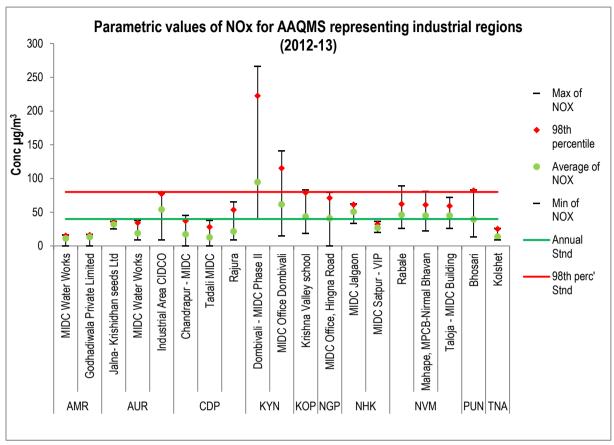


Figure No. 11: Parametric values of NO_X for AAQMS representing industrial regions (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

One may note from Figure No. 11, that a total 9 out of 19 AAQMS representing industrial areas of Maharashtra exceeded the annual average NO_X standard ($40\mu g/m^3$).

Dombivali-MIDC area recorded the highest annual NO_X concentration at both the monitoring stations, MIDC Phase-II (94.4 μ g/m³) and MIDC office (64.4 μ g/m³), representing the area. The AAQMS at MIDC Phase II also recorded a 24 hour reading for NO_X concentrations (266 μ g/m³) more than three times the standard. Similarly Navi Mumbai industrial best also recorded high levels of NOX concentration at all its three AAQMS.

The AAQMS at MIDC Jalgaon is of major concern for NO_X pollution since the maximum and annual average NO_X concentration ranged between 62 to $50.7\mu g/m^3$ indicating a very narrow range in the NO_X concentrations and high level of NO_X pollution throughout the year. Similarly Nanded industrial area also recorded readings more than the annual average $53.8\mu g/m^3$.

Industrial areas of Amravati, Aurangabad and Chandrapur were recorded clean in regard to NO_X pollution.





Table No. 10: Data for NO_x recorded at AAQMS representing commercial areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of NOx | 98 th percentile | Average of NO _x | Min of NO _X |
|-------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 40 | 80 |
| | MIDC Water Works | 701 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 11.0 | 0.0 |
| AMR | Godhadiwala Private Limited | 549 | 17.0 | 16.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 |
| ALID | Jalna- Krishidhan seeds Ltd | 707 | 36.0 | 35.3 | 31.9 | 25.0 |
| AUR | MIDC Water Works | 641 | 38.0 | 34.1 | 18.6 | 9.0 |
| | Industrial Area CIDCO | 705 | 78.0 | 77.0 | 53.8 | 9.0 |
| | Chandrapur - MIDC | 281 | 45.0 | 37.1 | 17.2 | 0.0 |
| CDP | Tadali MIDC | 638 | 38.0 | 27.9 | 12.6 | 0.0 |
| | Rajura | 640 | 65.0 | 53.5 | 21.4 | 9.0 |
| KYN | Dombivali - MIDC Phase II | (blank) | 266.0 | 222.3 | 94.4 | 40.0 |
| | MIDC Office Dombivali | | 141.0 | 115.0 | 61.4 | 15.0 |
| KOP | Krishna Valley school | 576 | 83.0 | 78.9 | 43.3 | 18.0 |
| NGP | MIDC Office, Hingna Road | 288 | 79.0 | 71.0 | 40.7 | 0.0 |
| NHK | MIDC Jalgaon | 646 | 62.0 | 61.0 | 50.7 | 33.0 |
| INTIK | MIDC Satpur - VIP | 269 | 36.0 | 32.0 | 26.9 | 20.0 |
| | Rabale | 491 | 89.0 | 62.0 | 46.0 | 26.0 |
| NVM | Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan | 493 | 81.0 | 60.7 | 44.9 | 22.0 |
| | Taloja - MIDC Building | 496 | 72.0 | 59.0 | 44.8 | 26.0 |
| PUN | Bhosari | 312 | 83.0 | 81.9 | 39.2 | 13.0 |
| TNA | Kolshet | 305 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 13.5 | 9.0 |



NO_x concentration in residential areas

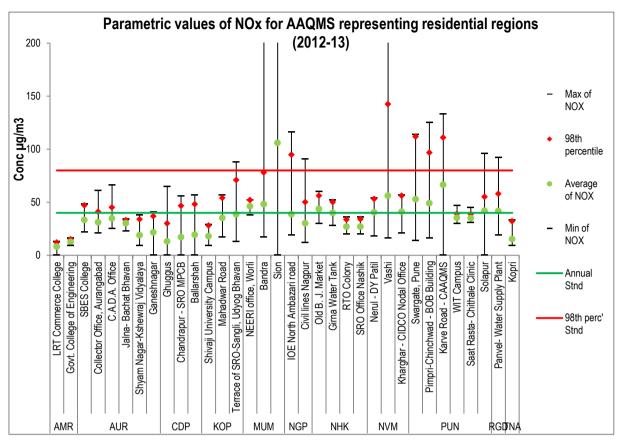


Figure No. 12: Parametric values of NOx for AAQMS representing residential regions (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

13 out of 34 monitoring stations (Figure No. 12) representing residential areas exceeded the annual average NOx concentrations. The AAQMS at Sion (Mumbai), recorded the highest annual concentration of NO $_{\rm X}$ (105.9 μ g/m³), violating the standard by more than 2.5 times. Also the monitoring at Bandra (Mumbai), which is located at a traffic junction recorded annual NOx levels of 48 μ g/m³.

All the monitoring stations in Navi Mumbai and 4 out of 6 AAQMS in Pune exceeded the annual NOx standard. These areas have dense vehicular population and also the monitoring is located close to highways and busy streets which influence the NO_X levels in those regions.

Residential areas in Amravati, Aurangabad, Nagpur and Thane region were the best performing regions in terms of NO_X pollution and recorded the least annual average concentrations of NO_X .



^{*}Data for NEERI office, Worli is procured from data posted on MPCB's website

Table No. 11: Data for NO_x recorded at AAQMS representing residential areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of NO _X | 98 th percentile | Average of NO _X | Min of NO _X |
|-----------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 40 | 80 |
| AMD | LRT Commerce College | 700 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 8.0 | 0.0 |
| AMR | Govt. College of Engineering | 548 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 12.5 | 9.0 |
| | SBES College | 511 | 48.0 | 47.0 | 33.3 | 22.0 |
| | Collector Office, Aurangabad | 512 | 61.0 | 41.0 | 31.0 | 21.0 |
| | C.A.D.A. Office | 513 | 66.0 | 45.0 | 34.7 | 25.0 |
| AUR | Jalna- Bachat Bhavan | 706 | 34.0 | 33.0 | 30.1 | 23.0 |
| | Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya | 642 | 38.0 | 33.9 | 18.8 | 9.0 |
| | Ganeshnagar | 703 | 41.0 | 36.8 | 21.4 | 0.0 |
| | Ghuggus | 267 | 65.0 | 30.0 | 13.0 | 0.0 |
| CDP | Chandrapur - SRO MPCB | 396 | 56.0 | 46.6 | 17.0 | 0.0 |
| | Ballarshah | 639 | 57.0 | 48.0 | 19.3 | 0.0 |
| | Shivaji University Campus | 508 | 29.0 | 27.9 | 17.9 | 9.0 |
| KOP | Mahadwar Road | 510 | 57.0 | 54.0 | 35.1 | 17.0 |
| KOP | Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan | 574 | 88.0 | 70.8 | 38.5 | 13.0 |
| | NEERI office, Worli | 349 | 52.0 | 52.0 | 46.1 | 38.0 |
| MUM | Bandra | (blank) | 312.0 | 77.9 | 48.0 | 17.0 |
| | Sion | | 269.0 | 207.5 | 105.9 | 0.0 |
| NICD | IOE North Ambazari road | 287 | 116.0 | 94.8 | 38.5 | 19.0 |
| NGP | Civil lines Nagpur | 711 | 91.0 | 50.0 | 30.1 | 12.0 |
| | Old B. J. Market | 644 | 60.0 | 56.0 | 43.6 | 30.0 |
|) II II (| Girna Water Tank | 645 | 52.0 | 50.0 | 40.0 | 28.0 |
| NHK | RTO Colony | 259 | 36.0 | 33.5 | 26.9 | 20.0 |
| | SRO Office Nashik | 710 | 36.0 | 34.0 | 26.9 | 20.0 |
| | Nerul - DY Patil | 492 | 54.0 | 53.0 | 40.3 | 18.0 |
| NVM | Vashi | (blank) | 290.0 | 142.4 | 56.1 | 16.0 |
| 14 7 171 | Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office | 494 | 57.0 | 56.0 | 41.0 | 21.0 |
| | Swargate, Pune | 381 | 114.0 | 111.8 | 52.8 | 14.0 |
| | Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building | 708 | 125. 0 | 96.7 | 49.0 | 16.0 |
| PUN | Karve Road - CAAQMS | (blank) | 133. 0 | 110.8 | 66.3 | 0.0 |
| | WIT Campus | 299 | 47.0 | 39.0 | 35.2 | 30.0 |
| | Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic | 300 | 45.0 | 38.7 | 34.9 | 31.0 |
| | Solapur | (blank) | 96.0 | 55.0 | 41.8 | 0.0 |
| RGD | Panvel- Water Supply Plant | 495 | 92.0 | 57.9 | 41.6 | 19.0 |
| TNA | Kopri | 303 | 33.0 | 32.0 | 15.2 | 9.0 |





NO_X concentration in rural and other areas

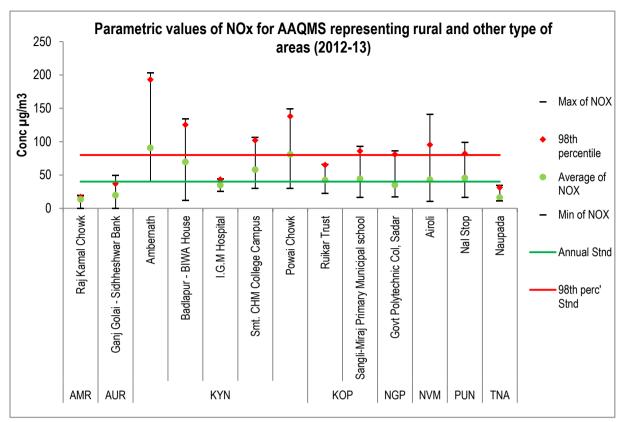


Figure No. 13: Parametric values of NOx for AAQMS representing rural and other type of areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

*Note: I.G.M Hospital is categorized as a sensitive type of monitoring zone by MPCB

Out of all the active monitoring stations representing rural or other typeof areas Kalyan, Pune and Navi-Mumbai regions exceeded the NOx standard.

Ambernth, Badlapur and Ulhasnagar area under Kalyan RO of MPCB, recorded annual NOx concentrations of 90.7, 69.5 and $58\mu g/m^3$ respectively. These areas are industrially influenced and also the vehicular population in these areas has increased in the past few years. The peak 24 hour reading at Ambernath monitoring was recorded to be $203\mu g/m^3$ followed by monitoring at Ulhasnagar (Powai Chowk) with maximum 24 hour NO_X concentration of $149\mu g/m^3$.

Pune (Nal-Stop) and Navi Mumbai (Airoli) recorded 42.8 and $45.4\mu g/m^3$ of annual NOx levels which is very close to the annual standard ($40\mu g/m^3$). Thane, Aurangabad, Nagpur and Kolhapur recorded NO_X concentration well within the standard. Raj Kamal Chowk AAQMS at Amravati recorded the least annual average NO_X concentration of $13.4\mu g/m^3$ among the stations representing rural and other type of areas.



Table No. 12: Data for NO_x recorded at AAQMS representing rural and other type of areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of NO _X | 98 th percentile | Average of NO _X | Min of NO _X |
|-----|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 40 | 80 |
| AMR | Raj Kamal Chowk | 547 | 19.0 | 17.0 | 13.4 | 0.0 |
| AUR | Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank | 643 | 49.0 | 36.9 | 19.7 | 0.0 |
| | Ambernath | (blank) | 203.0 | 193.0 | 90.7 | 40.0 |
| | Badlapur - BIWA House | 649 | 134.0 | 125.3 | 69.5 | 12.0 |
| KYN | I.G.M Hospital | (blank) | 44.0 | 43.0 | 34.6 | 25.0 |
| | Smt. CHM College Campus | 647 | 106.0 | 102.0 | 58.0 | 30.0 |
| | Powai Chowk | 648 | 149.0 | 138.0 | 80.8 | 30.0 |
| | Ruikar Trust | 509 | 66.0 | 65.0 | 42.1 | 22.0 |
| КОР | Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school | 575 | 93.0 | 86.0 | 44.4 | 16.0 |
| NGP | Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar | 314 | 86.0 | 80.8 | 34.9 | 17.0 |
| NVM | Airoli | (blank) | 141.0 | 95.2 | 42.8 | 10.0 |
| PUN | Nal Stop | 379 | 99.0 | 82.0 | 45.4 | 16.0 |
| TNA | Naupada | 304 | 34.0 | 31.0 | 16.0 | 11.0 |



NO_X concentration in commercial areas

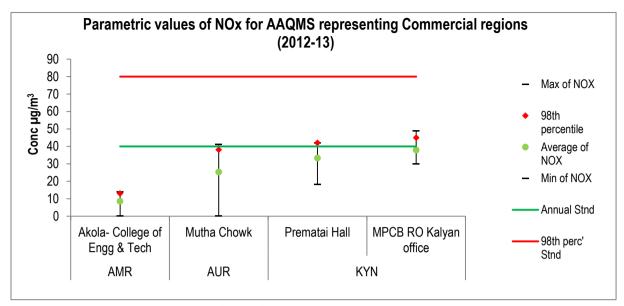


Figure No. 14: Parametric values of NOx for AAQMS representing Commercial regions (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

As seen in Figure No. 14, all the AAQMS representing commercial areas recorded NOx levels well below acceptable limits for annual and daily standard. Although the AAQMS at MPCB office at Kalyan, recorded the highest NOx value of $49\mu g/m^3$ the annual average was under $38\mu g/m^3$. AAQMS at Amravati recorded the lowest annual NOx concentrations of $8.4\mu g/m^3$.

Table No. 13: Data for NO_x recorded at AAOMS representing commercial areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of NO _X | 98 th percentile | Average of NO _X | Min of NO _X |
|------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 80 | 80 | 40 | 80 |
| AMR | Akola- College of Engg & Tech | 702 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 8.4 | 0.0 |
| AUR | Mutha Chowk | 704 | 41.0 | 38.0 | 25.3 | 0.0 |
| KYN | Prematai Hall | (blank) | 42.0 | 42.0 | 33.2 | 18.0 |
| KIIV | MPCB RO Kalyan office | (blank) | 49.0 | 45.0 | 37.8 | 30.0 |

Data Source: MPCB, 2014 Units: µg/m³





Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter (RSPM)

Particulate Matter is a complex mixture of fine particles and aerosols, and is also known as particle pollution. It is made up of a number of components, including acids (such as nitrates and sulfates), organic chemicals, metals, and dust particles. Particles that are 10 micrometers in diameter or smaller can pass through the throat and nose and enter the lungs and are commonly referred to as RSPM (Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter). They are even smaller than human hair follicle and fine sand particles (Figure No. 15). Once inhaled, these particles can affect the heart and lungs and cause serious health effects.

Various studies prove the relationship of high PM and respiratory problems. Statistical analysis of data indicate a relationship between increase in particulate concentration and rise in the number of hospital visits for upper respiratory infections, cardiac diseases, bronchitis, asthma, pneumonia, emphysema and so on. Studies also indicate that much of the PM in the atmosphere is carcinogenic in nature. In some cases it has been observed that exposure to particulate matter in combination with other pollutants such as SO₂ produces more severe health deterioration than exposure to each pollutant separately.

Several specific substances which are constituents of PM have been observed to cause some damage to plants and vegetation. Particles containing fluorides appear to cause plant damage, and magnesium oxide falling on agricultural soils has been seen to cause poor plant growth. PM affects the visibility in a region. Due to absorption and scattering of light by airborne particulates, the visibility tends to reduce. PM can affect painted surfaces, clothing, and curtains just by settling on them. Also, PM is known to cause direct chemical damage by corrosion.

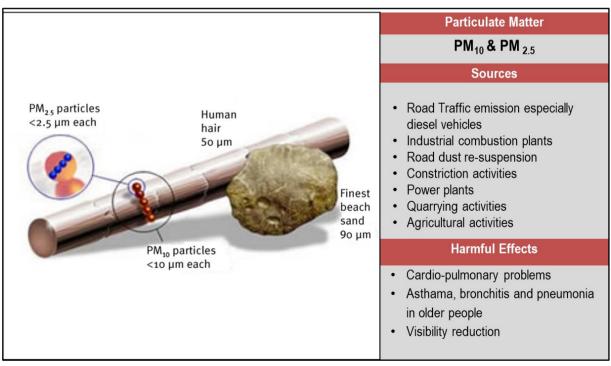


Figure No. 15: Size difference between $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} , their sources and harmful impacts of Particulate Matter

Data Source: Parivesh ENVIS, CPCB





RSPM concentrations in industrial areas

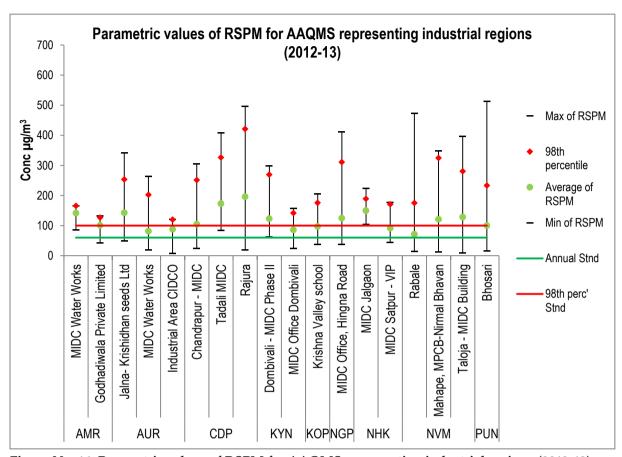


Figure No. 16: Parametric values of RSPM for AAQMS representing industrial regions (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

High concentration of RSPM has always been a concern for the state. In the year 2012-13, all the industrial areas were recorded with RSPM levels higher than the annual standard.

The Rajura and the Tadali industrial areas of Chandrapur region recorded annual RSPM concentrations of 196.1 and $173\mu g/m^3$ respectively, the highest among all the industrial areas in Maharashtra. The high RSPM levels in the area could be attributed to the coal mining activity and cement manufacturing companies in Rajura industrial for the. As seen in Figure No. 16, Rajura MIDC also recorded the highest 24 hour and the 98^{th} percentile concentration of RSPM above $400\mu g/m^3$, which was more than 4 times the daily standard $(100\mu g/m^3)$.

The industrial area at Amravati recorded a very narrow range between its highest $(166\mu g/m^3)$ and annual average $(141\mu g/m^3)$, indicating that more than 50% of the observations violated the standard and demands immediate attention and action. A major concern may be noted for MIDC Jalgaon, since even the minimum 24 hour reading recorded here $(104\mu g/m^3)$ exceeded the annual standard.



Table No. 14: Data for RSPM recorded at AAQMS representing industrial areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of RSPM | 98th percentile | Average of RSPM | Min of RSPM |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 100 | 100 | 60 | 100 |
| | MIDC Water Works | 701 | 166.0 | 165.8 | 141.6 | 86.0 |
| AMR | Godhadiwala Private Limited | 549 | 132.0 | 126.7 | 100.8 | 43.0 |
| | Jalna- Krishidhan seeds Ltd | 707 | 342.0 | 253.4 | 142.7 | 50.0 |
| AUR | MIDC Water Works | 641 | 264.0 | 202.5 | 81.9 | 20.0 |
| | Industrial Area CIDCO | 705 | 121.0 | 120.0 | 88.1 | 7.0 |
| | Chandrapur - MIDC | 281 | 305.0 | 251.6 | 104.5 | 25.0 |
| CDP | Tadali MIDC | 638 | 409.0 | 326.2 | 173.0 | 84.0 |
| | Rajura | 640 | 496.0 | 421.4 | 196.1 | 19.0 |
| KYN | Dombivali - MIDC Phase II | (blank) | 298.0 | 269.7 | 123.0 | 62.0 |
| | MIDC Office Dombivali | | 158.0 | 142.0 | 86.0 | 25.0 |
| KOP | Krishna Valley school | 576 | 205.0 | 175.8 | 97.4 | 37.0 |
| NGP | MIDC Office, Hingna Road | 288 | 411.0 | 311.2 | 124.7 | 37.0 |
| NHK | MIDC Jalgaon | 646 | 224.0 | 189.0 | 149.6 | 104.0 |
| NHK | MIDC Satpur - VIP | 269 | 177.0 | 170.9 | 91.8 | 44.0 |
| | Rabale | 491 | 473.0 | 175.5 | 71.4 | 14.0 |
| NVM | Mahape, MPCB- Nirmal Bhavan | 493 | 349.0 | 324.7 | 121.3 | 12.0 |
| | Taloja - MIDC Building | 496 | 396.0 | 280.9 | 128.6 | 10.0 |
| PUN | Bhosari | 312 | 514.0 | 233.6 | 100.5 | 15.0 |
| TNA | Kolshet | 305 | 141.0 | 135.2 | 72.9 | 51.0 |





RSPM concentrations in residential areas

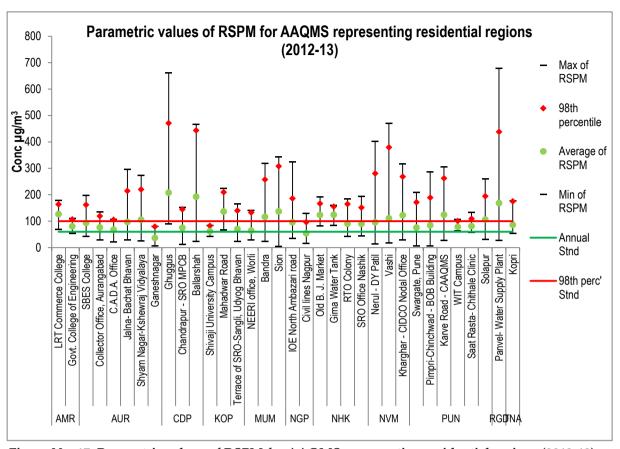


Figure No. 17: Parametric values of RSPM for AAQMS representing residential regions (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

Amongst the monitored residential areas in Maharashtra, only the Ganeshnagar AAQMS of Aurangabad region recorded levels of RSPM concentration which were acceptable as clean in the year 2012-13, all other areas violated the standard set for RSPM.

Similar to the industrial monitoring, the AAQMS representing Ghuggus and Ballarshah residential area in Chandrapur recorded highest annual RSPM concentrations of 207 and $192\mu g/m^3$ respectively.

As for the residential areas of Mumbai and Navi Mumbai, which recorded high NOx levels, annual RSPM levels were recorded to be almost double the annual standard. In Mumbai the AAQMS at Sion and Bandra recorded annual concentrations of 136.5 and $115.9 \mu g/m^3$ respectively.

Residential areas of Pune, Amravati and Nashik recorded RSPM levels within a very narrow range, between (100 to $200\mu g/m^3$), indicating high level of RSPM pollution at any given time of the year.





^{*}Data for NEERI office, Worli is procured from data posted on MPCB's website

Table No. 15: Data for RSPM recorded at AAQMS representing residential areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of RSPM | 98th percentile | Average of RSPM | Min of RSPM |
|------|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 100 | 100 | 60 | 100 |
| | LRT Commerce College | 700 | 179.0 | 163.0 | 126.1 | 68.0 |
| AMR | Govt. College of Engineering | 548 | 110.0 | 106.0 | 80.0 | 52.0 |
| | SBES College | 511 | 197.0 | 161.6 | 92.8 | 42.0 |
| | Collector Office, Aurangabad | 512 | 135.0 | 119.0 | 75.7 | 28.0 |
| ATID | C.A.D.A. Office | 513 | 106.0 | 104.9 | 67.6 | 20.0 |
| AUR | Jalna- Bachat Bhavan | 706 | 296.0 | 214.4 | 96.7 | 29.0 |
| | Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya | 642 | 272.0 | 219.5 | 104.9 | 25.0 |
| | Ganeshnagar | 703 | 80.0 | 79.0 | 35.8 | 5.0 |
| | Ghuggus | 267 | 661.0 | 470.6 | 207.3 | 89.0 |
| CDP | Chandrapur - SRO MPCB | 396 | 151.0 | 144.6 | 74.7 | 11.0 |
| | Ballarshah | 639 | 467.0 | 443.3 | 192.3 | 24.0 |
| | Shivaji University Campus | 508 | 84.0 | 81.9 | 61.4 | 42.0 |
| KOP | Mahadwar Road | 510 | 224.0 | 209.0 | 136.1 | 66.0 |
| KOI | Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan | 574 | 165.0 | 139.7 | 69.8 | 23.0 |
| | NEERI office, Worli | 349 | 140.0 | 132.6 | 63.5 | 28.0 |
| MUM | Bandra | (blank) | 318.0 | 257.2 | 115.9 | 22.0 |
| | Sion | | 342.0 | 307.4 | 136.5 | 4.0 |
| NGP | IOE North Ambazari road | 287 | 324.0 | 185.6 | 95.6 | 34.0 |
| NGP | Civil lines Nagpur | 711 | 128.0 | 95.9 | 53.7 | 15.0 |
| | Old B. J. Market | 644 | 192.0 | 166.0 | 123.2 | 81.0 |
| NHK | Girna Water Tank | 645 | 159.0 | 155.0 | 123.8 | 84.0 |
| NHK | RTO Colony | 259 | 183.0 | 164.5 | 89.6 | 42.0 |
| | SRO Office Nashik | 710 | 193.0 | 151.0 | 89.6 | 43.0 |
| | Nerul - DY Patil | 492 | 401.0 | 280.1 | 95.4 | 13.0 |
| NVM | Vashi | (blank) | 470.0 | 378.8 | 110.3 | 18.0 |
| | Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office | 494 | 317.0 | 268.0 | 121.9 | 29.0 |
| | Swargate, Pune | 381 | 209.0 | 170.9 | 75.3 | 6.0 |
| | Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building | 708 | 286.0 | 188.5 | 83.9 | 6.0 |
| PUN | Karve Road - CAAQMS | (blank) | 305.0 | 261.8 | 124.0 | 27.0 |
| | WIT Campus | 299 | 107.0 | 99.9 | 78.0 | 62.0 |
| | Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic | 300 | 132.0 | 108.8 | 81.0 | 57.0 |
| | Solapur | (blank) | 260.0 | 194.0 | 105.8 | 30.0 |
| RGD | Panvel- Water Supply Plant | 495 | 678.0 | 437.5 | 168.0 | 26.0 |
| TNA | Kopri | 303 | 177.0 | 174.6 | 85.8 | 53.0 |





RSPM concentrations in rural and other of areas

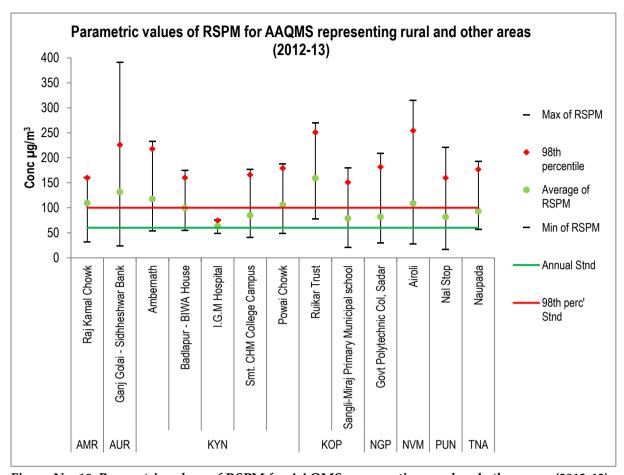


Figure No. 18: Parametric values of RSPM for AAQMS representing rural and other areas (2012-13)

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

*Note: I.G.M Hospital is categorized as a sensitive type of monitoring zone by MPCB

The AAQMS at Ruikar trust in Kolhapur recorded its 98^{th} percentile and annual average reading between 160 and $250\mu g/m^3$. Also the minimum RSPM concentration recorded here $(78\mu g/m^3)$ was more than the annual standard. This was followed by the monitoring at Aurangabad (Ganj Golai) and at Ambernath area of Kalyan RO.

A remarkable increase in the annual concentrations of RSPM may be noted at the AAQMS installed at Naupada (Thane) which has almost doubled in one year from 56.0 to $93.1\mu g/m^3$ much above the annual standard.

As per Figure No. 18, the RSPM monitoring at the IGM hospital (Bhiwandi) representing a sensitive area also exceeded the annual standard set for sensitive areas.



Table No. 16: Data for RSPM recorded at AAQMS representing rural and other areas (2012-13)

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of RSPM | 98th percentile | Average of RSPM | Min of RSPM |
|-----|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 100 | 100 | 60 | 100 |
| AMR | Raj Kamal Chowk | 547 | 161.0 | 159.8 | 109.5 | 32.0 |
| AUR | Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank | 643 | 391.0 | 225.8 | 131.7 | 24.0 |
| | Ambernath | (blank) | 233.0 | 218.0 | 117.6 | 54.0 |
| | Badlapur - BIWA House | 649 | 175.0 | 160.1 | 99.5 | 55.0 |
| KYN | I.G.M Hospital | (blank) | 76.0 | 74.2 | 63.1 | 49.0 |
| | Smt. CHM College Campus | 647 | 177.0 | 166.1 | 84.9 | 41.0 |
| | Powai Chowk | 648 | 188.0 | 179.0 | 105.8 | 49.0 |
| | Ruikar Trust | 509 | 270.0 | 250.9 | 159.1 | 78.0 |
| КОР | Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school | 575 | 180.0 | 151.0 | 78.7 | 21.0 |
| NGP | Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar | 314 | 209.0 | 181.8 | 81.9 | 30.0 |
| NVM | Airoli | (blank) | 315.0 | 254.5 | 108.9 | 28.0 |
| PUN | Nal Stop | 379 | 221.0 | 160.0 | 81.6 | 17.0 |
| TNA | Naupada | 304 | 193.0 | 177.0 | 93.1 | 57.0 |





RSPM concentrations in commercial areas

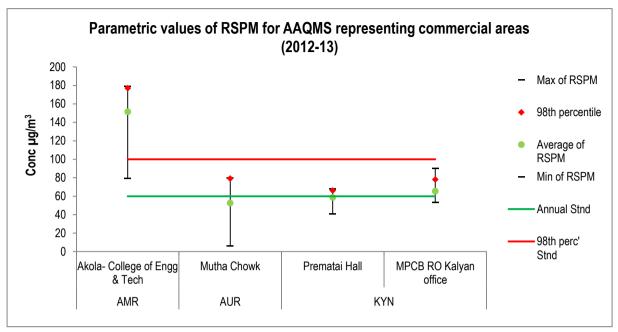


Figure No. 19: Parametric values of RSPM for AAQMS representing commercial areas

Data Source: MPCB, 2014

Contrary to the SO_2 and NO_X pollution which were well below standard for commercial areas, RSPM pollution was found to exceed the standard at 2 commercial locations Amravati and Kalyan. Among commercial areas Amravati recorded the highest pollution levels for RSPM with a maximum value of $179\mu g/m^3$ and an average annual concentration of $151.4\mu g/m^3$. AAQMS at Kalyan RO of MPCB also violated the annual standard and recorded annual average RSPM concentrations of about $65.4\mu g/m^3$. Annual RSPM levels at Bhiwandi (Prematai hall) $(58.5\mu g/m^3)$ were close to the annual average standard too.

Table No. 17: Data for RSPM recorded at AAQMS representing rural and other areas (2012-13

| RO | Monitoring Station | Station Code | Max of RSPM | 98th percentile | Average of RSPM | Min of RSPM |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | CPCB Standard | | 100 | 100 | 60 | 100 |
| AMR | Akola- College of Engg & Tech | 702 | 179.0 | 177.0 | 151.4 | 79.0 |
| AUR | Mutha Chowk | 704 | 80.0 | 79.0 | 52.6 | 6.0 |
| IVVNI | Prematai Hall | (blank) | 68.0 | 66.0 | 58.5 | 41.0 |
| KYN | MPCB RO Kalyan office | (blank) | 90.0 | 78.0 | 65.4 | 53.0 |





Carbon Monoxide

Partial oxidation of carbon-containing compounds leads to production of CO (Carbon monoxide); which forms when there is not enough oxygen to produce CO₂ (carbon dioxide), such as when operating a stove or an internal combustion engine in an enclosed space. CO has no colour, odour or taste and is highly toxic to humans and animals at higher concentrations. Although CO has a half-life of 5 hours in fresh air, it combines with haemoglobin to produce carboxy-haemoglobin, which occupies the space in haemoglobin that normally carries oxygen, and hence is a toxic gas. It is known to reduce the oxygen carrying capacity of blood, causes headaches, nausea, and dizziness and at high concentrations can lead to death. Partial combustion of petroleum products in vehicles and, emissions from gas stoves are some of the major sources of CO emissions.

CO is monitored at the CAAQMS in Maharashtra at Bandra, Pune and Solapur. The 8 hour concentrations have been presented for the data recorded at the CAAQMS for the year 2012-13 in Figure No. 20.

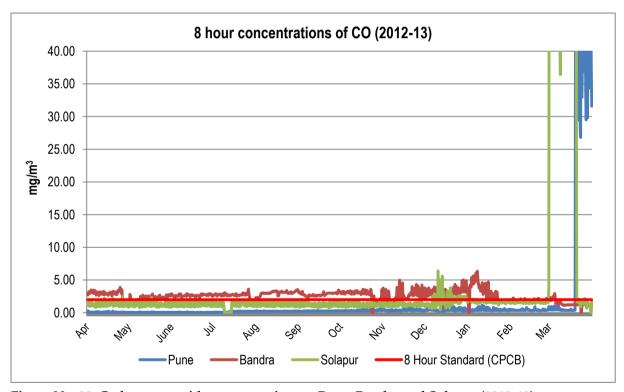


Figure No. 20: Carbon monoxide concentrations at Pune, Bandra and Solapur (2012-13)

The Bandra region consistently exceeded the 8 hourly standard (2mg/m³) for almost all months of the year except the month of February and March. More than 74% of the total readings at the Bandra CAAQMS (1087) exceed the 8 hourly standard.

This was in contrast to the readings in recorded in Pune and Solapur where the reading were below the standard, for most of the time in the year but at both the places the CO level increased dramatically between February and March. Pune and Solapur recorded percentage exceedence of 10.8 and 3 percent respectively. Also fluctuations were recorded in December for CO levels at Solapur.





Ozone

O₃ (Ozone) is a secondary pollutant, formed when NOx and VOCs undergo a photochemical reaction in the atmosphere. People who are active outdoors, especially in hot sunny days are more vulnerable to the harmful impacts of O₃. Children are also more likely than adults to have asthma as an impact of O₃ pollution. Breathing ozone can trigger a variety of health problems including chest pain, coughing, throat irritation, and congestion. It can worsen bronchitis, emphysema, and asthma. Ground level ozone also can reduce lung function and inflame the linings of the lungs. Repeated exposure may permanently scar lung tissue.

Ozone is monitored at select locations in Maharashtra. The data for ozone monitored by the CAAQMS at Pune, Bandra for the year 2012-13 has been presented in Figure No. 21.

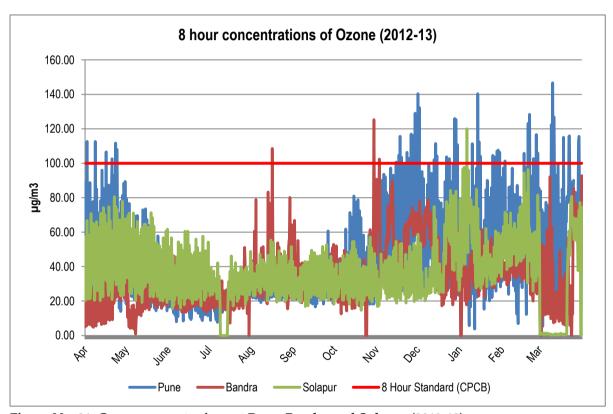


Figure No. 21: Ozone concentrations at Pune, Bandra and Solapur (2012-13)

 O_3 levels were recorded to be moderately high in Pune whereas Solapur and Bandra stations recorded O_3 levels well below the 8 hour standard. The Pune stations recorded percentage exceedence of about 4.8% while Bandra and Solapur station registered a percentage exceedence of 0.4 and 0.2 respectively. The reason for slightly higher ozone condition in Pune could be attributed to the prevailing weather conditions and complex chemistry in formation of ozone involving hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides in presence of sunlight.



Benzene

Benzene (C₆H₆) is a colourless sweet smelling liquid and is generated whenever carbon-rich materials undergo incomplete combustion. Combustion of aromatic compounds, evaporation during fuelling, tobacco smoke, furniture wax and glue paints are some of the major sources of benzene pollution. The natural sources include volcanoes and forest fires. Benzene increases the risk of cancer and other illnesses. Benzene is a notorious cause of bone marrow failure. Substantial quantities of epidemiologic, clinical, and laboratory data link benzene to aplastic anaemia, acute leukaemia, and bone marrow abnormalities. Benzene targets liver, kidney, lung, heart and the brain and can cause strand breaks of the DNA (Deoxyribonucleic acid), ultimately leading to chromosomal damage.

Benzene pollution was recorded at 2 CAAQMS, Bandra and Pune. The annual average benzene concentrations were recorded to be 0.85 and 0.73μg/m³ respectively. The annual average standard for benzene have been set as 5μg/m³ by CPCB, indicating that the benzene pollution at both the locations was well below the permissible limits. However the highest 8 hour ozone concentration recorded at Bandra and Pune were 1.3 and 225μg/m³ respectively. Both the stations recorded high benzene concentrations in the month of March, especially the Pune CAAQMS which recorded unusually high level of day time benzene concentrations. A cyclic trend, of night time low and day time high concentrations of benzene was recorded throughout the month of March at Pune. This could be attributed to some renovation and repair work (external painting/road repair) which may have involved usage of chemicals containing benzene ring.



Air Quality Index

Quality of air around us has direct implications on our health. The air quality, like weather of a location, can change dynamically within a span of an hour. Hence to convey the information on outdoor air quality in the easiest possible way which could be easily understood by general public, tools such as AQI (Air Quality Index) have been devised.

Various International environmental agencies such as US-EPA have developed their own set of mathematical algorithms to determine AQI, which are based on human exposure dose of air pollutants. Pollutant specific, parametric indexing has become very instrumental and indicative in drawing conclusion on the status and trend of air quality by measuring pollution.

The AQI is useful for reporting daily air quality and to gauge the pollution load. Most of the AQI developed by various agencies are within a range of 0 to 500. An AQI of 100 or below indicates attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards. Higher value of AQI indicates high level of pollution. When AQI values are above 100, air quality is considered to be unhealthy—at first for certain sensitive groups of people, then for everyone (including healthy people) as AQI values get higher. Depending upon 'doses of exposure' they are further divided into five classes of AQI, which present different health concerns. To make it easy to understand, the categories of AQI are assigned color codes (**Figure No. 22**) i.e. color Green to 'Good', Yellow to 'Moderate', Orange to 'Poor', Red to 'Very Poor' and Dark Red to 'Severe'.

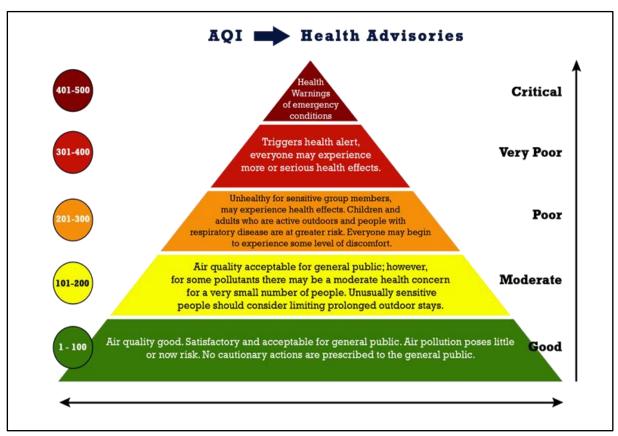


Figure No. 22: Health advisories for various range of Air Quality Indices and respective colour codes

Data Source: EPA and System of Air Quality Weather Forecasting and Research, MoES, GoI

AQI for Indian Standards

With reference to the formula used for calculating AQI, the breakpoint used for SO_X and NO_2 by EPA are of 1 hour averaging time and not 24-hourly whereas, the AAQMS in Maharashtra report levels of major air pollutants for a period of 24-hour. In addition, an AQI value of 100 or below would correspond to the attainment of the pollutant concentration adhering to National Ambient Standards. Since it was not possible to derive any value from it, US-EPA's algorithms were not used.

Air quality index is a piecewise linear function of the pollutant concentration and there is a discontinuous jump of AQI unit and the corresponding adjustments are made to set the low and high range of AQI corresponding to a certain concentration of the pollutant. IIT-Kanpur has defined daily exposure limits of various pollutants and laid sets of formulae to calculate AQI on similar lines with other indexing worldwide (Table No. 18). These calculations have been endorsed by NEERI (National Environmental Engineering Research Institute), a constituent of CSIR (Council of Scientific & Industrial Research)⁵, India.

The algorithm for calculating Air Quality Index is based upon daily averaging time and since dynamic behaviour of concentration of air pollutants causes it to change even within an hour, mentioning of the air quality annually would average out the extremities. The possibility of examining daily air quality gives the scope to study in detail the subject and hence the daily data recorded by AAQMS against the 24 hour standard has been considered while developing the AQI for the AAQMS in Maharashtra.

Table No. 18: Sub-index and breakpoint pollutant concentration for Indian Air Quality Index

| | | SO ₂ | NO _X | SPM | RSPM |
|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Index | Category | (24 hr avg) | (24-hr avg) | (24-hr avg.) | (24-hr avg.) |
| | | (µgm/m³) | $(\mu gm/m^3)$ | (µgm/m³) | $(\mu gm/m^3)$ |
| 0-100 | Good | 0-80 | 0-80 | 0-200 | 0-100 |
| 101-200 | Moderate | 81-367 | 81-180 | 201-260 | 101-150 |
| 201-300 | Poor | 368-786 | 181-564 | 261-400 | 151-350 |
| 301-400 | Very poor | 787-1572 | 565-1272 | 401-800 | 351-420 |
| 401-500 | Severe | >1572 | >1272 | >800 | >420 |

$$I = \frac{(I_{High} - I_{low})}{(C_{high} - C_{low})} * (C - C_{low}) + I_{low}$$

where: I = the (Air Quality) index

C = the pollutant concentration

 $C_{low} =$ the concentration breakpoint that is $\leq C$ $C_{high} =$ the concentration breakpoint that is $\geq C$ $I_{low} =$ the index breakpoint corresponding to C_{low} $I_{High} =$ the index breakpoint corresponding to C_{high}

⁵Research Article, Prakash Mamta and Bassin J.K, <u>Analysis of Ambient Air Quality Using Air Quality Index</u>, IJAET/Vol.I/ Issue II/July-Sept.,2010/106-114; E-ISSN 0976-3945





AQI for AAQMS in Maharashtra

The data generated by continuous monitoring of parameters, majorly three of them namely–RSPM, NO_X , and SO_2 at selected locations spread across the state, have been analysed for above mentioned calculations. The concentration levels were then converted into AQI using the formulae elaborated in Table No. 18. Finally, the highest or 'dominant' of the AQI value for the respective individual pollutant becomes the AQI for that day.

As per the results obtained upon developing the composite AQI, one may note from **Figure No. 23**, that mere 8 AAQMS in the state met the daily standard of good air quality for at least 98 percent of the observations; while majority of the regions have moderate air quality for most of the year.

It is striking to note that 4 out of 6 AAQMS, namely Rajura, Ballarshah, Ghuggus, and Tadali MIDC have poor air quality for more than 60% of the times in the year. The situation is even more critical at Rajura and Ghuggus where at certain days the air quality has been recorded to be in the category of very poor and severe. The bias is majorly due to high RSPM levels recorded in the region, since the AQI for SO₂ and NOx levels in the region are well within the acceptable limits and the air quality was recorded to be good for both the parameters (Figure No. 26 and Figure No. 27). The mining activities, emissions from power plants, cement factories in the region could be the major source of the same. A stringent regulatory policy and strict adherence to the norms is highly desired in the region.

The AAQMS in Amravati recorded moderate to poor air quality for more than 50 percent of the observations in the region. The MIDC area in Amravati and the area represented by the AAQMS at Akola College of Engineering recorded good air quality for less than 5 percent of the observations. The only exception in the RO was the AAQMS at Government engineering college which recorded good air quality for almost 90 percent of the observed days. The poor air quality in this region could be majorly attributed because of high RSPM levels recorded by the AAQMS the AQI for SO₂ and NOx levels in the region are well within the, acceptable limits.

The MIDC region in Jalgaon, under Nashik RO failed to have good air quality even for a single day. The high levels of RSPM and NOx concentrations in the region could be attributed for the same. Although the NOx levels recorded at AAQMS at Jalgaon are lower than the daily standard but the NOx levels failed to meet the annual standard.

The RO wise and type wise percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQI for the AAQMS in Maharashtra have been presented in Figure No. 23 and Figure No. 24. To further analyse the parameter wise, RSPM (Figure No. 25), NOx (Figure No. 26) and SO₂ (Figure No. 27), occurrence of these have been presented separately for further investigation.





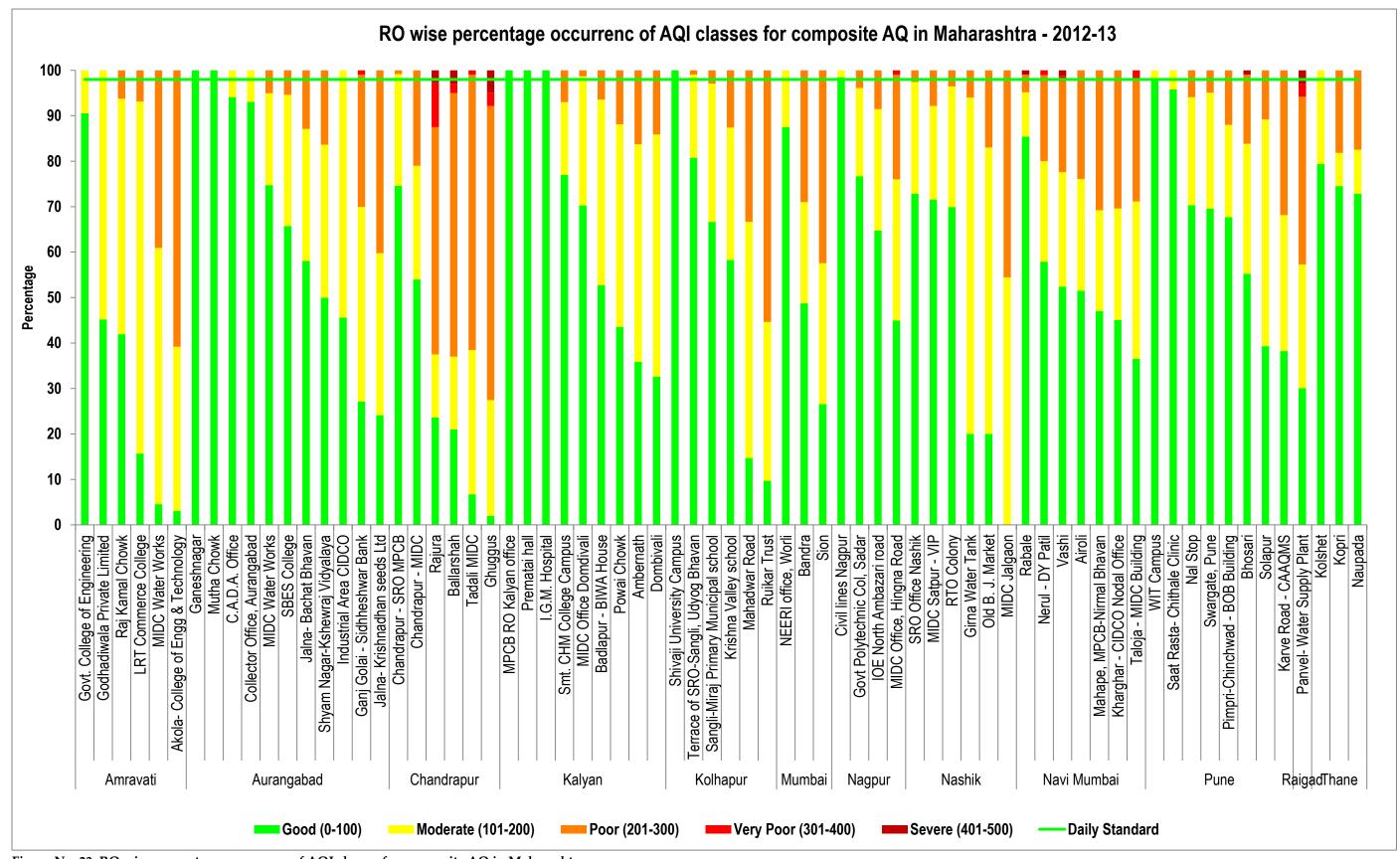


Figure No. 23: RO wise percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Maharashtra

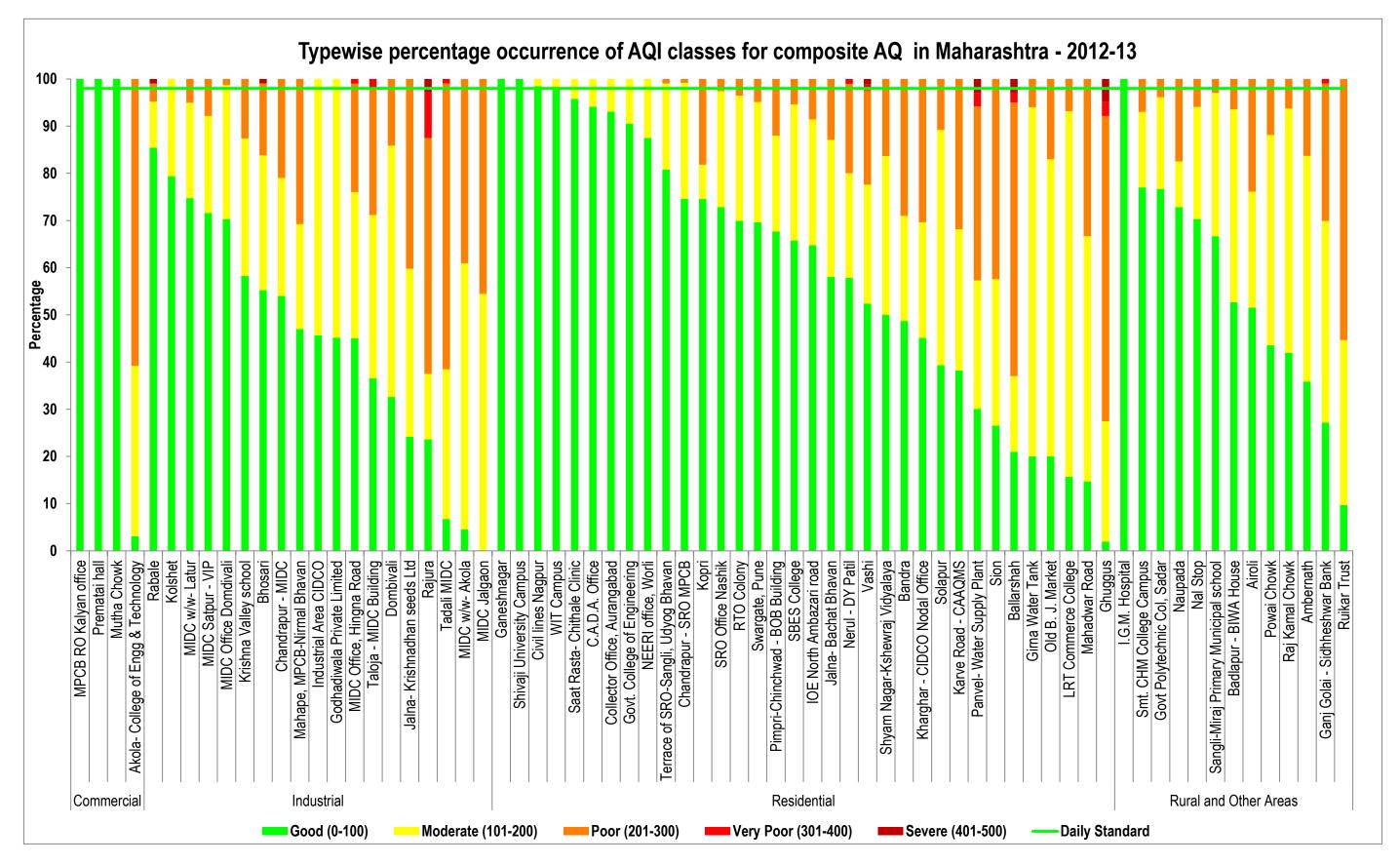


Figure No. 24: Type wise percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Maharashtra





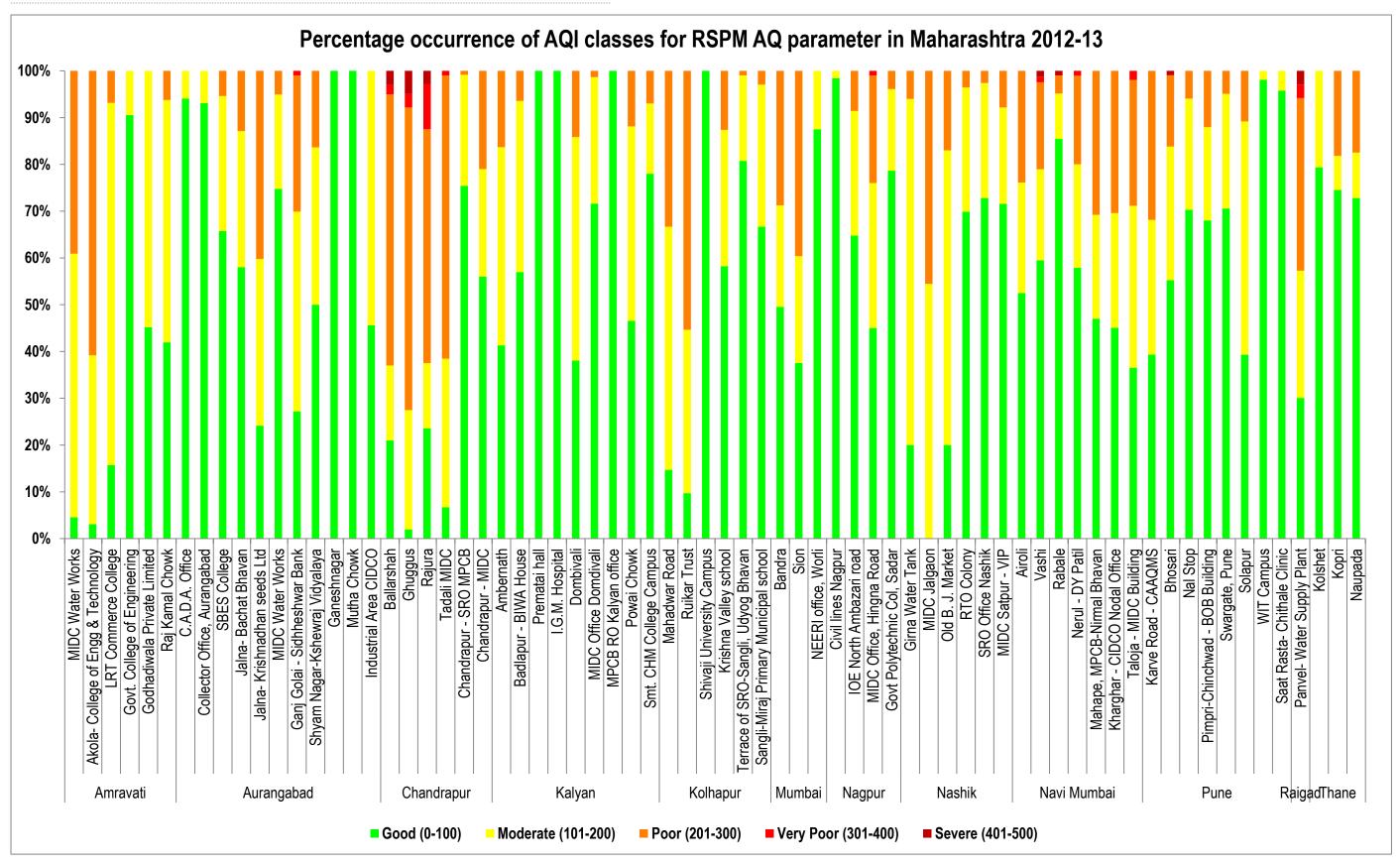


Figure No. 25: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for RSPM AQ parameter in Maharashtra





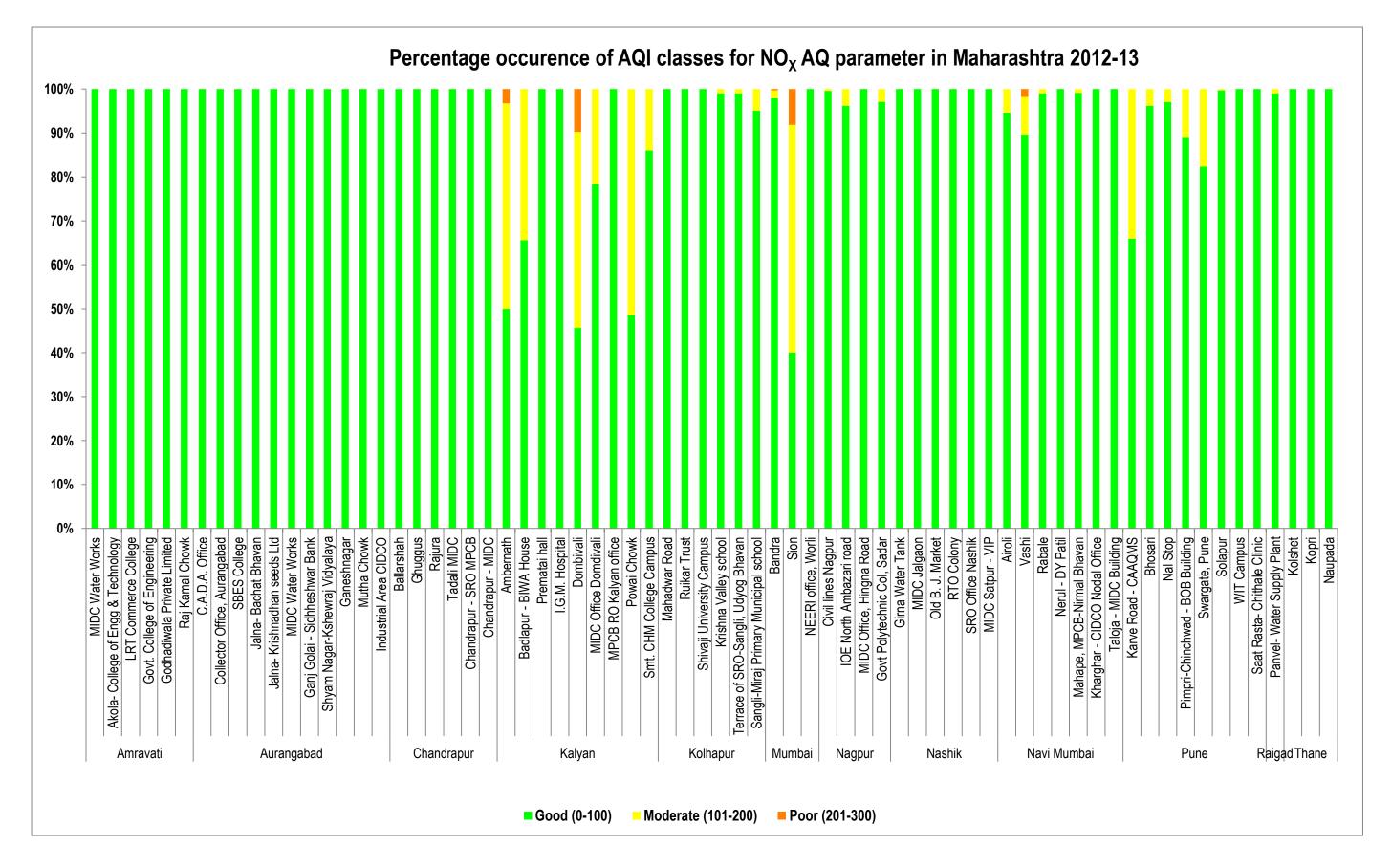


Figure No. 26: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for NO_X AQ parameter in Maharashtra





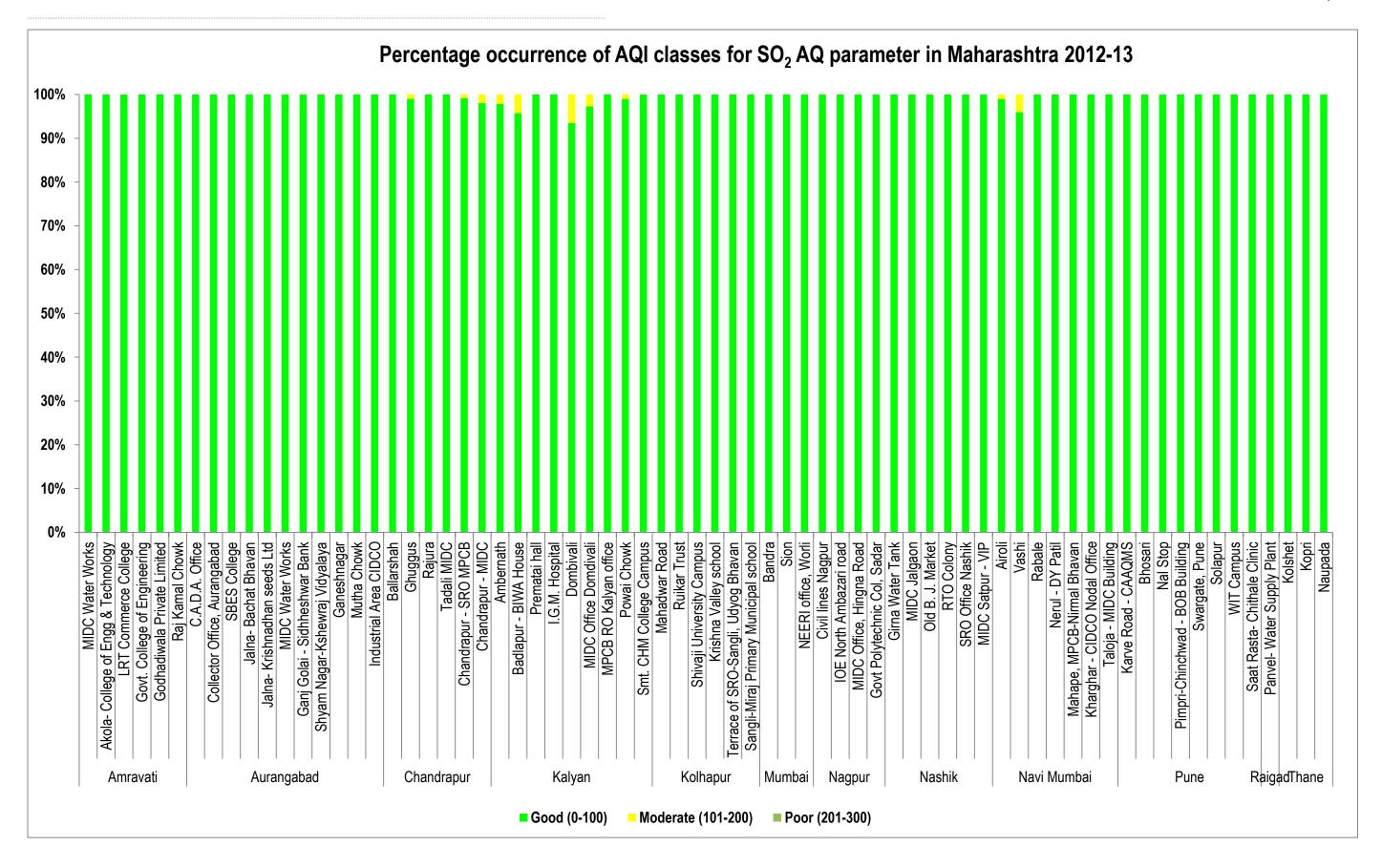


Figure No. 27: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for SO₂ AQ parameter in Maharashtra





Conclusion

Urbanization, industrialization, vehicular emissions, construction sector, quarrying and mining activities and so on are some of the major drivers for air pollution in Maharashtra. MPCB has been implementing strategies for air monitoring and has the highest number of AAQMS under NAMP in India. As a result, MPCB records massive amount of datasets which was used in this report, to present an overview on the status of concentration for various air pollutants recorded at 69 AAQM stations which were active in the year 2012-13.

Out of all the measured parameters including, SO₂, NO_x, RSPM, CO, benzene and Ozone the main and primary pollutant was RSPM (PM₁₀) followed by NO_x. RSPM was found to exceed the annual standard at 65 out of 79 AAQMS in the year 2012-13. It was found that 45% times the particulate concentration in ambient air exceeded daily standard. Areas influenced with industries and mining activities (quarry sites) like Chandrapur and Navi Mumbai, recorded severe levels of RSPM concentrations.

The NOx concentration values exceeded at 29 out of 69 AAQMS, in the year 2012-13. Annual trends were found to be less conclusive, proposing the needs for implementation of control measure for areas with higher exposure of NOx. Navi Mumbai area recorded high levels of Nox pollution and requires immediate attention. The SO₂ pollution posed no threat as its annual average readings were recorded to be below standard at almost all the monitoring stations, except for the monitoring at Dombivali area as both the monitoring stations in Dombivali, recorded annual SO₂ concentrations very close to the annual standard.

CO and Ozone are among 6 major pollutants commonly found in urban environment and have the potential to harm human health and properties, but the monitoring of CO and Ozone was limited to Bandra and Pune monitoring station. It was found that the relation is seasonal as well as region-based for these two pollutants. Upon comparing with national CO standard it was observed that 74% times the CO levels exceeded in Bandra, whereas in Pune it was majorly found to be below the permissible limits and recorded mere 3% exceedence for CO levels. The Ozone stood as non-polluting at Bandra with mere 0.4% exceedence levels for 8 hour standard, whereas in Pune the ozone concentrations recorded 4.8% of exceedence.

Given the fact that Maharashtra is the most urbanized and highly industrialized augmenting new AAQMS to the existing network is highly desired. Rapidly developing regions and regions which are yet to have a regular AAQM stations should be prioritized. A road map to be developed to strengthen the monitoring network. Areas like Badlapur, Ulhasnagar, Chandrapur and so on which recorded high pollutant concentrations in 2012-13 should be considered for installing CAAQMS.

Annex – I: List of AAQMS in Maharashtra

| RO | Region | Program | Station | Location | Type |
|------------|------------|---------|---|--|---------------------|
| | Amravati | NAMP | Godhadiwala Private Limited | Building of Apurva Oil Industries | Industrial |
| | | | Govt. College of Engineering | Terrace of Govt. Coll. Of Engi., Electronic & Computer Building Amravati | Residential |
| Amravati | | | Raja Kamal Chowk, Amravati Vanita Samaj Building | | Rural & other areas |
| An | Akola | NAMP | Collage of Eng. And Technology Akola Akola (Architecture of branch) | | Commercial |
| | | | LR College of Engg | Plot No. 10 Ranpise Nagar professor Colony | Residential |
| | | | MIDC Water Works | Phase II, MIDC | Industrial |
| | Aurangabad | NAMP | C.A.D.A. Office | C.A.D.A. Office , Garkheda Aurangabad | Residential |
| | | | Collector Office, Aurangabad | Collector Office | Residential |
| | | | SBES College | SBES College Campus, Aurangabad | Residential |
| abad | Jalna | NAMP | Jalna- Bachat Bhavan | Bachat Bhavan Building Jalna | Residential |
| Aurangabad | | | Jalna- Krishna Dhan | Krishna Dhan Compound Jalna | Industrial |
| Αr | Latur | NAMP | MIDC Water Works | Latur | Industrial |
| | | | Terrace of Kshewraj Vidyalaya | Latur | Residential |
| | | | Terrace of Sidhheshwar Sahakari Bank | Ganjgolai, Latur | Rural & other areas |

| RO | Region | Program | Station | Location | Туре |
|------------|------------|---------|---|--|---------------------|
| | Nanded | NAMP | Ganeshnagar | Nanded | Residential |
| | | | Industrial Area CIDCO | Nanded | Industrial |
| | | | MuthaChowk | Nanded | Commercial |
| | Chandrapur | NAMP | Ballarshah | Ballarpur | Residential |
| | | | Ghuggus Office of Grampanchayat Ghuggus | | Residential |
| apur | | | MIDC, Chandrapur | M/s Multiorganic Pvt. Ltd. Chandrapur | Industrial |
| Chandrapur | | | Rajura | Chandrapur | Industrial |
| Ū | | | SRO Office, Chandrapur | Office of Nagar Parishad Chandrapur Premises | Residential |
| | | | Tadali MIDC | MIDC | Industrial |
| | Ambernath | NAMP | Ambernath | Ambernath Municipal Council Building, Ambernath | Rural & other areas |
| | Badlapur | NAMP | Badlapur | BIWA Office, Badlapur | Rural & other areas |
| Kalyan | Bhiwandi | SAMP | I.G.MHospital | Bhiwandi | Sensitive |
| Kal | | | Premataihall | Bhiwandi | Commercial |
| | Dombivali | NAMP | Dombivali | CETP, Phase- II MIDC, Dombivali | Industrial |
| | | SAMP | MIDC Office Domdivali | Dombivali | Industrial |
| | Kalyan | SAMP | MPCB Ro Kalyan office | Kalyan | Commercial |



| RO | Region | Program | Station | Location | Туре |
|----------|------------|---------|---|--|---------------------|
| | Ulhasnagar | NAMP | Powai Chowk | Octroi Naka | Rural & other areas |
| | | | Smt. Chandibai Himmatlal Mansukhani College Campus | CHM College Ulhasnagar | Rural & other areas |
| | Chiplun | NAMP | MIDC Chalkewadi | MIDC Chalkewadi, Chiplun | Residential |
| | | | MIDC Lote | MIDC Water supply Plant Chiplun | Industrial |
| | Kolhapur | NAMP | Mahadwar Road | Near Mahalaxmi temple ,Kolhapur | Residential |
| pur | | | Ruikar Trust Ruikar trust, Dhabhokar corner, Kolhapur | | Rural & other areas |
| Kolhapur | | | Shivaji University | Shivaji University Campus, Vidyanagar, Kolhapur | Residential |
| | Sangli | NAMP | Krishna Valley school | MIDC Kupwad | Industrial |
| | | | Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school, Near Bharati Vidyapeeth | Rajawada Chowk, Sangli | Rural & other areas |
| | | | Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan | Vishrambag, Sangli | Residential |
| ai | Mumbai | CAAQMS | Bandra | Govt. Polytechnique.Premises Kherwadi | Residential |
| Mumbai | | | Sion | Sion Hospital | Residential |
| Σ | | NAMP | Neeri office, Worli | Worli | Residential |
| Nagpur | Nagpur | NAMP | Civil lines Nagpur RO Office Nagpur Premises | | Residential |
| Nag | | | Hingna Road | MIDC office Hingna Road Nagpur | Industrial |





| RO | Region | Program | Station | Location | Type |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|---|---------------------|
| | | | North Ambazani road | North Ambazani road Terrace of Institute of Engineering, North Ambazano road | |
| | | | Sadar | Govt. poly technique College , Sadar | Rural & other areas |
| | Jalgaon | NAMP | Girna Water Tank Ramanand Nagar | | Residential |
| | | | MIDC Jalgaon Terrace of MIDC Office | | Industrial |
| Nashik | | | Old B. J. Market | Terrace of SRO building | Residential |
| Nas | Nashik | NAMP | MIDC Satpur | VIP industries ltd ,MIDC satpur, Nashik | Industrial |
| | | | RTO Colony | RTO Colony Water Tank near Golf Club | Residential |
| | | | SRO Office Nashik | Udyog Bhavan | Residential |
| | Navi Mumbai | CAAQMS NAMP | Airoli | Airoli fire station | Rural & other areas |
| •= | | | Vashi | Fire Brigade compound, Vashi. | Residential |
| ımba | | | MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan, Mahape | Central lab Building, MPCB Navi Mumbai | Industrial |
| Navi Mumbai | | | Nerul Dr.D.Y. Patil College Building Nerul | | Residential |
| | | | Rabale | T.B.I.A, Rabale | Industrial |
| | Taloja | NAMP | Kharghar | Nimisha Hospital Sec-12, Kharghar | Residential |
| | | | MIDC Taloja | MIDC Common Facility Building | Industrial |
| Pu ne | Pune | CAAQMS | Karve Road - CAAQMS | PMC Zonal office | Residential |



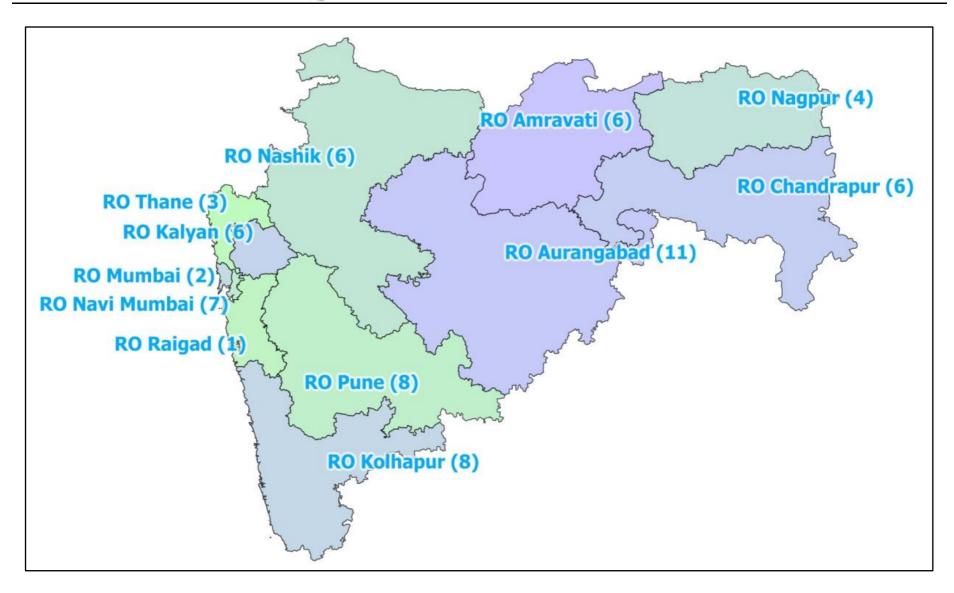


| RO | Region | Program | Station | Location | Туре |
|--------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | | NAMP | Bhosari | Maratha Chamber of commerce Building terrace | Industrial |
| | | | Nal Stop | MSEB Office Nal Stop ,Pune | Rural & other areas |
| | | | Pimpri-Chinchwad | Pimpri-Chinchwad Municipal corporation | Residential |
| | | | Swarget | Terrace of Swargate police Chowky | Residential |
| | Solapur | apur CAAQMS NAMP | Solapur | Municipal Corporation Premises | Residential |
| | | | Saat Rasta | Saat Rasta Opp. ST Bus stand, Chitale Clinic Solapur | Residential |
| | | | WIT Campus | WIT Campus Ashok Chawk ,Solapur | Residential |
| Raigad | Panvel | NAMP | Panvel Water Supply | Panvel Water Supply Behind ST Stand | Residential |
| | Thane | ane NAMP | Kolshet | M/s Clariant (chemical unit)Kolshet Thane | Industrial |
| Thane | | | Kopri | Old Thane Maternity Hospital , Kopri, Thane | Residential |
| | | | Naupada | Thane M.C. Regional Office Naupada ,Shahu Market , Thane | Rural & other areas |

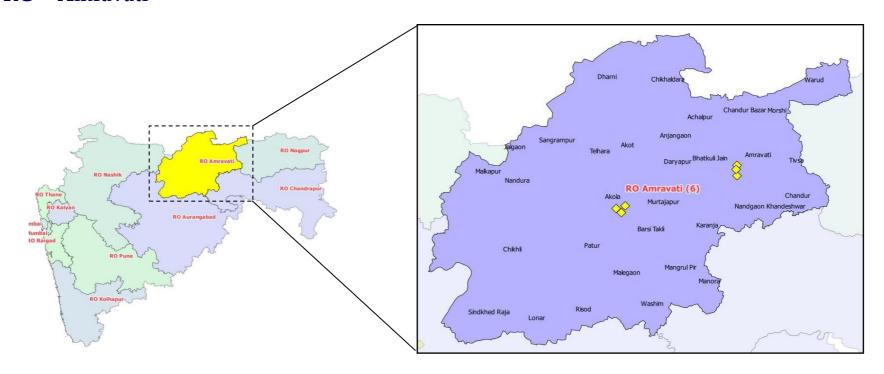




Annex – II: Data for AAQMS in Maharashtra



RO – Amravati



| Region | Program | Station No | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|----------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Akola | Akola NAMP | 700 | LRT Commerce College | Two Day In a Week | 20° 41' 01.2" N | 77° 02' 43.5" E |
| 701 | 701 | MIDC Water Works | Two Days In A Week | 20° 41′ 12.1″ N | 77° 02' 20.1" E | |
| | 70 | 702 | Akola- College of Engg & Technology | Two Days In A Week | 20° 42′ 16.6″ N | 77° 05' 35.9" E |
| Amravati | Amravati NAMP 547 | 547 | Raj Kamal Chowk | Two Days In A Week | 20° 55' 42.4" N | 77° 45' 14.2" E |
| | 548 | Govt. College of Engineering | Two Days In A Week | 20° 57′ 14.8″ N | 77° 45' 35.3" E | |
| | | 549 | Godhadiwala Private Limited | Two Days In A Week | 20° 53′ 20.9″ N | 77° 45′ 32.0″ E |

Akola - LRT Commerce College

Table No. 19: Data for monthly average reading recorded at LRT Commerce College.- Akola

| FY | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | | |
|---------|-------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 126.6 | 8.4 | 7.8 |
| May | 9 | 130.2 | 9.9 | 8.4 |
| Jun | 9 | 158.2 | 10.4 | 8.6 |
| Jul | 10 | 93.7 | 0.0 | 6.0 |
| Aug | 8 | 86.9 | 9.4 | 6.0 |
| Sep | 6 | 110.0 | 1.5 | 6.8 |
| Oct | 9 | 124.1 | 9.6 | 8.7 |
| Nov | 8 | 131.8 | 9.5 | 8.6 |
| Dec | 9 | 131.6 | 9.6 | 7.9 |
| Jan | 9 | 137.1 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
| Feb | 8 | 139.4 | 9.1 | 8.0 |
| Mar | 8 | 141.8 | 9.8 | 8.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 86.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 20: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at LRT Commerce College.-Akola

| Year N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 24 | 86.5 | 1.5 | 5.5 |
| 10-11 | 88 | 107.0 | 2.9 | 6.3 |
| 11-12 | 86 | 124.5 | 7.1 | 7.0 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 126.1 | 8.0 | 7.8 |



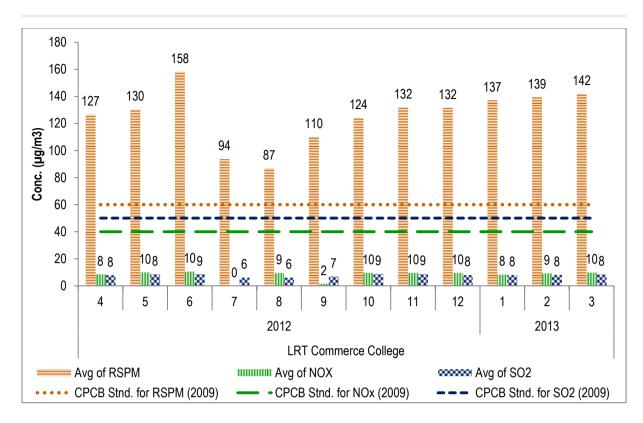


Figure No. 28: Monthly average reading recorded at LRT Commerce Collage. - Akola

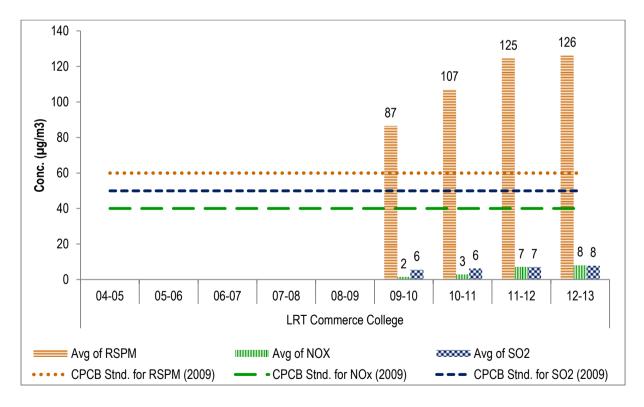


Figure No. 29: Annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM at LRT Commerce Collage. - Akola





Akola - MIDC Water Works

Table No. 21: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Water Works.- Akola

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 157.5 | 12.9 | 11.4 |
| May | 10 | 152.0 | 13.7 | 11.7 |
| Jun | 8 | 130.9 | 11.0 | 9.9 |
| Jul | 8 | 116.4 | 7.6 | 7.8 |
| Aug | 9 | 113.8 | 7.7 | 8.0 |
| Sep | 6 | 124.8 | 9.5 | 8.5 |
| Oct | 8 | 132.5 | 9.6 | 8.1 |
| Nov | 10 | 143.8 | 11.7 | 10.0 |
| Dec | 8 | 152.6 | 13.4 | 11.6 |
| Jan | 9 | 149.7 | 10.3 | 9.7 |
| Feb | 8 | 146.0 | 11.5 | 9.6 |
| Mar | 18 | 156.3 | 11.7 | 10.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 110 | 95.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 22: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at MIDC Water Works.- Akola

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stnd (for $N \ge 104$) | | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 1 | 88.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 |
| 10-11 | 84 | 130.6 | 7.3 | 8.6 |
| 11-12 | 94 | 141.3 | 11.3 | 9.9 |
| 12-13 | 110 | 141.6 | 11.0 | 9.8 |



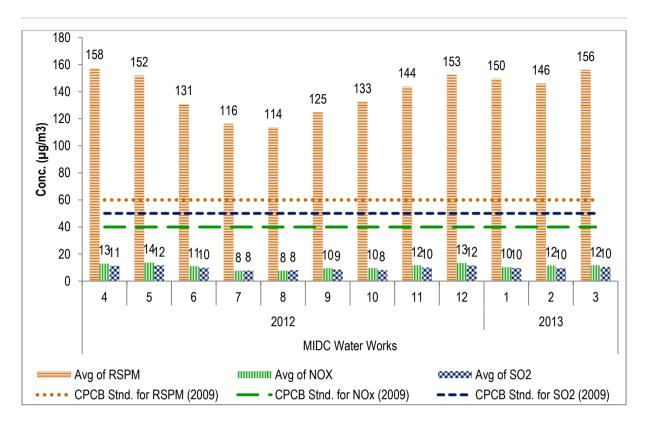


Figure No. 30: Monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Water Works.- Akola

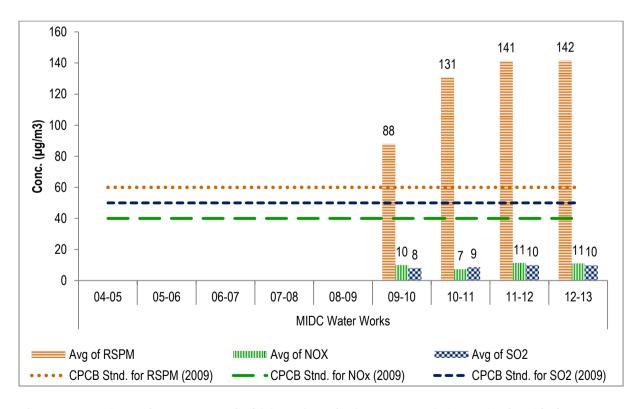


Figure No. 31: Annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM at MIDC Water Works.-Akola



Akola - Akola College of Engg & Technology

Table No. 23: Data for monthly average reading recorded at College of Engg & Technology Akola (Architecture Branch) –Akola

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|--------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NO _X | SO_2 |
| Apr | 9 | 172.7 | 10.9 | 9.2 |
| May | 8 | 173.4 | 11.4 | 9.8 |
| Jun | 8 | 115.9 | 3.4 | 6.9 |
| Jul | 6 | 133.3 | 4.8 | 7.7 |
| Aug | 7 | 121.9 | 3.9 | 7.1 |
| Sep | 8 | 136.6 | 4.5 | 7.5 |
| Oct | 7 | 148.1 | 9.4 | 8.1 |
| Nov | 10 | 159.5 | 10.5 | 9.2 |
| Dec | 9 | 169.8 | 11.7 | 10.2 |
| Jan | 8 | 164.0 | 10.8 | 9.5 |
| Feb | 8 | 144.8 | 6.5 | 8.3 |
| Mar | 9 | 160.3 | 10.8 | 9.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 97 | 96.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 24: Data for annual average trend of SO_2 NO_X and RSPM at College of Engg & Technology Akola (Architecture Branch) –Akola

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 26 | 116.5 | 2.1 | 6.2 |
| 10-11 | 74 | 141.8 | 5.1 | 7.3 |
| 11-12 | 92 | 150.1 | 9.4 | 8.6 |
| 12-13 | | | | |



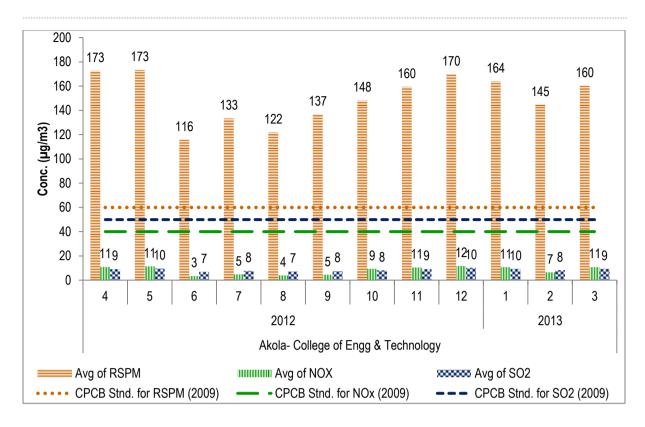


Figure No. 32: Monthly average reading recorded at Collage of Eng. And Technology Akola (Architecture Branch)-Akola

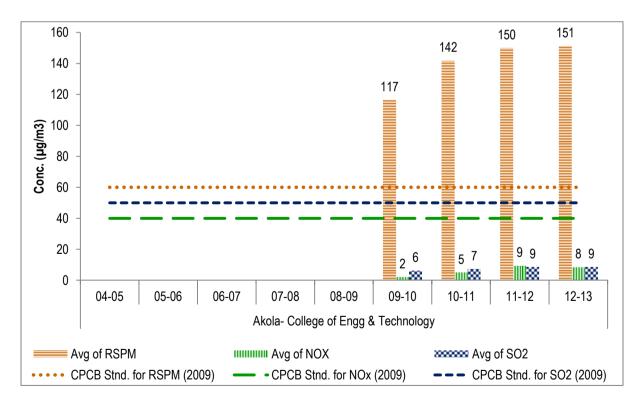


Figure No. 33: Annual average trend of SO₂ NO_X and RSPM at Collage of Eng And Technology Akola (Architecture Branch)-Akola





Amravati - Raj Kamal Chowk

Table No. 25: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Raj Kamal Chowk, Amravati

| FY | N - | Monthly average (µg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 140.5 | 15.0 | 12.8 |
| May | 9 | 153.7 | 15.9 | 14.1 |
| Jun | 9 | 134.0 | 13.1 | 11.4 |
| Jul | 16 | 88.0 | 11.1 | 10.6 |
| Aug | 9 | 63.8 | 11.6 | 9.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 91.5 | 13.3 | 11.3 |
| Oct | 9 | 85.6 | 13.2 | 11.2 |
| Nov | 9 | 97.2 | 14.1 | 11.9 |
| Dec | 9 | 111.3 | 13.7 | 11.8 |
| Jan | 9 | 115.0 | 13.7 | 11.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 116.1 | 14.1 | 12.3 |
| Mar | 9 | 135.8 | 13.9 | 12.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 112 | 60.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 26: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Raj Kamal Chowk, Amravati

| Year N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Tear | IN — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 43 | 78.7 | 19.1 | 13.3 |
| 07-08 | 94 | 78.4 | 15.8 | 11.1 |
| 08-09 | 98 | 99.9 | 15.2 | 11.7 |
| 09-10 | 104 | 125.0 | 16.1 | 13.6 |
| 10-11 | 104 | 146.1 | 15.2 | 12.8 |
| 11-12 | 102 | 107.6 | 17.9 | 14.6 |
| 12-13 | 112 | 109.5 | 13.4 | 11.6 |



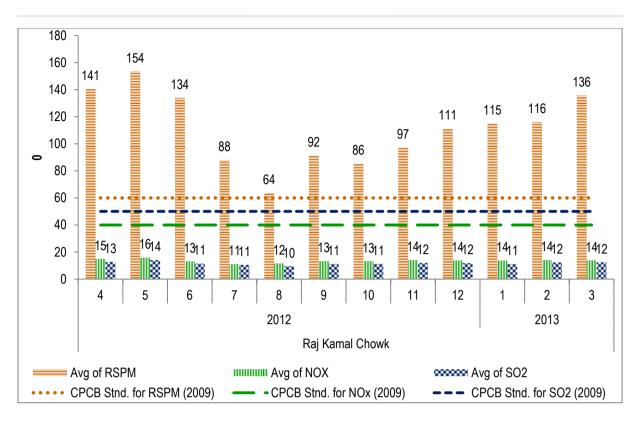


Figure No. 34: Monthly average reading recorded at Raj Kamal Chock, Amravati

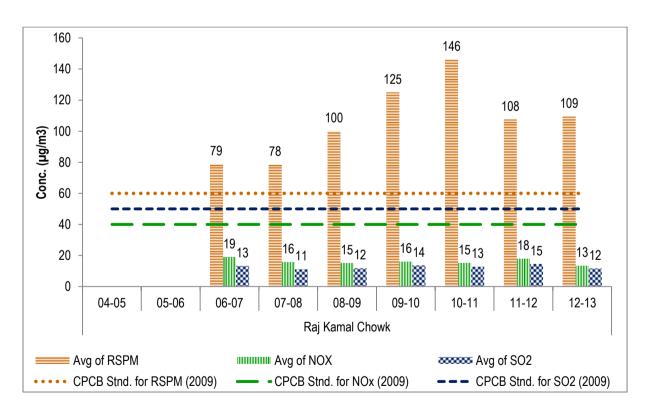


Figure No. 35: Annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM at Raja Kamal Chock, Amravati





Amravati - Govt. College of Engineering

Table No. 27: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Govt. College of Engineering Amravati

| FY | NI | N — Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO_2 |
| Apr | 8 | 93.9 | 13.0 | 11.0 |
| May | 9 | 96.0 | 13.9 | 11.6 |
| Jun | 8 | 87.8 | 13.3 | 10.9 |
| Jul | 8 | 72.0 | 12.4 | 10.3 |
| Aug | 9 | 70.0 | 11.7 | 9.7 |
| Sep | 5 | 67.2 | 12.4 | 10.4 |
| Oct | 7 | 68.9 | 12.1 | 9.9 |
| Nov | 9 | 70.9 | 12.3 | 10.4 |
| Dec | 8 | 79.4 | 12.0 | 10.4 |
| Jan | 8 | 76.9 | 11.5 | 10.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 84.1 | 12.8 | 10.6 |
| Mar | 8 | 87.3 | 12.3 | 10.6 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 95 | 9.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 28: Data for annual average trend of SO_2 , NO_X and RSPM at Govt. College of Engineering Amravati

| Year N – | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 38 | 49.8 | 12.3 | 10.3 |
| 07-08 | 98 | 40.3 | 8.0 | 8.2 |
| 08-09 | 99 | 46.5 | 9.8 | 8.3 |
| 09-10 | 104 | 77.6 | 12.1 | 10.1 |
| 10-11 | 101 | 78.5 | 12.8 | 10.5 |
| 11-12 | 95 | 78.7 | 12.4 | 10.4 |
| 12-13 | 95 | 80.0 | 12.5 | 10.5 |



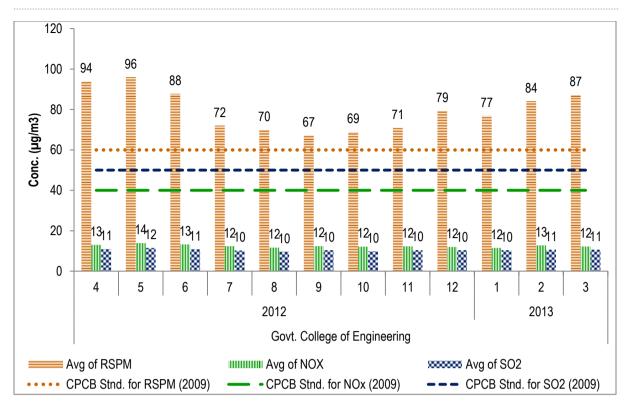


Figure No. 36 Monthly average reading recorded at Govt. Collage of Engineering -Amravati

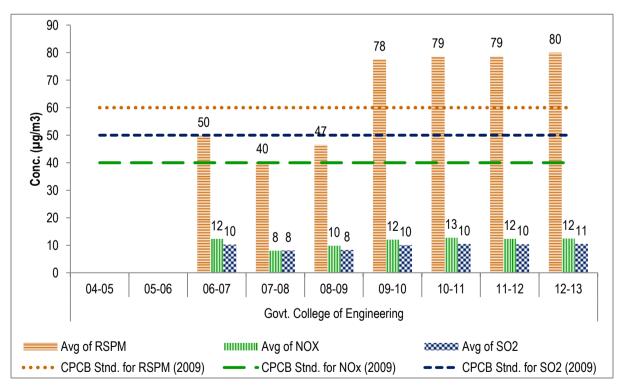


Figure No. 37 Annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM at Govt Collage of Engineering.-Amravati



Amravati - Godhadiwala Private Limited

Table No. 29: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Godhadiwala Private Limited

| FY | NT | N — Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν _ | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 122.9 | 14.0 | 12.4 |
| May | 9 | 115.4 | 14.3 | 12.7 |
| Jun | 9 | 108.4 | 13.1 | 11.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 91.9 | 11.3 | 11.0 |
| Aug | 9 | 88.8 | 12.3 | 10.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 71.5 | 12.1 | 10.8 |
| Oct | 9 | 92.3 | 13.0 | 11.3 |
| Nov | 9 | 102.0 | 13.3 | 11.7 |
| Dec | 8 | 98.5 | 12.6 | 11.1 |
| Jan | 9 | 102.3 | 13.4 | 11.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 104.3 | 13.8 | 12.1 |
| Mar | 9 | 110.9 | 13.9 | 12.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 58.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 30: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Godhadiwala Private Limited

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Tear | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 06-07 | 40 | 67.3 | 16.0 | 11.6 | | |
| 07-08 | 98 | 58.2 | 12.3 | 9.1 | | |
| 08-09 | 98 | 71.1 | 13.2 | 10.4 | | |
| 09-10 | 103 | 101.6 | 14.0 | 12.0 | | |
| 10-11 | 84 | 124.7 | 14.3 | 12.0 | | |
| 11-12 | 98 | 99.6 | 13.0 | 11.2 | | |
| 12-13 | 104 | 100.8 | 13.1 | 11.6 | | |



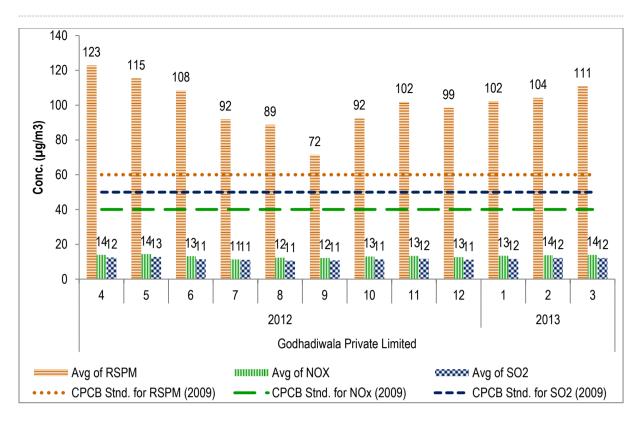


Figure No. 38: Monthly average reading recorded at Godhadiwala Pravate Limited Amravati

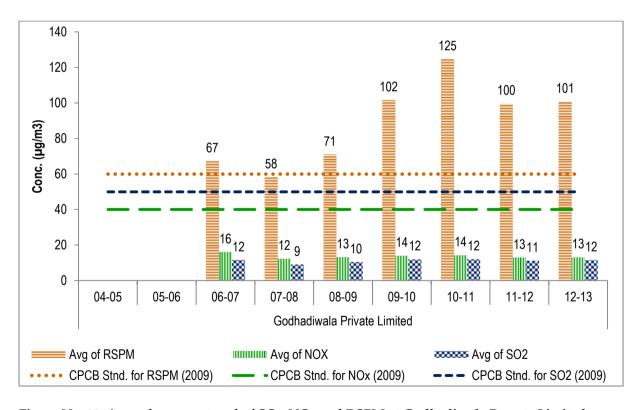


Figure No. 39: Annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM at Godhadiwala Pravate Limited Amravati





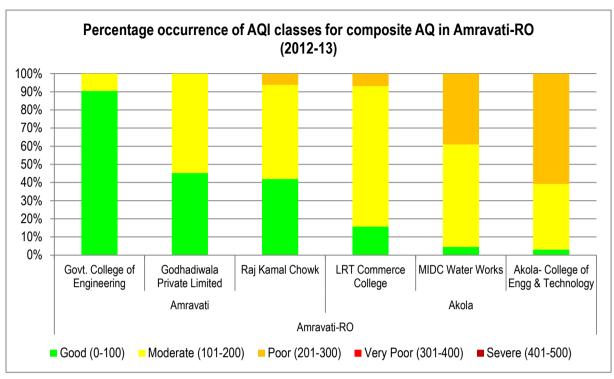
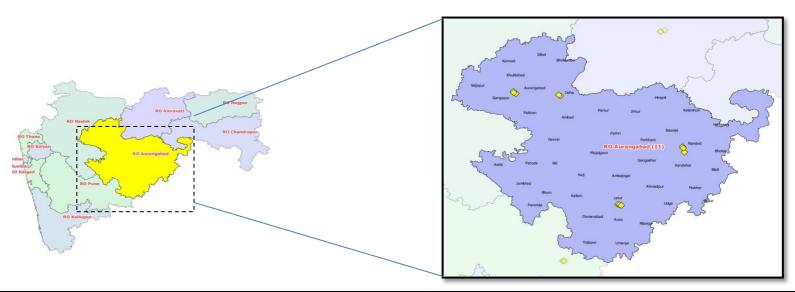


Figure No. 40: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Amravati-RO (2012-13)



RO – Aurangabad



| Region | Program | Station Codes | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Aurangabad | NAMP | 511 | SBES College | Two Days In A Week | 19° 52' 54.9" N | 75° 19' 33.7" E |
| | | 512 | Collector Office, Aurangabad | Two Days In A Week | 19° 53′ 58.4″ N | 75° 19' 14.2" E |
| | | 513 | C.A.D.A. Office | Two Days In A Week | 19° 52' 14.3" N | 75° 21' 03.5" E |
| Jalna | NAMP | 706 | Jalna- Bachat Bhavan | Two Days In A Week | 19° 50' 26.4" N | 75° 52' 17.4" E |
| | | 707 | Jalna- Krishna Dhan | Two Days In A Week | 19° 51' 04.3" N | 75° 51' 14.4" E |
| Latur | NAMP | 641 | MIDC Water Works | Two Days In A Week | 18° 24′ 53.0″ N | 76° 32' 49.4" E |
| | | 642 | Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya | Two Days In A Week | 18° 24' 21.6" N | 76° 33′ 50.2″ E |
| | | 643 | Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank | Two Days In A Week | 18° 23′ 58.0″ N | 76° 35′ 02.6″ E |
| Nanded | Nanded NAMP | 703 | Ganeshnagar | Two Days In A Week | 19° 10′ 16.3″ N | 77° 17′ 56.3″ E |
| | 704 | Mutha Chowk | Two Days In A Week | 19° 09' 16.8" N | 77° 18′ 34.9″ E | |
| | | 705 | Industrial Area CIDCO | Two Days In A Week | 19° 05' 48.2" N | 77° 19' 17.9" E |

Aurangabad - SBES College

Table No. 31: Data for monthly average reading recorded at SBES College -Aurngabad

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 90.8 | 26.5 | 8.1 |
| May | 17 | 83.0 | 26.4 | 7.3 |
| Jun | 10 | 74.4 | 27.1 | 7.3 |
| Jul | 8 | 67.9 | 24.6 | 7.8 |
| Aug | 9 | 69.2 | 29.1 | 8.1 |
| Sep | 9 | 78.8 | 27.7 | 8.0 |
| Oct | 8 | 84.0 | 32.5 | 8.0 |
| Nov | 9 | 107.2 | 36.9 | 11.7 |
| Dec | 9 | 130.2 | 45.4 | 15.1 |
| Jan | 6 | 132.3 | 46.5 | 15.3 |
| Feb | 8 | 109.1 | 45.3 | 15.5 |
| Mar | 10 | 107.0 | 41.8 | 12.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 111 | 36.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 32: Data for annual average trend of SO₂, NO_X and RSPM, at SBES College -Aurngabad

| Year N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Teal | 11 | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | 35 | 166.1 | 30.2 | 6.8 |
| 06-07 | 83 | 84.9 | 18.2 | 5.8 |
| 07-08 | 101 | 78.9 | 22.0 | 5.7 |
| 08-09 | 104 | 93.6 | 22.4 | 9.4 |
| 09-10 | 101 | 98.4 | 24.8 | 7.1 |
| 10-11 | 95 | 93.9 | 23.1 | 6.5 |
| 11-12 | 105 | 90.0 | 33.0 | 9.3 |
| 12-13 | 111 | 92.8 | 33.3 | 10.1 |



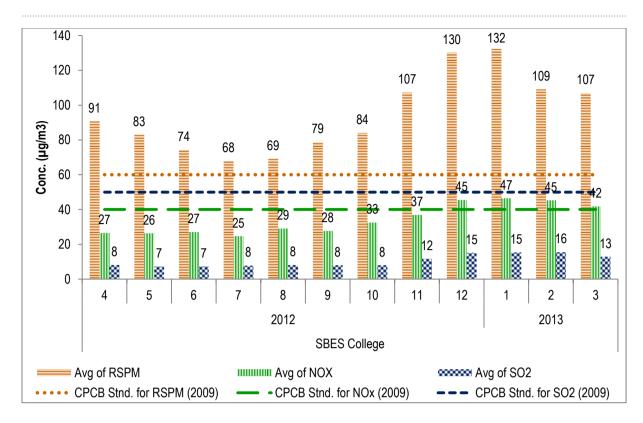


Figure No. 41: Monthly average reading recorded at SBES Collage -Aurangabad

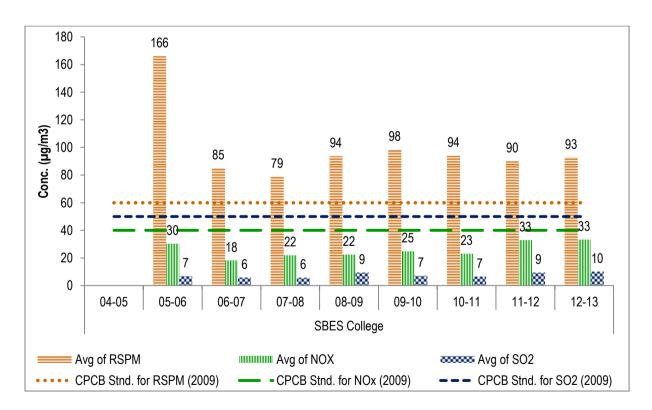


Figure No. 42: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at SBES Collage -Aurangabad





Aurangabad - Collector Office, Aurangabad

Table No. 33: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Collector Office, Aurangabad

| FY | NT | N — Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν _ | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 86.2 | 25.0 | 7.8 |
| May | 9 | 72.2 | 25.1 | 6.8 |
| Jun | 8 | 60.1 | 25.0 | 6.9 |
| Jul | 10 | 51.6 | 23.2 | 7.6 |
| Aug | 8 | 58.6 | 27.4 | 7.8 |
| Sep | 8 | 56.3 | 25.3 | 7.5 |
| Oct | 10 | 66.1 | 30.6 | 7.5 |
| Nov | 7 | 87.9 | 37.6 | 11.6 |
| Dec | 9 | 93.2 | 38.7 | 11.9 |
| Jan | 7 | 93.3 | 40.6 | 12.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 96.9 | 40.5 | 11.5 |
| Mar | 8 | 94.9 | 37.3 | 9.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 101 | 9.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 34: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Collector Office, Aurangabad

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|--|--|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | 34 | 107.5 | 19.2 | 5.7 | | |
| 06-07 | 87 | 72.7 | 12.7 | 4.1 | | |
| 07-08 | 100 | 56.0 | 16.1 | 5.1 | | |
| 08-09 | 96 | 67.8 | 19.9 | 8.2 | | |
| 09-10 | 101 | 85.5 | 21.9 | 5.9 | | |
| 10-11 | 100 | 68.8 | 21.9 | 6.1 | | |
| 11-12 | 104 | 91.6 | 29.1 | 8.2 | | |
| 12-13 | 101 | 75.7 | 31.0 | 8.9 | | |



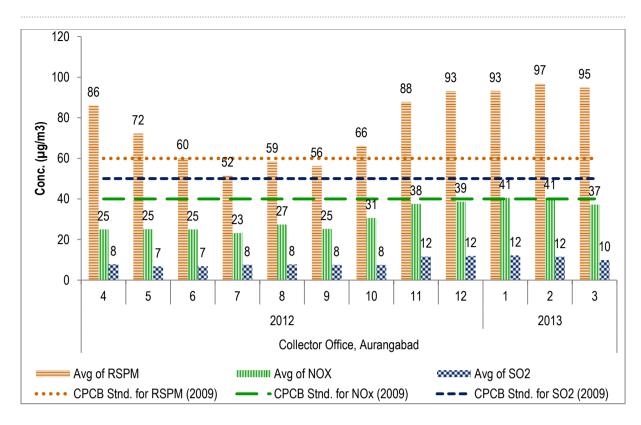


Figure No. 43: Monthly average reading recorded at Collector Office, Aurangabad

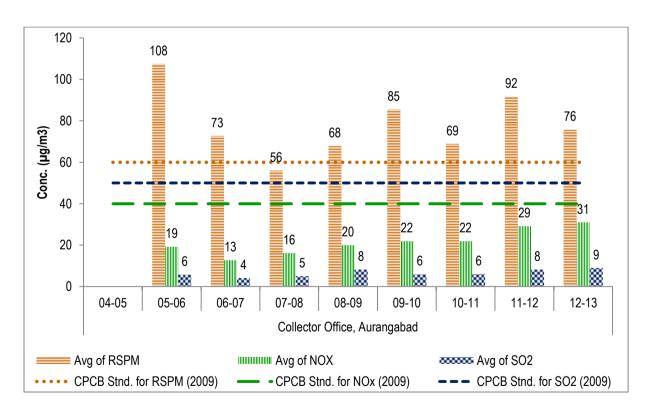


Figure No. 44: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Collector Office, Aurangabad





Aurangabad - C.A.D.A. Office

Table No. 35: Data for monthly average reading recorded at C.A.D.A. Office

| FY | NT | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 87.8 | 28.1 | 9.1 |
| May | 10 | 69.5 | 29.2 | 8.6 |
| Jun | 8 | 41.6 | 28.0 | 7.8 |
| Jul | 8 | 30.6 | 26.8 | 8.4 |
| Aug | 10 | 39.2 | 30.4 | 8.5 |
| Sep | 8 | 50.8 | 29.4 | 8.8 |
| Oct | 9 | 70.3 | 33.7 | 8.9 |
| Nov | 9 | 90.4 | 45.8 | 14.4 |
| Dec | 8 | 87.5 | 40.0 | 12.8 |
| Jan | 8 | 90.9 | 43.6 | 14.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 76.4 | 43.6 | 14.5 |
| Mar | 8 | 79.4 | 38.9 | 12.0 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 36: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at C.A.D.A. Office

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ν — | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | 32 | 118.6 | 23.1 | 6.8 |
| 06-07 | 90 | 78.7 | 19.0 | 5.3 |
| 07-08 | 98 | 79.4 | 23.1 | 5.5 |
| 08-09 | 102 | 63.3 | 21.2 | 9.5 |
| 09-10 | 99 | 66.3 | 22.2 | 6.0 |
| 10-11 | 102 | 68.8 | 21.7 | 6.4 |
| 11-12 | 103 | 75.3 | 34.1 | 9.9 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 67.6 | 34.7 | 10.6 |



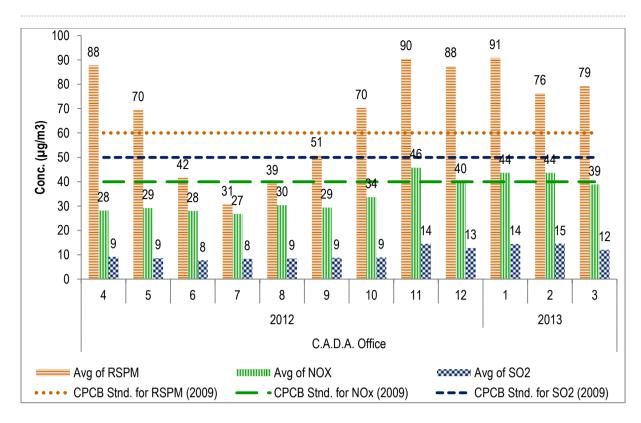


Figure No. 45: Monthly average reading recorded at C.A.D.A. Office Aurangabad

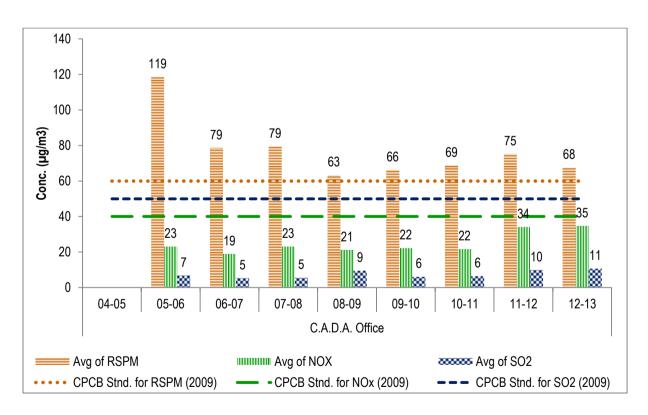


Figure No. 46: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at C.A.D.A.Office Aurangabad



Jalna - Bachat Bhavan

Table No. 37: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Jalna- Bachat Bhavan

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν _ | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 129.4 | 24.6 | 6.4 |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | 7 | 81.9 | 27.3 | 6.9 |
| Jul | 8 | 54.3 | 28.8 | 7.0 |
| Aug | 10 | 50.7 | 29.5 | 8.4 |
| Sep | 8 | 58.0 | 31.1 | 10.4 |
| Oct | 8 | 77.6 | 32.0 | 11.5 |
| Nov | 10 | 113.4 | 31.2 | 10.8 |
| Dec | 8 | 136.8 | 31.5 | 11.1 |
| Jan | 9 | 133.0 | 31.9 | 11.3 |
| Feb | 8 | 131.4 | 30.8 | 10.8 |
| Mar | 9 | 98.0 | 31.1 | 10.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 93 | 41.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 38: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Jalna- Bachat Bhavan

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ν | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 100 | 52.7 | 21.6 | 13.4 |
| 07-08 | 95 | 87.0 | 27.8 | 16.6 |
| 08-09 | 18 | 66.4 | 32.1 | 17.1 |
| 09-10 | 32 | 84.3 | 28.2 | 5.5 |
| 10-11 | 102 | 73.3 | 26.3 | 5.1 |
| 11-12 | 104 | 89.4 | 24.7 | 6.3 |
| 12-13 | 93 | 96.7 | 30.1 | 9.6 |



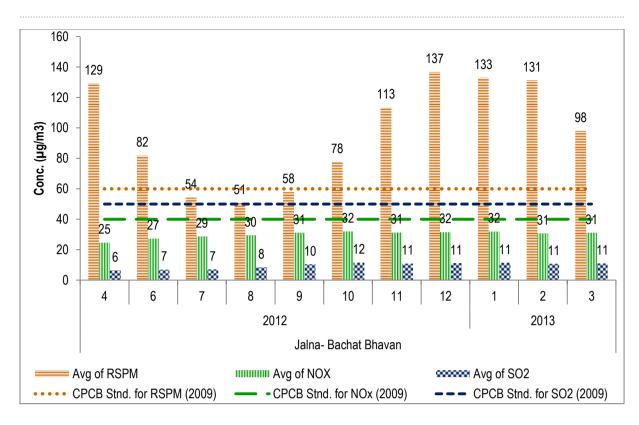


Figure No. 47: Monthly average reading recorded at Jalna Bachat Bhavan

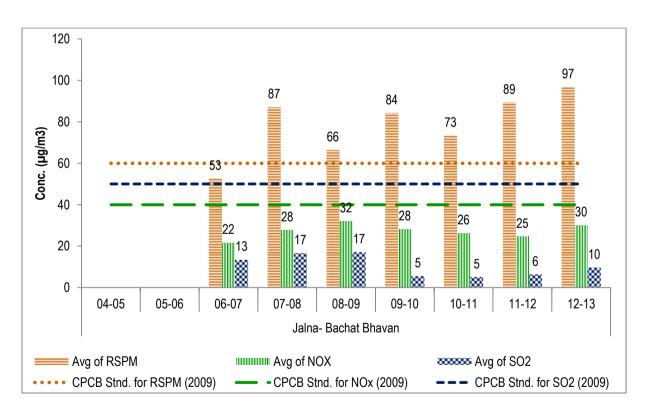


Figure No. 48: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Jalna Bachat Bhavan



Jalna - Krishnadhan seeds Ltd

Table No. 39: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Jalna- Krishnadhan seeds Ltd

| FY | NI | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 103.4 | 26.4 | 6.9 |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | 7 | 106.7 | 29.6 | 8.6 |
| Jul | 3 | 135.0 | 34.0 | 8.7 |
| Aug | 9 | 141.8 | 29.8 | 8.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 149.4 | 32.8 | 10.5 |
| Oct | 10 | 131.8 | 34.7 | 12.8 |
| Nov | 8 | 157.0 | 32.9 | 12.6 |
| Dec | 8 | 143.8 | 32.6 | 12.4 |
| Jan | 10 | 178.4 | 33.3 | 13.0 |
| Feb | 8 | 143.5 | 32.3 | 11.9 |
| Mar | 8 | 164.1 | 32.4 | 12.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 87 | 78.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 40: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Jalna- Krishnadhan seeds Ltd

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ν | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 90 | 124.7 | 29.3 | 17.4 |
| 07-08 | 103 | 140.1 | 44.0 | 28.3 |
| 08-09 | 16 | 182.3 | 45.3 | 29.7 |
| 09-10 | 52 | 111.0 | 37.3 | 12.9 |
| 10-11 | 83 | 139.0 | 32.7 | 6.8 |
| 11-12 | 104 | 140.1 | 26.5 | 7.7 |
| 12-13 | 87 | 142.7 | 31.9 | 11.0 |



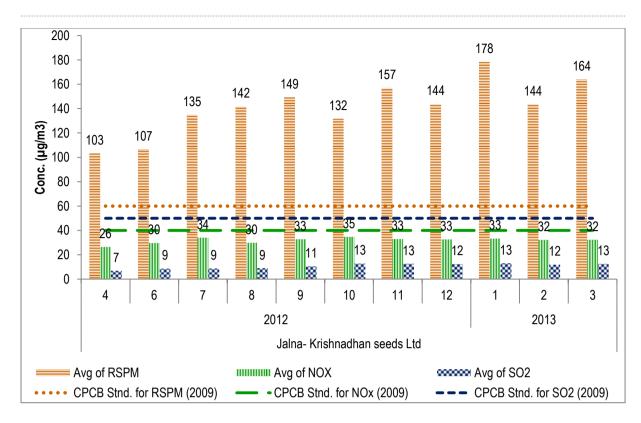


Figure No. 49: Monthly average reading recorded at Jalna Krishnadhan Seeds Ltd

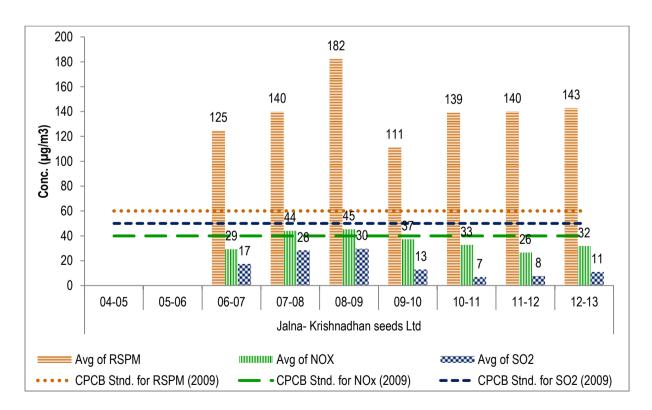


Figure No. 50: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Jalna Krishnadhan Seeds Ltd



Latur - MIDC Water Works

Table No. 41: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Latur MIDC Water Works

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 112.3 | 15.6 | 7.1 |
| May | 8 | 101.6 | 23.0 | 9.6 |
| Jun | 10 | 55.2 | 14.9 | 6.1 |
| Jul | 8 | 35.4 | 17.4 | 10.0 |
| Aug | 4 | 26.3 | 24.0 | 10.3 |
| Sep | 9 | 36.0 | 29.7 | 15.7 |
| Oct | 8 | 92.6 | 19.8 | 6.5 |
| Nov | 9 | 100.7 | 18.6 | 8.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 104.9 | 15.6 | 5.9 |
| Jan | 8 | 108.4 | 14.4 | 4.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 87.9 | 10.1 | 9.1 |
| Mar | 10 | 96.8 | 22.4 | 7.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 99 | 26.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 42: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Latur MIDC Water Works

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| Tear | ΙΝ | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 91 | 76.6 | 21.7 | 4.4 |
| 09-10 | 99 | 75.7 | 22.4 | 7.5 |
| 10-11 | 100 | 94.8 | 14.6 | 5.6 |
| 11-12 | 119 | 99.0 | 15.5 | 5.8 |
| 12-13 | 99 | 81.9 | 18.6 | 8.3 |



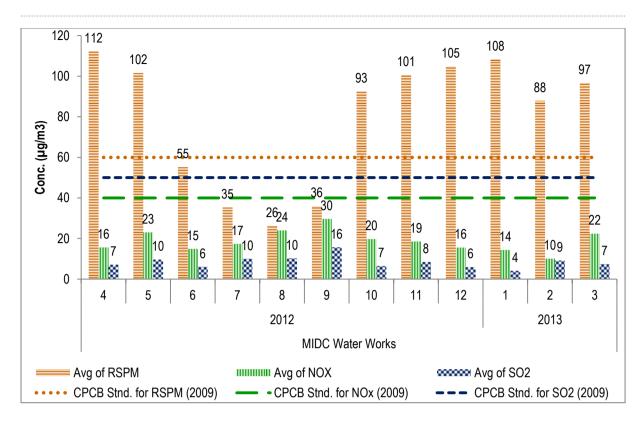


Figure No. 51: Monthly average reading recorded at Latur MIDC Water Works

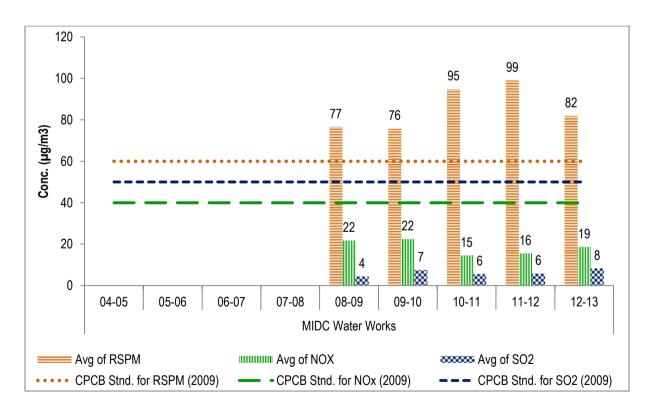


Figure No. 52: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Latur MIDC Water Works





Latur - Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya

Table No. 43: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 165.0 | 13.7 | 6.7 |
| May | 9 | 115.4 | 15.4 | 8.2 |
| Jun | 8 | 89.4 | 16.3 | 5.5 |
| Jul | 10 | 44.9 | 14.9 | 8.6 |
| Aug | 8 | 63.0 | 21.1 | 8.5 |
| Sep | 8 | 51.5 | 22.8 | 12.6 |
| Oct | 10 | 92.7 | 21.4 | 8.3 |
| Nov | 8 | 96.8 | 23.3 | 7.1 |
| Dec | 9 | 139.1 | 19.6 | 5.4 |
| Jan | 9 | 138.1 | 17.0 | 5.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 138.4 | 17.8 | 4.6 |
| Mar | 8 | 125.3 | 23.6 | 8.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 44: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO $_{\rm X}$ and SO $_{\rm 2}$ at Shyam Nagar-Kshewraj Vidyalaya

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 79 | 99.4 | 16.0 | 3.4 |
| 09-10 | 90 | 123.3 | 19.3 | 5.6 |
| 10-11 | 85 | 139.2 | 12.8 | 5.7 |
| 11-12 | 100 | 123.5 | 13.9 | 5.8 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 104.9 | 18.8 | 7.4 |



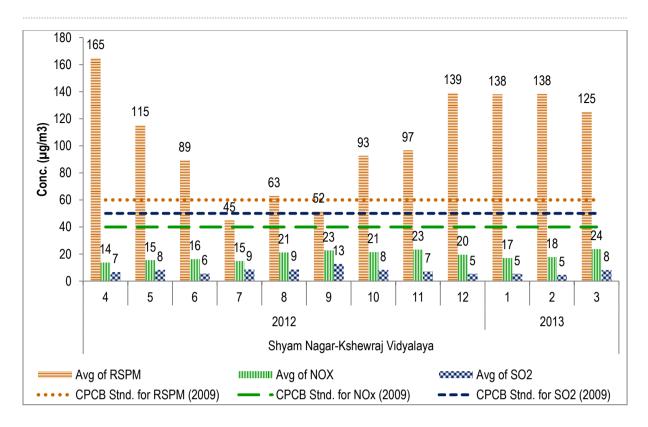


Figure No. 53: Monthly average reading recorded at Shyam Nagar Keshwraj Vidyalaya

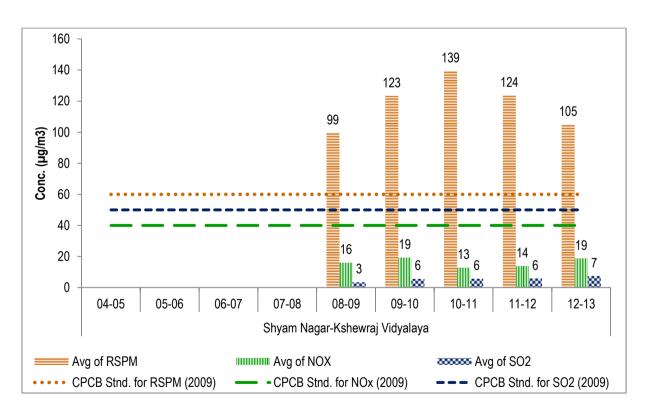


Figure No. 54: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Shyam Nagar Keshwraj Vidyalaya





Latur - Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank

Table No. 45: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 173.1 | 20.4 | 7.4 |
| May | 10 | 161.0 | 18.1 | 11.1 |
| Jun | 8 | 151.3 | 14.0 | 5.9 |
| Jul | 8 | 146.8 | 14.0 | 8.4 |
| Aug | 9 | 85.9 | 22.8 | 10.3 |
| Sep | 8 | 99.3 | 24.3 | 13.4 |
| Oct | 9 | 100.0 | 25.4 | 8.8 |
| Nov | 9 | 127.4 | 26.0 | 7.6 |
| Dec | 8 | 144.5 | 16.3 | 8.3 |
| Jan | 10 | 145.1 | 17.0 | 4.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 119.8 | 13.5 | 4.9 |
| Mar | 8 | 125.6 | 23.6 | 6.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 74.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 46: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO $_{X}$ and SO $_{2}$ at Ganj Golai - Sidhheshwar Bank

| Year | NI | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 91 | 122.5 | 21.7 | 3.9 |
| 09-10 | 74 | 143.6 | 25.6 | 6.2 |
| 10-11 | 89 | 124.0 | 16.3 | 6.4 |
| 11-12 | 95 | 140.5 | 17.0 | 6.2 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 131.7 | 19.7 | 8.1 |



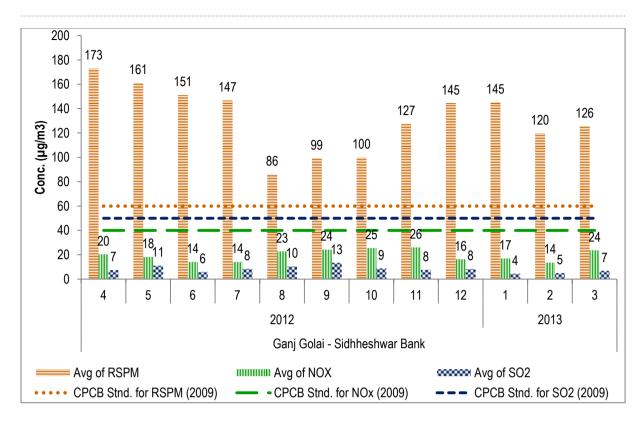


Figure No. 55: Monthly average reading recorded at Ganj Golai Sidheshwar Bank

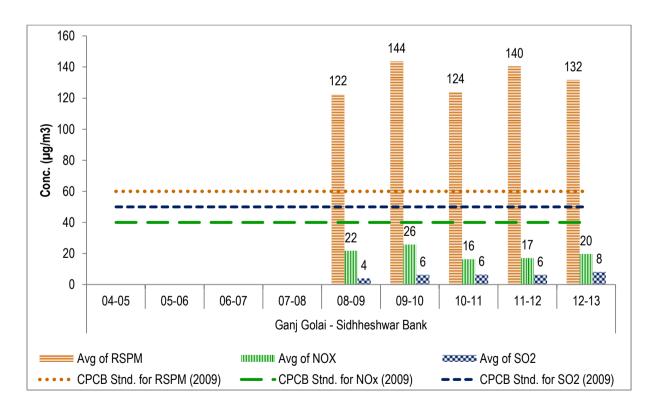


Figure No. 56: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Ganj Golai Sidheshwar Bank



Nanded - Ganeshnagar

Table No. 47: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Ganeshnagar

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 36.4 | 21.0 | 20.9 |
| May | 18 | 66.4 | 31.9 | 34.1 |
| Jun | 8 | 33.5 | 18.3 | 18.4 |
| Jul | 8 | 22.5 | 10.0 | 11.9 |
| Aug | 10 | 15.4 | 11.5 | 9.1 |
| Sep | 8 | 21.0 | 11.9 | 9.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 26.2 | 19.2 | 19.1 |
| Nov | 9 | 28.0 | 20.3 | 20.4 |
| Dec | 8 | 30.9 | 21.8 | 22.6 |
| Jan | 10 | 35.5 | 24.9 | 24.9 |
| Feb | 8 | 38.9 | 25.4 | 25.8 |
| Mar | 8 | 43.8 | 30.0 | 30.6 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 112 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 48: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Ganeshnagar

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ι ν | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | 10 | 47.0 | 28.6 | 28.2 |
| 11-12 | 87 | 25.5 | 18.7 | 18.2 |
| 12-13 | 112 | 35.8 | 21.4 | 21.6 |



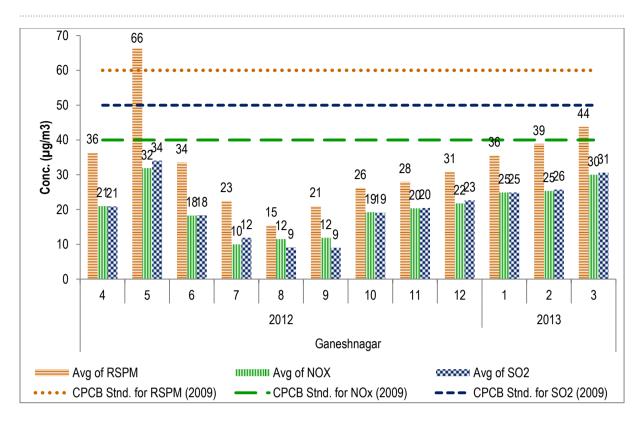


Figure No. 57: Monthly average reading recorded at Ganeshnagar

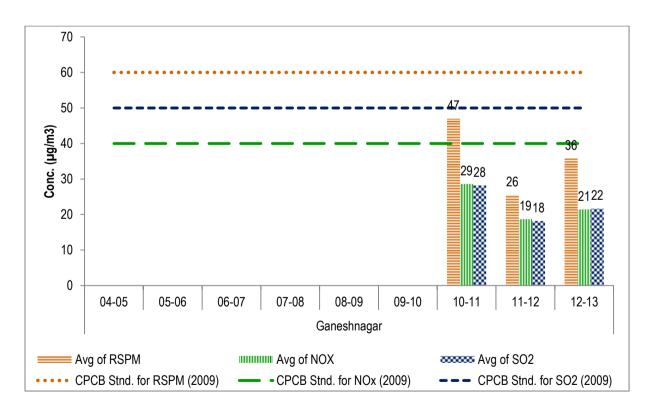


Figure No. 58: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Ganeshnagar





Nanded - Mutha Chowk

Table No. 49: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Mutha Chowk

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 63.9 | 33.6 | 33.5 |
| May | 8 | 78.4 | 36.3 | 41.9 |
| Jun | 10 | 60.5 | 27.9 | 27.8 |
| Jul | 8 | 22.6 | 12.5 | 12.3 |
| Aug | 9 | 22.7 | 13.9 | 13.7 |
| Sep | 9 | 34.7 | 14.4 | 15.4 |
| Oct | 8 | 37.1 | 18.5 | 18.8 |
| Nov | 9 | 52.2 | 22.8 | 25.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 55.8 | 26.7 | 29.7 |
| Jan | 8 | 61.8 | 27.0 | 30.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 67.4 | 33.9 | 35.9 |
| Mar | 10 | 72.9 | 35.9 | 40.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 104 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 50: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Mutha Chowk

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| Tear | 11 | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | d (for <i>N</i> ≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | 89 | 43.9 | 27.7 | 28.5 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 52.6 | 25.3 | 27.1 |



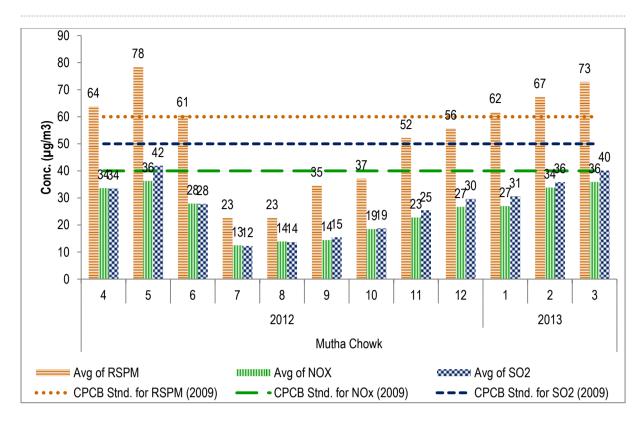


Figure No. 59: Monthly average reading recorded at Mutha Chowk

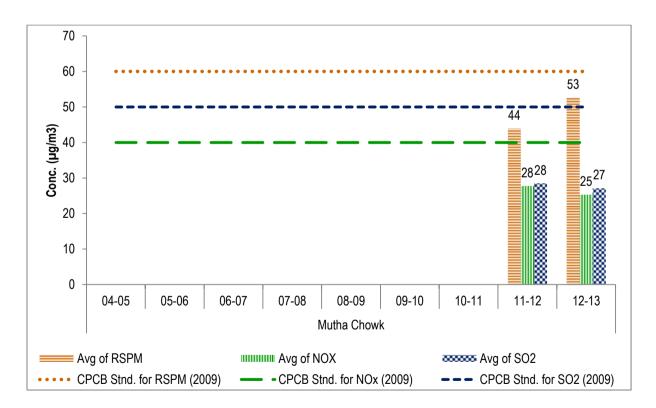


Figure No. 60: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Mutha Chowk





Nanded - Industrial Area CIDCO

Table No. 51: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Industrial Area CIDCO -Nanded

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 103.8 | 62.0 | 61.7 |
| May | 9 | 111.3 | 75.1 | 75.1 |
| Jun | 8 | 102.9 | 60.1 | 60.8 |
| Jul | 10 | 22.5 | 13.6 | 12.4 |
| Aug | 8 | 50.3 | 34.5 | 34.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 49.0 | 26.5 | 22.9 |
| Oct | 9 | 86.3 | 51.0 | 51.2 |
| Nov | 8 | 91.6 | 55.6 | 54.8 |
| Dec | 9 | 102.2 | 60.0 | 60.7 |
| Jan | 9 | 109.6 | 64.8 | 64.9 |
| Feb | 8 | 115.5 | 71.0 | 70.6 |
| Mar | 8 | 120.0 | 75.5 | 75.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 55.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 52: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Industrial Area CIDCO - Nanded

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Tear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | 84 | 65.0 | 45.1 | 42.8 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 88.1 | 53.8 | 53.4 |



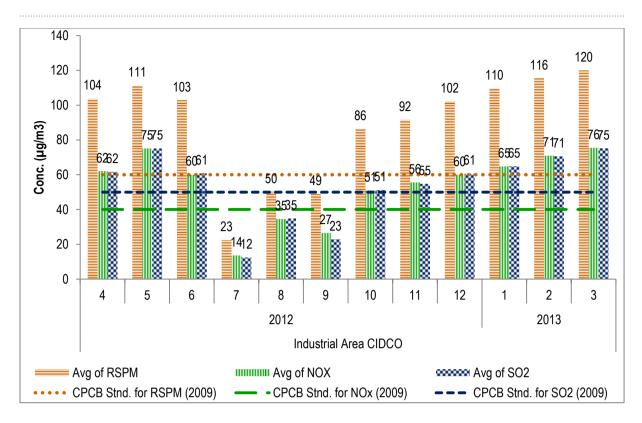


Figure No. 61: Monthly average reading recorded at Industrial Area CIDCO -Nanded

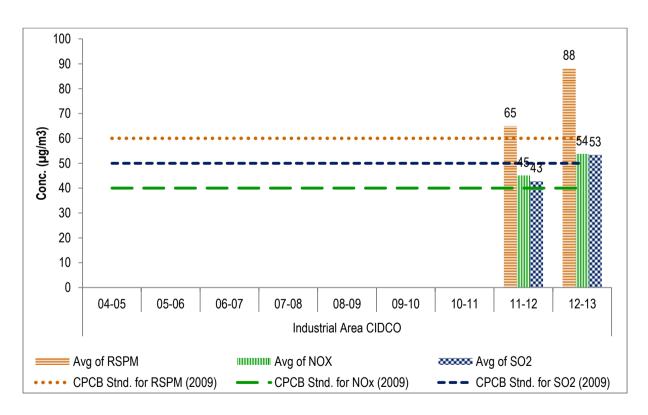


Figure No. 62: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Industrial Area Nanded



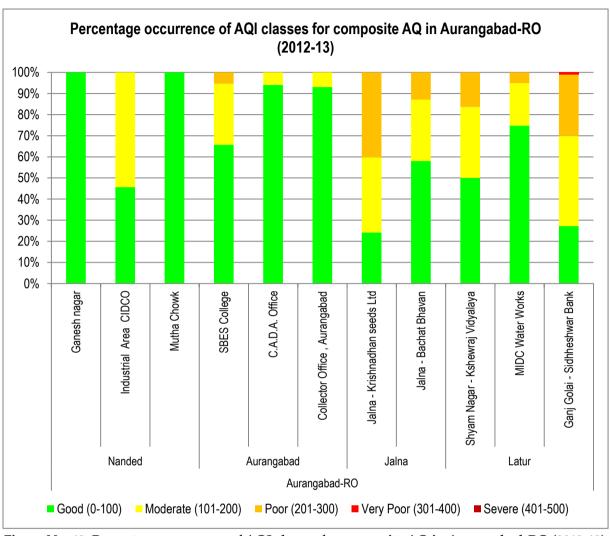
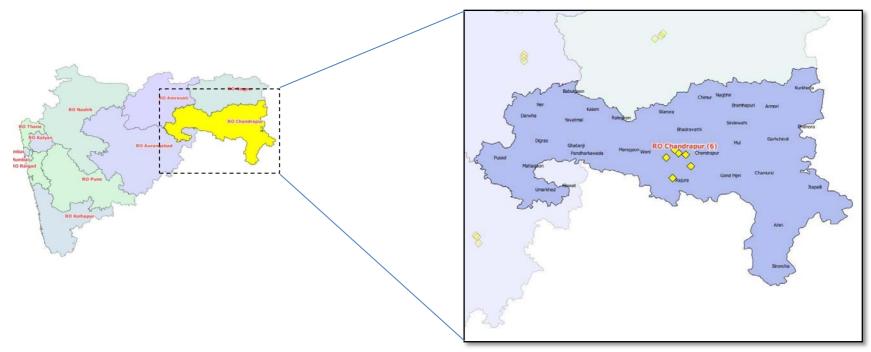


Figure No. 63: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Aurangabad-RO (2012-13)



RO - Chandrapur



| Region | Program | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude | |
|------------|---------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | | |
| Chandrapur | · | 267 | Ghuggus | Two Days In A Week | 19° 56' 23.0" N | 79° 06' 50.9" E | |
| | | 281 | 281 | MIDC, Chandrapur | Two Days In A Week | 19° 58' 58.3" N | 79° 13' 54.7" E |
| | | 396 | SRO Office, Chandrapur | Two Days In A Week | 19° 57' 55.9" N | 79° 17' 59.1" E | |
| | | | 639 | Ballarshah | Two Days In A Week | 19° 51' 11.8" N | 79° 20' 55.7" E |
| | | 640 | Rajura | Two Days In A Week | 19° 44' 11.7" N | 79° 10' 29.5" E | |
| | | 638 | Tadali MIDC | Two Days In A Week | 20° 00' 59.6" N | 79° 11' 51.5" E | |

Chandrapur - Ghuggus

Table No. 53: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Ghuggus

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 279.0 | 18.1 | 18.4 |
| May | 10 | 219.9 | 12.9 | 13.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 165.6 | 17.9 | 9.4 |
| Jul | 8 | 210.8 | 31.9 | 8.5 |
| Aug | 10 | 156.1 | 15.2 | 6.8 |
| Sep | 8 | 156.3 | 12.3 | 6.6 |
| Oct | 10 | 255.7 | 9.1 | 16.2 |
| Nov | 8 | 149.3 | 11.1 | 6.8 |
| Dec | 8 | 219.4 | 11.0 | 7.4 |
| Jan | 8 | 218.5 | 8.6 | 5.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 177.3 | 1.1 | 4.3 |
| Mar | 8 | 277.8 | 7.8 | 23.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 98.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 |

Table No. 54: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Ghuggus

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 80 | 79.5 | 27.9 | 18.2 |
| 05-06 | 96 | 130.5 | 30.7 | 20.5 |
| 06-07 | 75 | 138.8 | 38.5 | 31.4 |
| 07-08 | 95 | 186.3 | 53.5 | 35.9 |
| 08-09 | 86 | 172.4 | 54.2 | 34.0 |
| 09-10 | 77 | 179.9 | 31.7 | 45.9 |
| 10-11 | 103 | 211.3 | 23.6 | 22.9 |
| 11-12 | 95 | 206.2 | 20.8 | 18.3 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 207.3 | 13.0 | 10.6 |



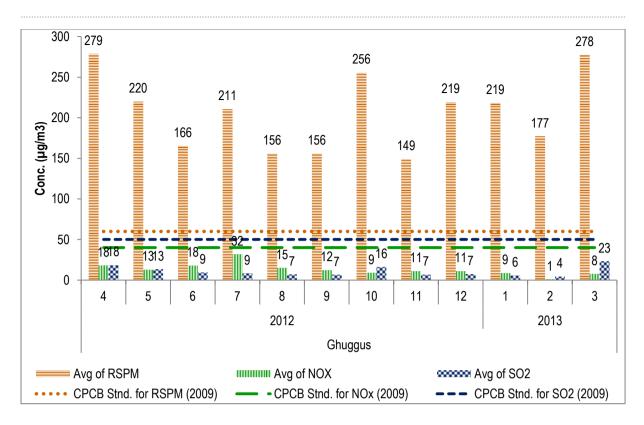


Figure No. 64: Monthly average reading recorded at Ghuggus -Chandrapur

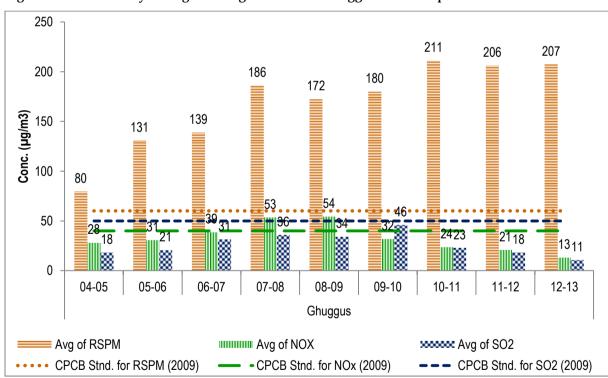


Figure No. 65: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Ghuggus -Chandrapur



Chandrapur - Chandrapur - MIDC

Table No. 55: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Chandrapur - MIDC

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 10 | 117.1 | 15.5 | 13.4 |
| May | 5 | 139.4 | 12.0 | 26.6 |
| Jun | 9 | 98.9 | 15.4 | 35.9 |
| Jul | 10 | 139.9 | 24.3 | 6.5 |
| Aug | 10 | 170.4 | 13.7 | 8.8 |
| Sep | 10 | 117.8 | 10.2 | 5.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 75.0 | 9.2 | 7.9 |
| Nov | 10 | 88.4 | 10.8 | 8.9 |
| Dec | 10 | 89.1 | 23.9 | 20.0 |
| Jan | 8 | 60.4 | 26.6 | 10.1 |
| Feb | 3 | 52.7 | 22.0 | 6.0 |
| Mar | 6 | 53.8 | 29.0 | 20.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 44.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |

Table No. 56: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Chandrapur - MIDC

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Teal | IN . | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 | | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | 95 | 109.6 | 36.8 | 25.5 | | |
| 05-06 | 92 | 130.3 | 37.2 | 26.4 | | |
| 06-07 | 97 | 122.7 | 41.3 | 37.7 | | |
| 07-08 | 98 | 124.8 | 49.8 | 36.7 | | |
| 08-09 | 81 | 148.4 | 53.3 | 34.0 | | |
| 09-10 | 79 | 140.9 | 30.8 | 62.9 | | |
| 10-11 | 102 | 149.6 | 25.0 | 24.8 | | |
| 11-12 | 108 | 131.2 | 35.0 | 21.3 | | |
| 12-13 | 100 | 104.5 | 17.2 | 13.8 | | |



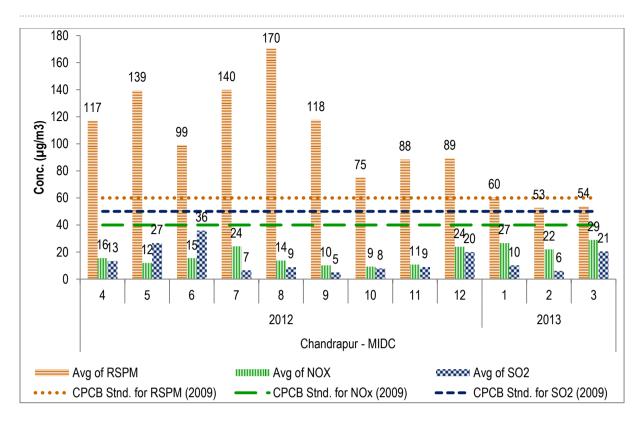


Figure No. 66: Monthly average reading recorded at Chandrapur -MIDC

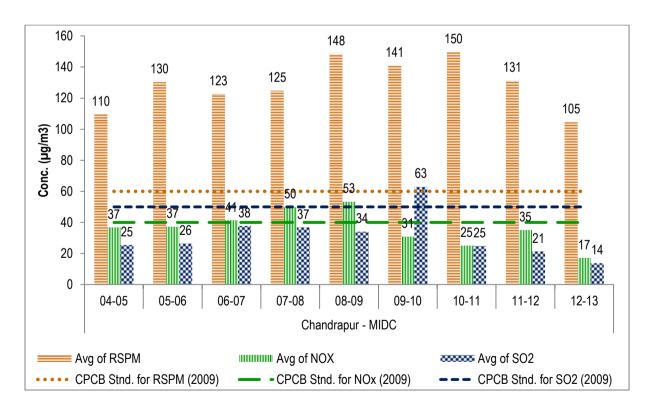


Figure No. 67: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Chandrapur -MIDC





Chandrapur - Chandrapur - SRO MPCB

Table No. 57: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Chandrapur - SRO MPCB

| FY | NI | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 10 | 74.3 | 22.2 | 12.1 |
| May | 10 | 103.8 | 10.3 | 12.3 |
| Jun | 10 | 63.3 | 24.0 | 38.9 |
| Jul | 10 | 87.1 | 19.3 | 9.3 |
| Aug | 10 | 85.4 | 22.2 | 14.0 |
| Sep | 10 | 50.7 | 12.2 | 5.7 |
| Oct | 10 | 51.4 | 8.2 | 5.4 |
| Nov | 10 | 57.9 | 9.7 | 7.1 |
| Dec | 10 | 82.4 | 22.4 | 20.6 |
| Jan | 10 | 97.5 | 19.9 | 10.8 |
| Feb | 8 | 66.5 | 17.4 | 6.1 |
| Mar | 10 | 73.9 | 16.8 | 18.7 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 118 | 24.6 | 0.0 | 0.8 |

Table No. 58: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Chandrapur - SRO MPCB

| Year | NI | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | N — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stnd (for $N \ge 104$) | | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 70 | 107.1 | 33.9 | 22.8 |
| 05-06 | 90 | 116.1 | 29.7 | 19.8 |
| 06-07 | 88 | 129.9 | 38.4 | 31.2 |
| 07-08 | 98 | 160.6 | 46.4 | 29.5 |
| 08-09 | 82 | 158.7 | 44.8 | 26.2 |
| 09-10 | 76 | 74.4 | 34.7 | 41.4 |
| 10-11 | 102 | 91.9 | 26.9 | 20.9 |
| 11-12 | 100 | 65.6 | 31.0 | 18.3 |
| 12-13 | 118 | 74.7 | 17.0 | 13.5 |



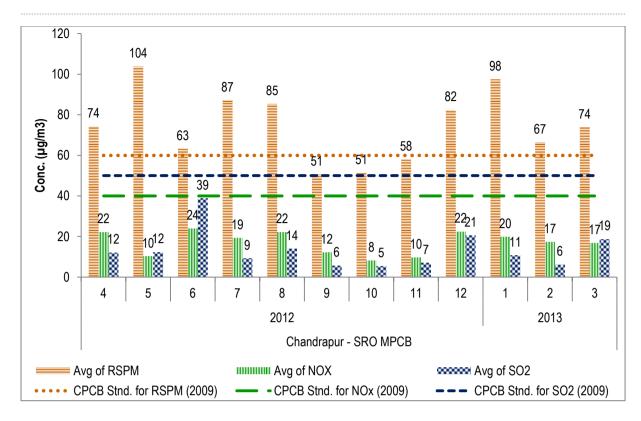


Figure No. 68: Monthly average reading recorded at Chandrapur -SRO MPCB

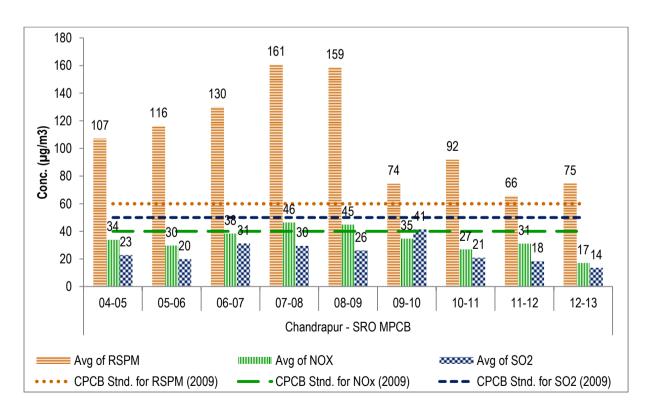


Figure No. 69: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Chandrapur -SRO MPCB





Chandrapur - Ballarshah

Table No. 59: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Ballarshah

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 10 | 201.1 | 15.8 | 7.5 |
| May | 10 | 202.6 | 14.0 | 12.3 |
| Jun | 8 | 85.4 | 16.0 | 7.4 |
| Jul | 8 | 105.0 | 12.3 | 8.3 |
| Aug | 8 | 140.5 | 17.1 | 8.3 |
| Sep | 8 | 91.5 | 13.1 | 6.0 |
| Oct | 8 | 227.1 | 11.5 | 6.0 |
| Nov | 8 | 352.8 | 12.4 | 6.0 |
| Dec | 8 | 246.9 | 29.1 | 12.0 |
| Jan | 8 | 241.0 | 25.9 | 12.5 |
| Feb | 8 | 209.4 | 34.6 | 4.9 |
| Mar | 8 | 199.1 | 32.0 | 13.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 100 | 80.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 60: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Ballarshah

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Tear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 65 | 121.7 | 34.9 | 32.1 |
| 10-11 | 107 | 128.6 | 31.6 | 17.5 |
| 11-12 | 68 | 123.3 | 23.9 | 19.2 |
| 12-13 | 100 | 192.3 | 19.3 | 8.8 |



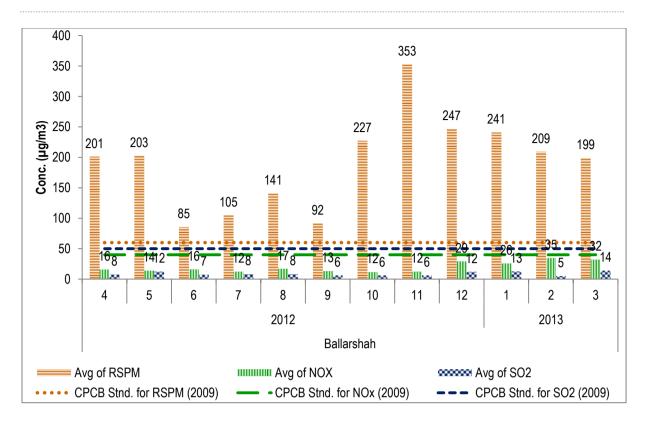


Figure No. 70: Monthly average reading recorded at Ballarshah

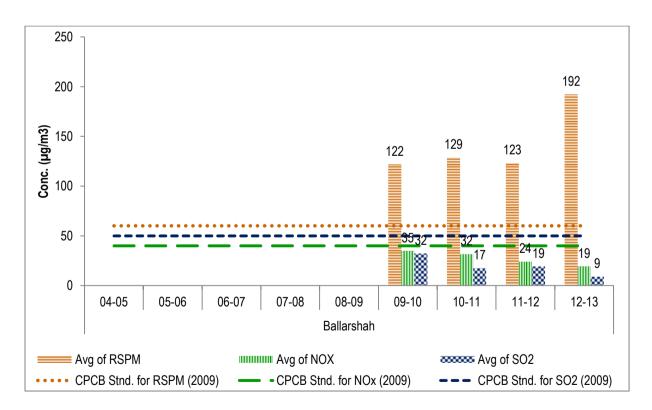


Figure No. 71: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at BAllarshah



Chandrapur - Rajura

Table No. 61: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Rajura

| FY | NT | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | - | - | - | - |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | 8 | 126.6 | 16.8 | 6.8 |
| Jul | 6 | 98.5 | 14.8 | 11.3 |
| Aug | 10 | 106.3 | 15.2 | 6.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 99.0 | 9.9 | 5.0 |
| Oct | 6 | 325.0 | 10.7 | 16.8 |
| Nov | 6 | 294.3 | 16.5 | 5.7 |
| Dec | 8 | 284.3 | 32.8 | 13.0 |
| Jan | 8 | 286.9 | 28.1 | 11.5 |
| Feb | 6 | 207.3 | 31.3 | 5.7 |
| Mar | 6 | 188.8 | 41.5 | 11.2 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 72 | 77.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 62: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Rajura

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|-------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stno | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 30 | 118.8 | 37.2 | 34.0 |
| 10-11 | 93 | 114.5 | 18.9 | 16.6 |
| 11-12 | 71 | 158.8 | 19.4 | 15.9 |
| 12-13 | 72 | 196.1 | 21.4 | 9.2 |



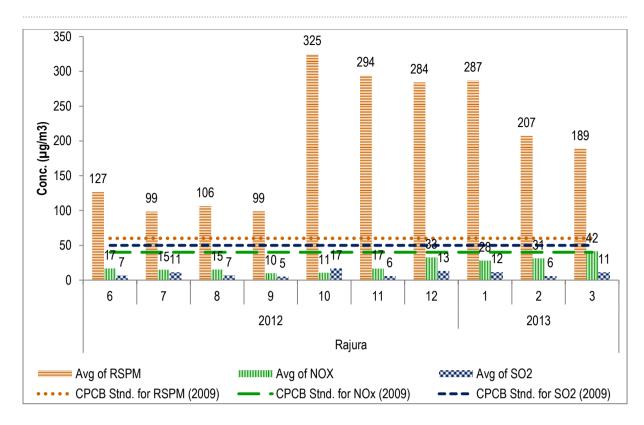


Figure No. 72: Monthly average reading recorded at Rajura

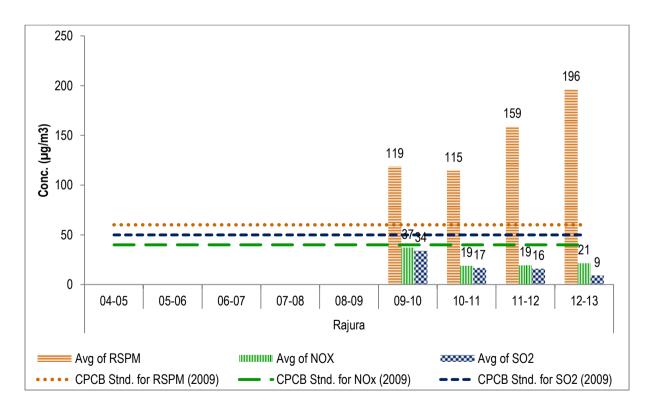


Figure No. 73: : Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Rajura



Chandrapur - Tadali MIDC

Table No. 63: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Tadali MIDC

| FY | N — | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 173.0 | 14.3 | 15.6 |
| May | 10 | 190.6 | 11.4 | 12.3 |
| Jun | 8 | 167.3 | 14.5 | 5.0 |
| Jul | 8 | 122.1 | 19.3 | 7.4 |
| Aug | 10 | 135.9 | 11.0 | 5.4 |
| Sep | 8 | 136.6 | 8.3 | 7.4 |
| Oct | 8 | 165.5 | 9.4 | 10.9 |
| Nov | 8 | 133.6 | 10.5 | 6.8 |
| Dec | 8 | 162.3 | 11.5 | 7.3 |
| Jan | 12 | 215.3 | 24.3 | 10.7 |
| Feb | 8 | 250.6 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| Mar | 8 | 207.1 | 7.0 | 13.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 94.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 64: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Tadali MIDC

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| 1 ear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | 59 | 169.3 | 19.2 | 28.8 |
| 10-11 | 65 | 216.4 | 19.7 | 17.9 |
| 11-12 | 88 | 151.0 | 18.3 | 15.6 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 173.0 | 12.6 | 8.9 |



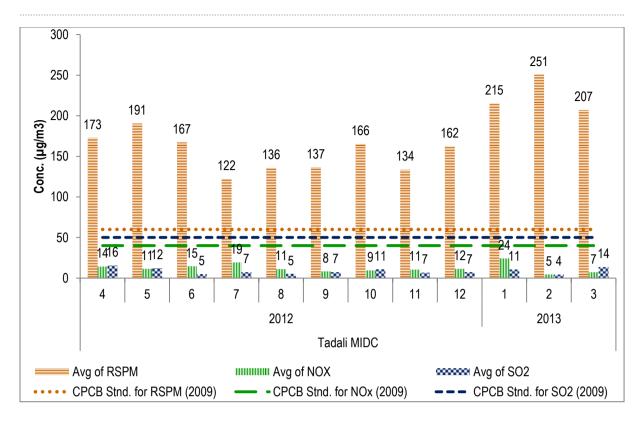


Figure No. 74: Monthly average reading recorded at Taladi MIDC

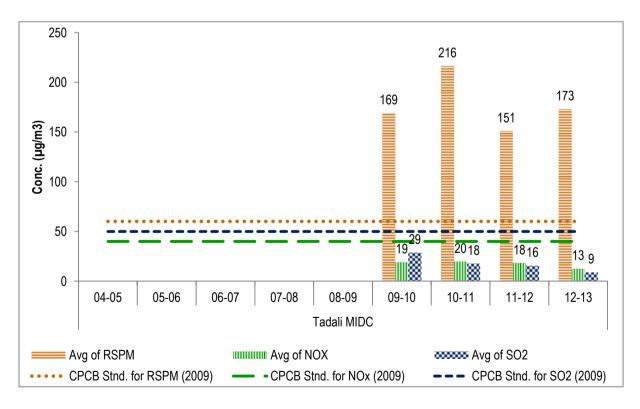


Figure No. 75: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Taladi MIDC





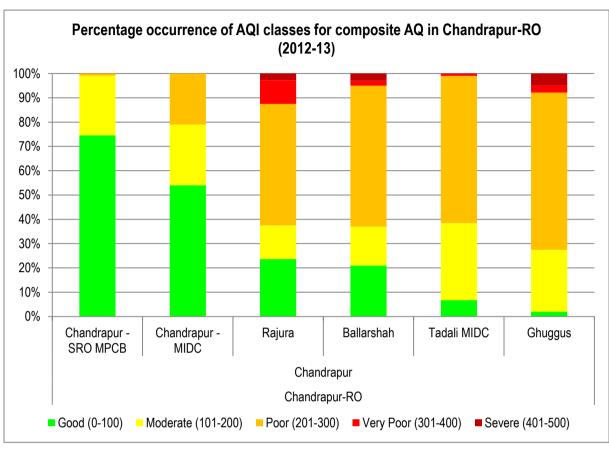
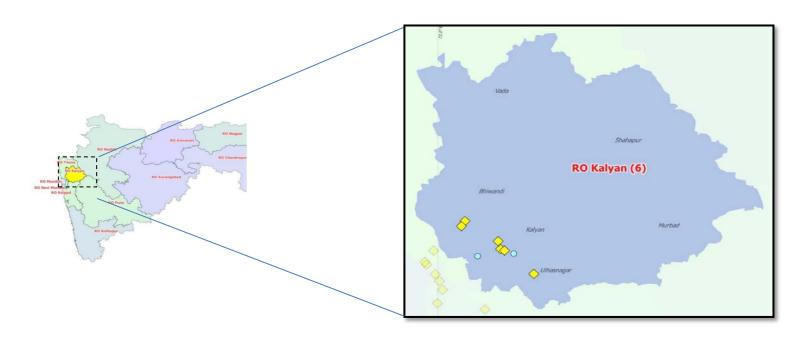


Figure No. 76: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Chandrapur-RO (2012-13)



RO – Kalyan



| Region | Program | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|------------|---------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | |
| Ambernath | NAMP | 1 | Ambernath | Two Days In A Week | 19° 13' 26.2" N | 73° 09' 15.0" E |
| Badlapur | NAMP | 649 | Badlapur - BIWA House | Two Days In A Week | 19° 09' 22.2" N | 73° 14' 16.0" E |
| Bhiwandi | SAMP | 4 | I.G.MHospital | Two times in a week | 19° 17' 57.2" N | 73° 04' 00.4" E |
| | | 5 | Premataihall | Two times in a week | 19° 17' 07.7" N | 73° 03' 27.8" E |
| Dombivali | NAMP | 6 | Dombivali* | Two Days In A Week | 19° 12' 15.8" N | 73° 05' 53.9" E |
| | SAMP | 7 | MIDC Office Domdivali | Two Days In A Week | 19° 12' 47.0" N | 73° 06' 17.4" E |
| Kalyan | SAMP | 8 | MPCB Ro Kalyan office | Two times in a week | 19° 14' 42.0" N | 73° 08' 58.6" E |
| Ulhasnagar | NAMP | 647 | Smt. CHM College Campus | Two Days In A Week | 19° 13' 12.4" N | 73° 09' 51.3" E |
| | | 648 | Powai Chowk | Two Days In A Week | 19° 13' 26.0" N | 73° 09' 16.2" E |

Ambernath

Table No. 65: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Ambernath

| FY | N — | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | - | - | - | - |
| May | 9 | 185.6 | 165.3 | 58.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 144.8 | 102.9 | 46.3 |
| Jul | 9 | 114.7 | 84.1 | 55.8 |
| Aug | 9 | 102.0 | 74.1 | 42.8 |
| Sep | 8 | 140.1 | 105.6 | 49.8 |
| Oct | 9 | 87.1 | 77.6 | 50.7 |
| Nov | 10 | 88.5 | 78.6 | 45.6 |
| Dec | 9 | 131.2 | 93.8 | 31.0 |
| Jan | 5 | 118.6 | 83.6 | 28.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 81.3 | 55.1 | 22.4 |
| Mar | 8 | 103.3 | 72.3 | 26.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 92 | 63.0 | 51.1 | 2.2 |

Table No. 66: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Ambernath

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ι ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 63 | 96.6 | 36.0 | 31.2 |
| 05-06 | 85 | 83.2 | 52.4 | 30.1 |
| 06-07 | 86 | 92.6 | 43.8 | 23.9 |
| 07-08 | 101 | 106.3 | 40.5 | 31.3 |
| 08-09 | 26 | 70.2 | 52.8 | 29.3 |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | - | - | - | - |
| 12-13 | 92 | 117.6 | 90.7 | 42.5 |



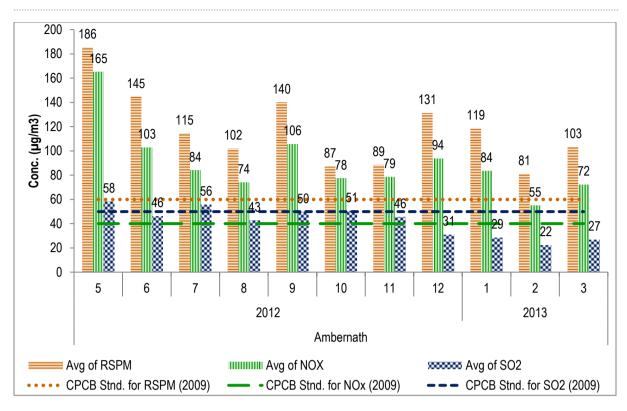


Figure No. 77: Monthly average reading recorded at Ambernath

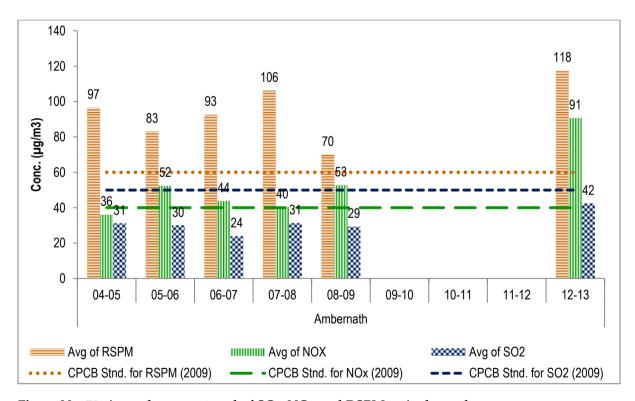


Figure No. 78: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Ambernath





Badlapur - Badlapur - BIWA House

Table No. 67: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Badlapur - BIWA House

| FY | NI | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 133.5 | 78.8 | 33.9 |
| May | 8 | 57.6 | 12.8 | 19.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 126.0 | 87.3 | 47.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 108.8 | 79.8 | 64.2 |
| Aug | 9 | 107.3 | 78.4 | 49.4 |
| Sep | 8 | 91.6 | 67.3 | 50.5 |
| Oct | 7 | 95.7 | 85.4 | 64.1 |
| Nov | 8 | 93.5 | 83.6 | 49.9 |
| Dec | 6 | 102.3 | 71.2 | 26.7 |
| Jan | 6 | 112.2 | 78.5 | 28.2 |
| Feb | 8 | 78.1 | 52.5 | 24.6 |
| Mar | 8 | 88.6 | 60.8 | 26.0 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 93 | 44.1 | 35.5 | 4.3 |

Table No. 68: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Badlapur - BIWA House

| Year | NI | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Tear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 80 | 140.5 | 39.0 | 27.0 |
| 07-08 | 104 | 93.1 | 41.5 | 30.2 |
| 08-09 | 102 | 98.0 | 76.3 | 35.0 |
| 09-10 | 84 | 103.4 | 84.6 | 55.2 |
| 10-11 | 94 | 118.2 | 73.6 | 35.6 |
| 11-12 | 95 | 120.9 | 67.9 | 41.0 |
| 12-13 | 93 | 99.5 | 69.5 | 41.0 |



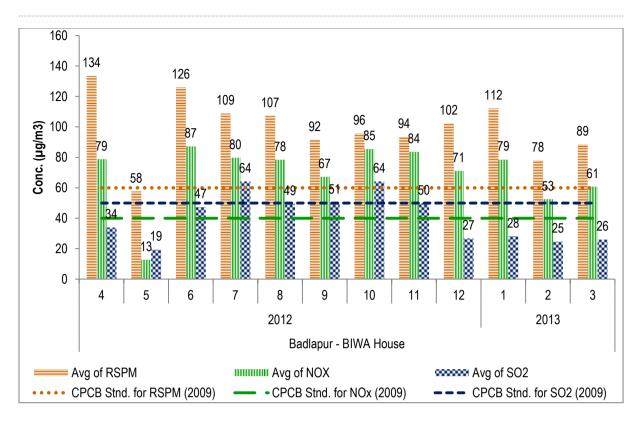


Figure No. 79: Monthly average reading recorded at Badlapur -BIWA House

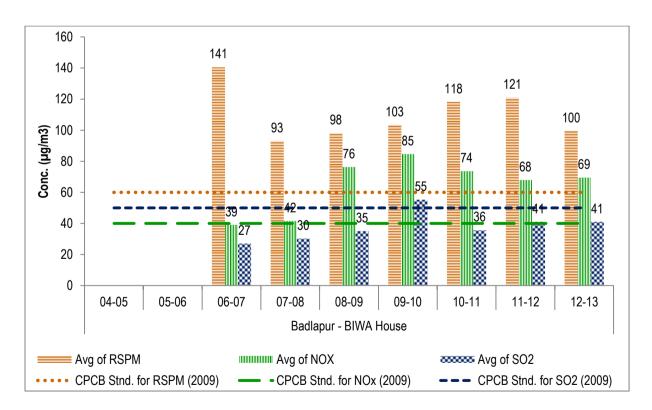


Figure No. 80: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Badlapur -BIWA House





Bhiwandi - Prematai hall

Table No. 69: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Prematai hall

| FY | NI | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 10 | 58.9 | 34.0 | 20.3 |
| May | 10 | 58.9 | 33.9 | 21.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 45.3 | 21.5 | 14.6 |
| Jul | 9 | 48.2 | 22.6 | 16.2 |
| Aug | 8 | 52.0 | 24.0 | 19.3 |
| Sep | 9 | 62.8 | 35.6 | 25.9 |
| Oct | 8 | 65.1 | 36.6 | 28.3 |
| Nov | 8 | 62.9 | 35.3 | 26.0 |
| Dec | 10 | 61.3 | 36.1 | 29.3 |
| Jan | 8 | 62.0 | 39.4 | 29.8 |
| Feb | 6 | 64.2 | 41.2 | 31.5 |
| Mar | 8 | 62.3 | 40.5 | 31.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 70: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Prematai hall

| Year | NT | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | 103 | 52.0 | 23.4 | 14.9 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 58.5 | 33.2 | 24.2 |



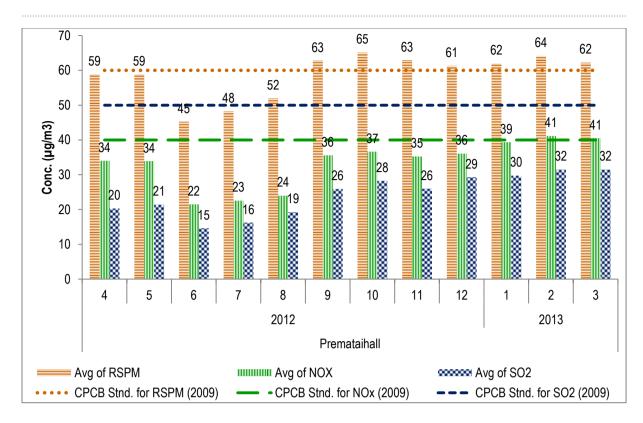


Figure No. 81: Monthly average reading recorded at Premataihall -Bhiwandi

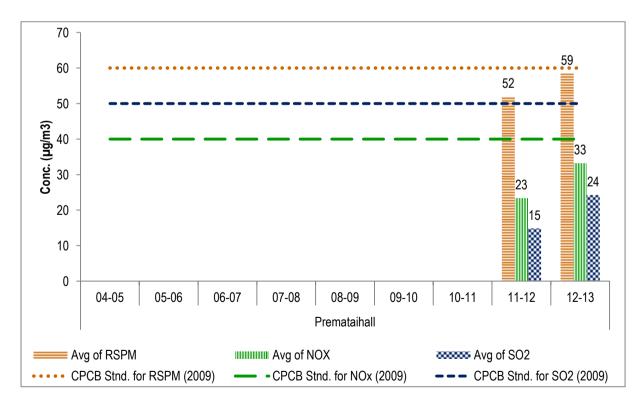


Figure No. 82: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Premataihall -Bhiwandi





Bhiwandi - I.G.M. Hospital

Table No. 71: Data for monthly average reading recorded at I.G.M. Hospital

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 70.4 | 29.3 | 17.8 |
| May | 8 | 70.5 | 29.3 | 18.0 |
| Jun | 10 | 56.9 | 30.6 | 23.3 |
| Jul | 8 | 57.4 | 31.4 | 23.9 |
| Aug | 10 | 61.1 | 33.7 | 23.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 53.6 | 26.1 | 23.1 |
| Oct | 8 | 61.4 | 30.5 | 31.0 |
| Nov | 8 | 64.8 | 41.6 | 27.9 |
| Dec | 8 | 66.1 | 41.9 | 30.6 |
| Jan | 8 | 65.8 | 41.6 | 31.0 |
| Feb | 4 | 67.5 | 42.8 | 31.3 |
| Mar | 8 | 66.5 | 42.0 | 31.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 96 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 72: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at I.G.M. Hospital

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | 26 | 62.2 | 29.3 | 22.6 |
| 12-13 | 96 | 63.1 | 34.6 | 25.7 |



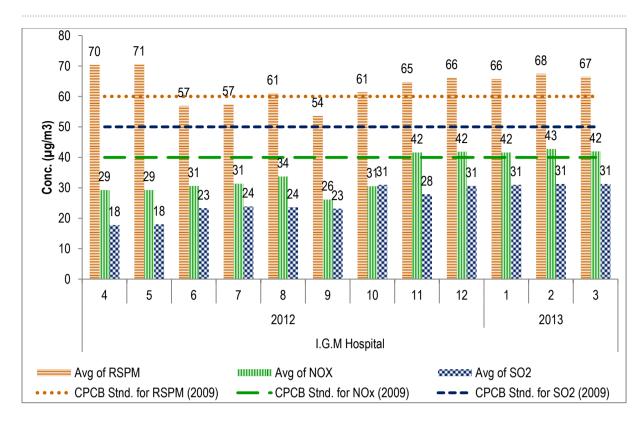


Figure No. 83: Monthly average reading recorded at IGM Hospital -Bhiwandi

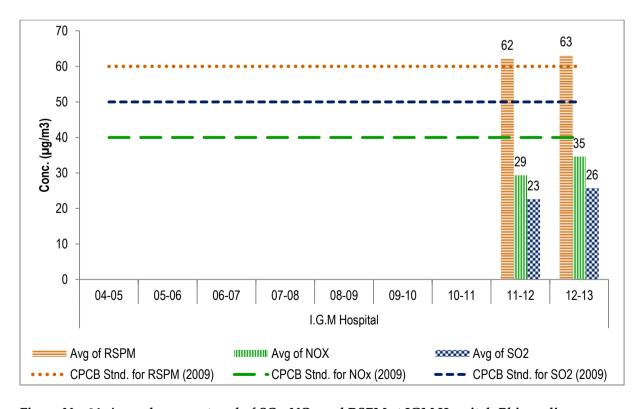


Figure No. 84: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at IGM Hospital -Bhiwandi





Dombivali – MIDC Phase - II

Table No. 73: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Dombivali

| FY | N — | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 244.5 | 218.3 | 73.4 |
| May | 9 | 135.0 | 94.3 | 60.0 |
| Jun | 9 | 107.2 | 78.4 | 58.6 |
| Jul | 9 | 123.6 | 90.6 | 59.3 |
| Aug | 8 | 123.0 | 86.1 | 53.4 |
| Sep | 9 | 93.6 | 83.3 | 53.6 |
| Oct | 8 | 107.6 | 96.1 | 65.1 |
| Nov | 9 | 114.7 | 80.8 | 37.3 |
| Dec | 6 | 108.8 | 76.5 | 29.8 |
| Jan | 8 | 93.3 | 64.3 | 22.4 |
| Feb | 9 | 105.1 | 73.4 | 28.4 |
| Mar | 8 | 244.5 | 218.3 | 73.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 29.4 | 26.8 | 3.1 |

Table No. 74: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Dombivali

| Year | NI | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 55 | 70.9 | 38.4 | 42.1 |
| 05-06 | 96 | 109.2 | 51.6 | 35.2 |
| 06-07 | 93 | 120.1 | 38.2 | 23.8 |
| 07-08 | 96 | 98.3 | 40.7 | 37.5 |
| 08-09 | 25 | 67.8 | 55.0 | 34.5 |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | - | - | - | - |
| 12-13 | 92 | 123.0 | 94.4 | 49.7 |



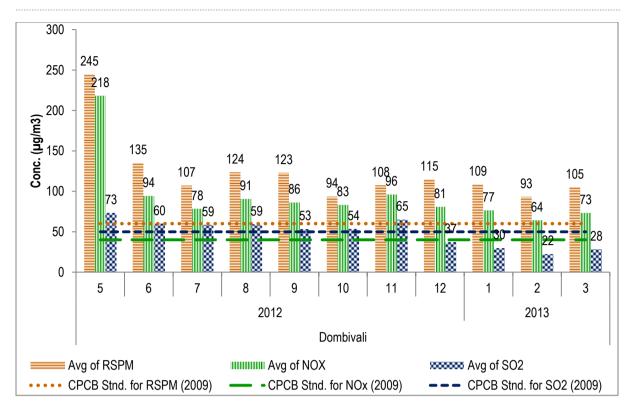


Figure No. 85: Monthly average reading recorded at Dombivali

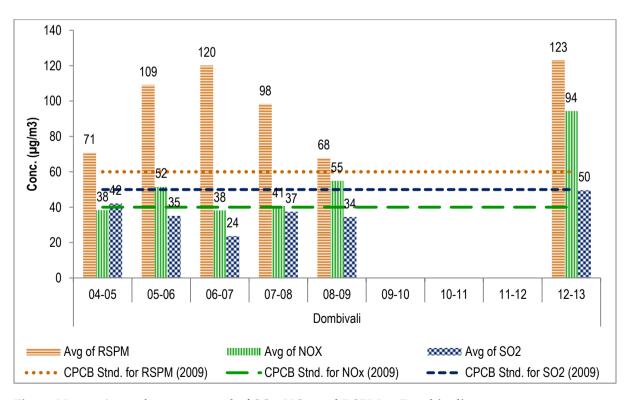


Figure No. 86: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Dombivali



Dombivali - MIDC Office Dombivali

Table No. 75: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Office Dombivali

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν _ | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | - | - | - | - |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | - | - | - | - |
| Jul | 9 | 104.7 | 76.8 | 60.2 |
| Aug | 8 | 63.0 | 21.1 | 8.5 |
| Sep | 9 | 97.9 | 70.1 | 49.9 |
| Oct | 9 | 63.6 | 56.8 | 44.7 |
| Nov | 8 | 114.1 | 101.9 | 56.9 |
| Dec | 9 | 84.3 | 57.2 | 31.7 |
| Jan | 5 | 83.2 | 56.6 | 28.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 85.6 | 58.1 | 19.1 |
| Mar | 9 | 77.1 | 51.6 | 22.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 74 | 28.4 | 23.0 | 4.1 |

Table No. 76: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at MIDC Office Dombivali

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | - | - | - | - |
| 12-13 | 74 | 86.0 | 61.4 | 36.5 |



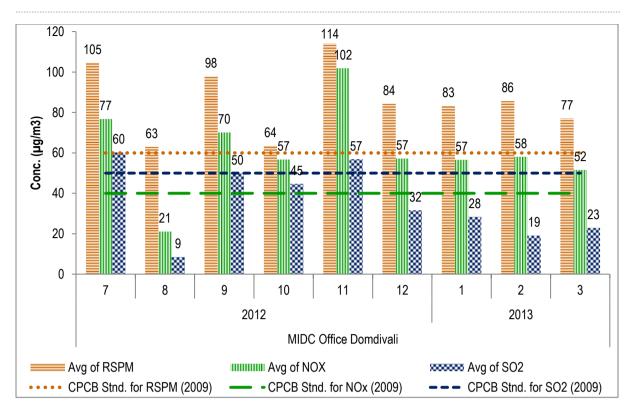


Figure No. 87: Monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Office -Dombivali

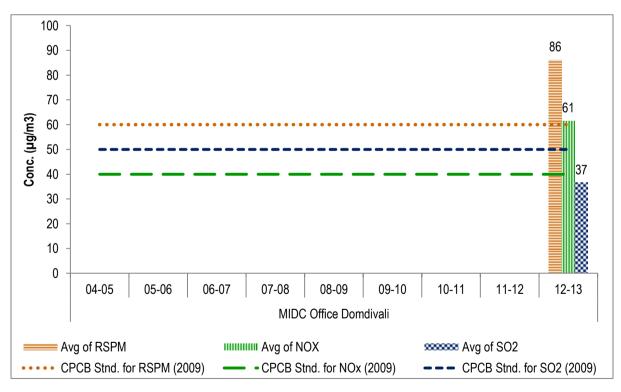


Figure No. 88: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at MIDC Office -Dombivali



Kalyan - MPCB RO Kalyan office

Table No. 77: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MPCB RO Kalyan office

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 7 | 73.9 | 38.0 | 24.3 |
| May | 8 | 73.5 | 37.6 | 24.5 |
| Jun | 8 | 67.0 | 32.0 | 24.1 |
| Jul | 10 | 57.7 | 31.6 | 24.0 |
| Aug | 8 | 62.6 | 33.3 | 25.3 |
| Sep | 8 | 64.5 | 33.6 | 25.5 |
| Oct | 10 | 65.4 | 36.2 | 29.0 |
| Nov | 10 | 62.6 | 39.4 | 32.5 |
| Dec | 8 | 64.4 | 43.0 | 33.6 |
| Jan | 10 | 65.1 | 43.0 | 34.3 |
| Feb | 6 | 67.8 | 43.7 | 36.0 |
| Mar | 10 | 65.2 | 43.0 | 33.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 78: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at MPCB RO Kalyan office

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | - | - | - | - |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | - | - | - | - |
| 11-12 | 82 | 71.2 | 33.8 | 21.5 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 65.4 | 37.8 | 29.0 |



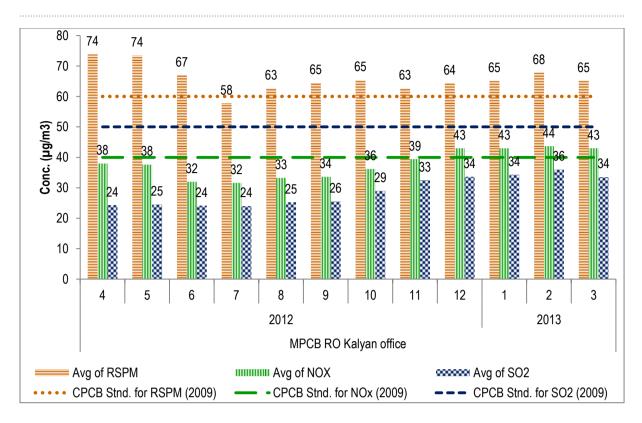


Figure No. 89: Monthly average reading recorded at MPCB RO Kalyan Office

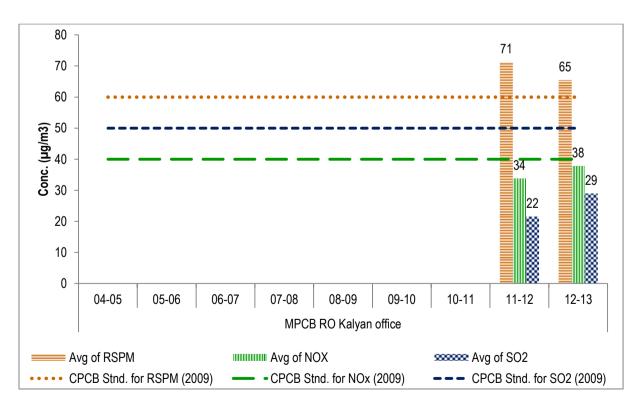


Figure No. 90: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at MPCB RO Kalyan Office





Ulhasnagar - Smt. CHM College Campus

Table No. 79: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Smt. CHM College Campus, Ulhasnagar

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 118.3 | 61.4 | 35.4 |
| May | 9 | 146.0 | 93.1 | 51.2 |
| Jun | 8 | 83.6 | 54.9 | 38.6 |
| Jul | 9 | 84.0 | 57.1 | 45.2 |
| Aug | 9 | 84.8 | 59.6 | 26.4 |
| Sep | 8 | 80.0 | 61.0 | 36.6 |
| Oct | 10 | 52.6 | 47.2 | 32.5 |
| Nov | 8 | 73.6 | 65.6 | 32.6 |
| Dec | 9 | 69.8 | 45.8 | 25.9 |
| Jan | 5 | 85.0 | 57.8 | 23.0 |
| Feb | 8 | 67.4 | 44.3 | 20.4 |
| Mar | 8 | 72.1 | 48.0 | 29.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 22.0 | 14.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 80: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO $_{X}$ and SO $_{2}$ at Smt. CHM College Campus, Ulhasnagar

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 75 | 158.6 | 45.8 | 27.7 |
| 07-08 | 53 | 90.4 | 42.2 | 30.5 |
| 08-09 | 92 | 86.6 | 57.5 | 30.1 |
| 09-10 | 88 | 92.3 | 70.0 | 46.4 |
| 10-11 | 99 | 98.6 | 61.3 | 30.4 |
| 11-12 | 102 | 108.9 | 64.1 | 36.9 |
| 12-13 | 100 | 84.9 | 58.0 | 33.6 |



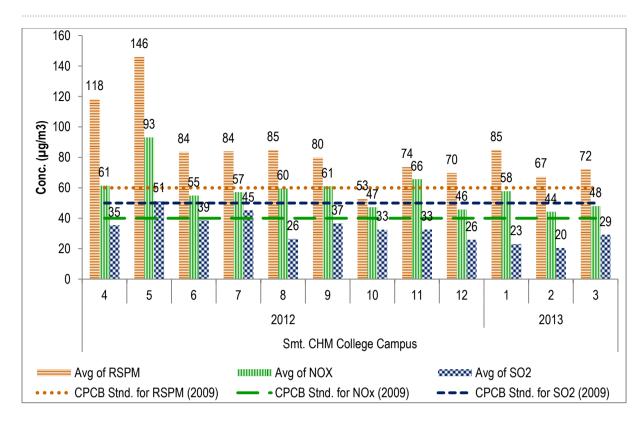


Figure No. 91: Monthly average reading recorded at -Smt.CHM Collage Campus, Ulhasnagar

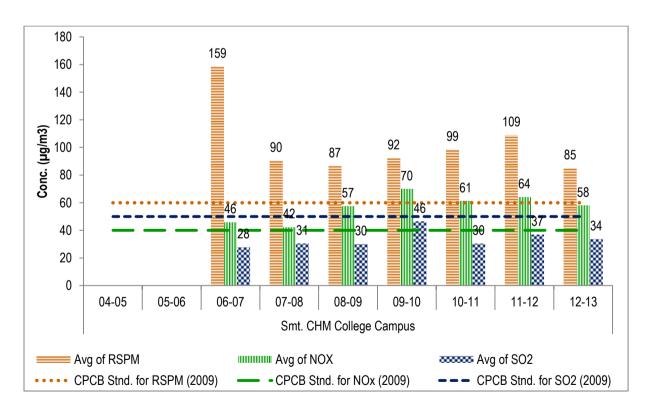


Figure No. 92: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Smt.CHM Collage Campus, Ulhasnagar



Ulhasnagar - Powai Chowk

Table No. 81: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Powai Chowk, Ulhasnagar

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 118.8 | 86.8 | 45.9 |
| May | 9 | 132.6 | 104.0 | 54.9 |
| Jun | 8 | 117.0 | 104.4 | 48.1 |
| Jul | 9 | 146.4 | 108.6 | 63.4 |
| Aug | 9 | 120.4 | 89.0 | 47.4 |
| Sep | 9 | 111.1 | 80.6 | 47.9 |
| Oct | 9 | 97.9 | 87.3 | 49.1 |
| Nov | 8 | 89.6 | 80.0 | 50.9 |
| Dec | 9 | 78.9 | 53.1 | 29.4 |
| Jan | 5 | 87.6 | 59.6 | 25.0 |
| Feb | 8 | 83.6 | 56.6 | 22.4 |
| Mar | 9 | 74.1 | 49.7 | 25.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 101 | 53.5 | 53.5 | 1.0 |

Table No. 82: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Powai Chowk, Ulhasnagar

| | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| | 11 | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 89 | 120.9 | 38.0 | 23.7 |
| 07-08 | 98 | 90.5 | 37.0 | 25.4 |
| 08-09 | 98 | 94.7 | 68.9 | 32.8 |
| 09-10 | 89 | 119.1 | 95.6 | 52.9 |
| 10-11 | 96 | 113.7 | 68.5 | 30.9 |
| 11-12 | 102 | 122.3 | 74.1 | 43.3 |
| 12-13 | 101 | 105.8 | 80.8 | 43.2 |



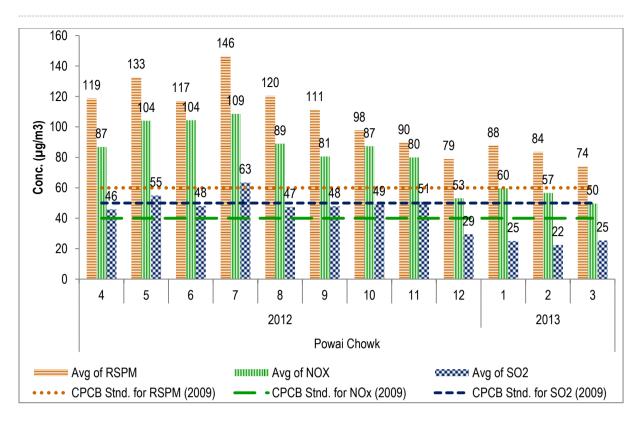


Figure No. 93: Monthly average reading recorded at -Pawai Chowk, Ulhasnagar

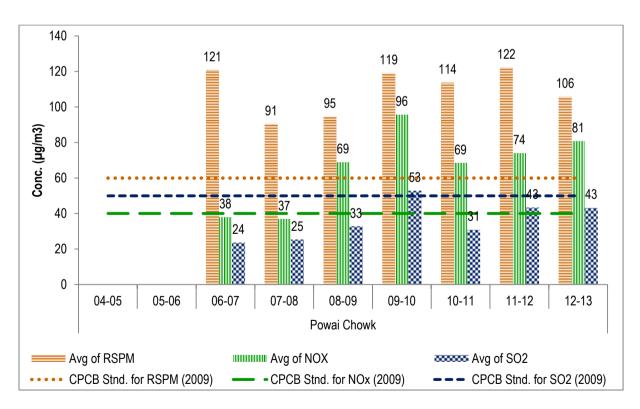


Figure No. 94: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Pawai Chowk, Ulhasnagar





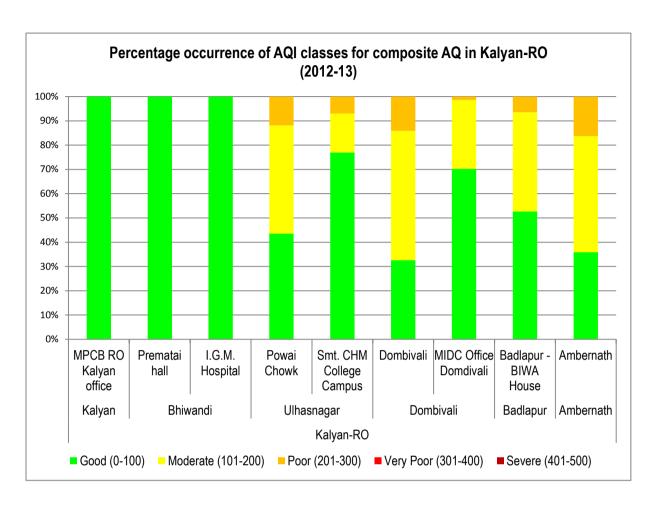
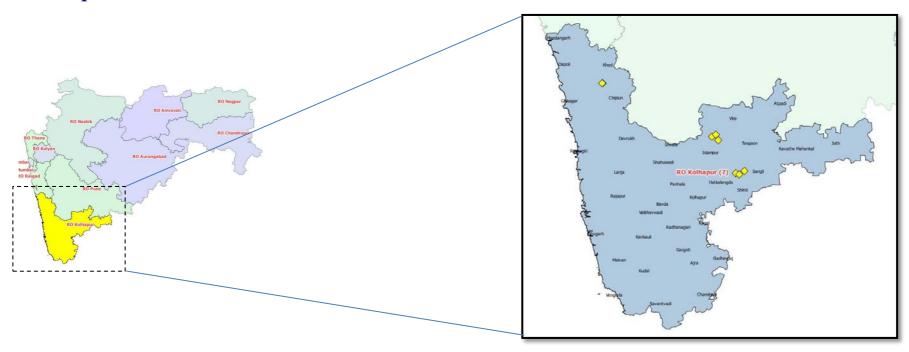


Figure No. 95:. Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Kalyan-RO (2012-13)



RO – Kolhapur



| Region | Program name | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude | | | |
|----------|--------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | | | | |
| Chiplun | NAMP | 489 | MIDC Chalkewadi | Two Days In A Week | 17° 35' 16.8" N | 73° 29' 25.0" E | | | |
| | | 490 | Chiplun - Water Treatment | Two Days In A Week | 17° 35' 15.2" N | 73° 29' 13.7" E | | | |
| Kolhapur | NAMP | 508 | Shivaji University Campus | Two Days In A Week | 17° 07' 40.1" N | 74° 25' 16.9" E | | | |
| | | | | | 509 | Ruikar Trust | Two Days In A Week | 17° 10' 25.4" N | 74° 24' 10.1" E |
| | | 510 | Mahadwar Road | Two Days In A Week | 17° 09' 27.0" N | 74° 22' 10.6" E | | | |
| Sangli | NAMP | NAMP 574 | Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan | Twice a week | 16° 51' 11.8" N | 74° 35' 28.9" E | | | |
| | | 575 | Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school | Twice a week | 16° 51' 39.4" N | 74° 33′ 52.5″ E | | | |
| | | 576 | Krishna Valley school | Twice a week | 16° 52' 49.4" N | 74° 38' 02.3" E | | | |

Chiplun - Chiplun - MIDC Chalkewadi

Table No. 83: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Chiplun - MIDC Chalkewadi, Chiplun

| FY | NI | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | - | - | - | - |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | - | - | - | - |
| Jul | - | - | - | - |
| Aug | - | - | - | - |
| Sep | - | - | - | - |
| Oct | - | - | - | - |
| Nov | - | - | - | - |
| Dec | - | - | - | - |
| Jan | - | - | - | - |
| Feb | - | - | - | - |
| Mar | - | - | - | - |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| _ | - | - | - | - |

Table No. 84: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO $_{\rm X}$ and SO $_{\rm 2}$ at Chiplun - MIDC Chalkewadi, Chiplun

| Year | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | |
|------------|----------------------|-------|------------------------|--------|
| Tear | 14 | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 43 | 85.3 | 10.5 | 12.1 |
| 07-08 | 83 | 87.0 | 27.7 | 23.1 |
| 08-09 | 26 | 61.9 | 23.7 | 25.1 |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | 36 | 143.9 | 33.1 | 58.7 |
| 11-12 | 24 | 38.3 | 14.5 | 23.8 |
| 12-13 | - | - | - | - |



NO data

Figure No. 96: Monthly average reading recorded at -MIDC Chalkewadi, Chiplun

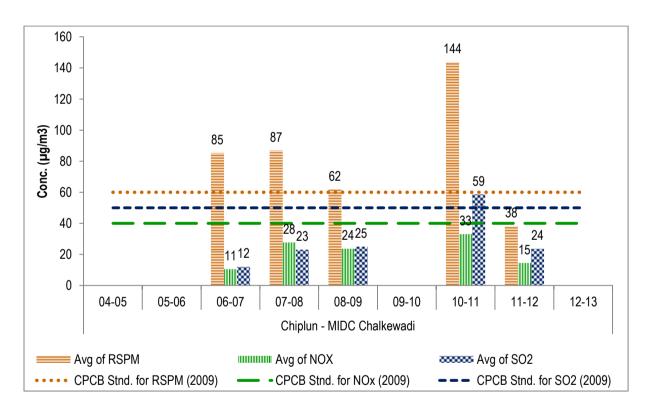


Figure No. 97: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -MIDC Chalkewadi, Chiplun



Chiplun - Chiplun - Water Treatment

Table No. 85: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Chiplun - Water Treatment

| FY | N.T. | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | - | - | - | - |
| May | - | - | - | - |
| Jun | - | - | - | - |
| Jul | - | - | - | - |
| Aug | - | - | - | - |
| Sep | - | - | - | - |
| Oct | - | - | - | - |
| Nov | - | - | - | - |
| Dec | - | - | - | - |
| Jan | - | - | - | - |
| Feb | - | - | - | - |
| Mar | - | - | - | = |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | - | - | - | - |

Table No. 86: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Chiplun - Water Treatment

| Year | N - | | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | 2 | 54.0 | 0.0 | 20.5 | | |
| 06-07 | 105 | 66.9 | 10.1 | 32.4 | | |
| 07-08 | 105 | 72.5 | 22.8 | 19.7 | | |
| 08-09 | 25 | 44.1 | 21.6 | 25.2 | | |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 10-11 | 44 | 128.5 | 30.5 | 53.6 | | |
| 11-12 | 33 | 44.8 | 15.2 | 24.8 | | |
| 12-13 | - | - | - | - | | |



NO data

Figure No. 98: Monthly average reading recorded at - Chiplun - Water Treatment

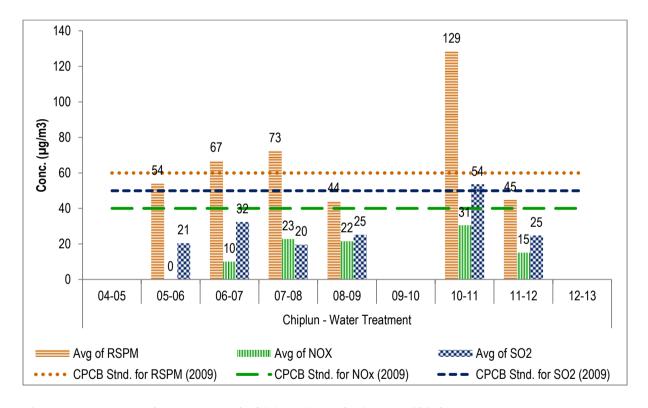


Figure No. 99: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Chiplun - Water Treatment



Kolhapur - Shivaji University Campus

Table No. 87: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Shivaji University Campus

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 60.2 | 17.4 | 11.6 |
| May | 9 | 58.6 | 18.2 | 11.0 |
| Jun | 8 | 50.0 | 15.1 | 8.1 |
| Jul | 9 | 49.2 | 14.1 | 8.2 |
| Aug | 9 | 53.3 | 15.0 | 8.3 |
| Sep | 8 | 53.8 | 14.4 | 9.5 |
| Oct | 9 | 54.7 | 13.9 | 8.8 |
| Nov | 9 | 63.3 | 15.7 | 11.9 |
| Dec | 9 | 69.8 | 18.6 | 14.6 |
| Jan | 9 | 77.1 | 24.6 | 17.2 |
| Feb | 8 | 78.6 | 26.6 | 19.9 |
| Mar | 8 | 68.8 | 22.1 | 15.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 88: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Shivaji University Campus

| Year | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | |
|------------|---------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | 88 | 39.5 | 7.5 | 4.4 |
| 06-07 | 101 | 43.6 | 6.8 | 5.1 |
| 07-08 | 104 | 45.9 | 3.0 | 5.3 |
| 08-09 | 80 | 62.2 | 10.3 | 8.2 |
| 09-10 | 96 | 54.9 | 4.2 | 8.0 |
| 10-11 | 104 | 56.0 | 9.3 | 9.0 |
| 11-12 | 113 | 60.2 | 13.1 | 9.8 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 61.4 | 17.9 | 12.0 |



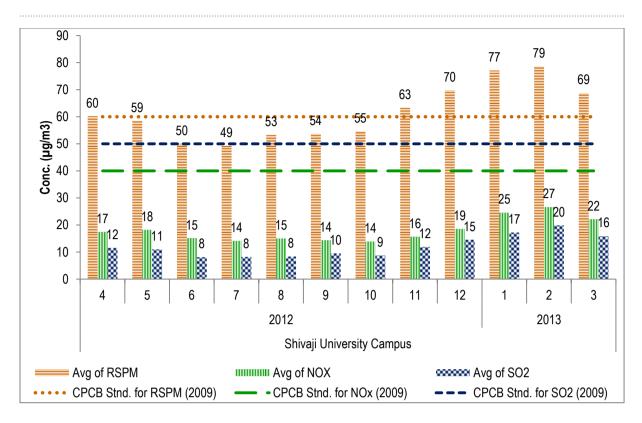


Figure No. 100: Monthly average reading recorded at - Shivaji University Campus

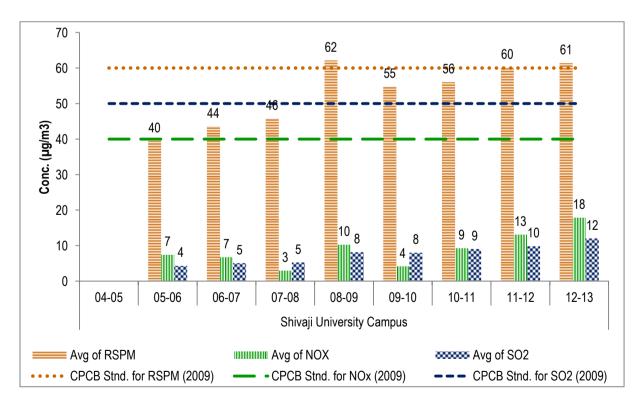


Figure No. 101: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Shivaji University Campus





Kolhapur - Ruikar Trust

Table No. 89: Data for monthly average reading recorded at -Ruikar Trust, Kolhapur

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 177.8 | 51.0 | 31.0 |
| May | 9 | 176.7 | 47.3 | 30.7 |
| Jun | 9 | 148.1 | 39.8 | 26.2 |
| Jul | 9 | 98.1 | 27.6 | 19.7 |
| Aug | 9 | 121.1 | 30.9 | 23.2 |
| Sep | 8 | 118.4 | 32.5 | 23.9 |
| Oct | 9 | 136.0 | 33.0 | 22.9 |
| Nov | 9 | 145.1 | 34.6 | 25.6 |
| Dec | 8 | 177.9 | 41.0 | 29.4 |
| Jan | 9 | 219.1 | 54.2 | 34.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 246.5 | 63.8 | 33.1 |
| Mar | 8 | 153.6 | 53.6 | 26.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 90.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 90: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Ruikar Trust, Kolhapur

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|--|
| Tear | 11 | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | |
| 05-06 | 84 | 107.5 | 45.4 | 12.0 | |
| 06-07 | 101 | 96.5 | 39.1 | 10.9 | |
| 07-08 | 103 | 95.5 | 27.0 | 10.1 | |
| 08-09 | 102 | 100.2 | 26.7 | 16.3 | |
| 09-10 | 92 | 99.2 | 19.8 | 15.9 | |
| 10-11 | 102 | 104.9 | 27.4 | 21.2 | |
| 11-12 | 105 | 116.1 | 33.5 | 23.9 | |
| 12-13 | 103 | 159.1 | 42.1 | 27.2 | |



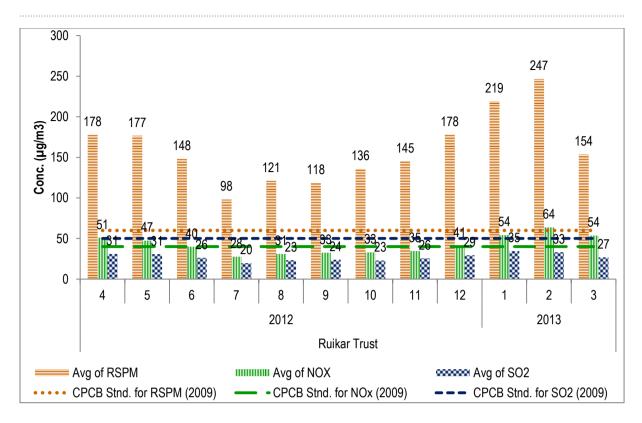


Figure No. 102: Monthly average reading recorded at -Ruikar Trust Kolhapur

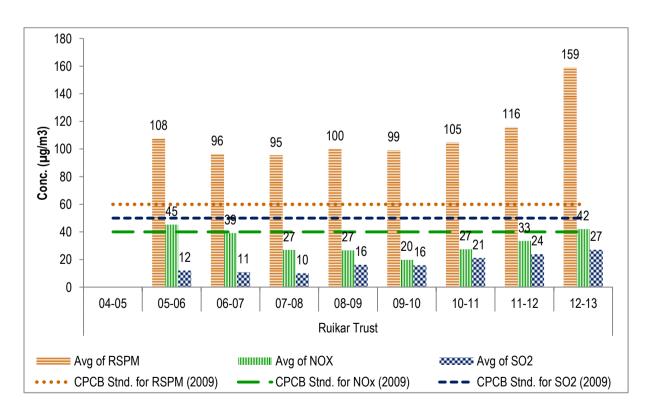


Figure No. 103: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at - Ruikar Trust Kolhapur





Kolhapur - Mahadwar Road

Table No. 91: Data for monthly average reading recorded at -Mahadwar Road Kolhapur

| FY | NT | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 151.0 | 41.1 | 28.4 |
| May | 9 | 150.1 | 38.3 | 31.9 |
| Jun | 9 | 112.4 | 32.9 | 23.1 |
| Jul | 8 | 87.3 | 22.1 | 16.5 |
| Aug | 9 | 103.9 | 26.1 | 21.0 |
| Sep | 9 | 108.4 | 25.8 | 21.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 120.4 | 27.3 | 20.6 |
| Nov | 8 | 138.9 | 31.5 | 24.4 |
| Dec | 8 | 149.5 | 35.4 | 27.0 |
| Jan | 9 | 191.2 | 46.0 | 31.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 196.6 | 52.6 | 30.3 |
| Mar | 8 | 127.0 | 44.4 | 23.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 85.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 92: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at -Mahadwar Road Kolhapur

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|--|--|
| rear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | 79 | 68.8 | 28.1 | 7.8 | | |
| 06-07 | 99 | 64.0 | 21.0 | 8.2 | | |
| 07-08 | 91 | 75.5 | 11.4 | 7.7 | | |
| 08-09 | 100 | 84.3 | 17.4 | 11.5 | | |
| 09-10 | 103 | 86.5 | 14.7 | 13.3 | | |
| 10-11 | 104 | 92.5 | 20.9 | 16.8 | | |
| 11-12 | 97 | 101.8 | 25.7 | 20.1 | | |
| 12-13 | 102 | 136.1 | 35.1 | 24.9 | | |



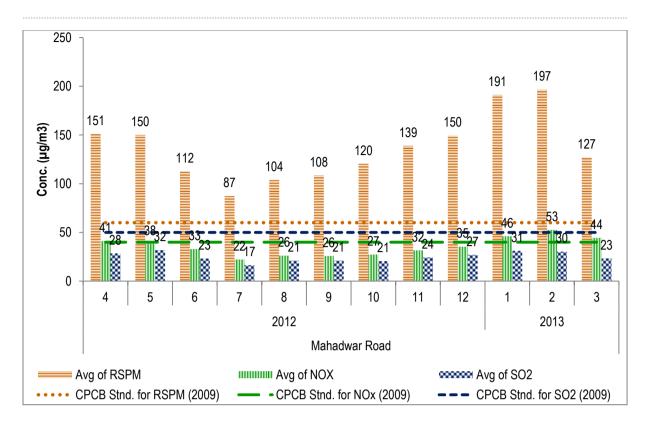


Figure No. 104: Monthly average reading recorded at -Mahadwar Road

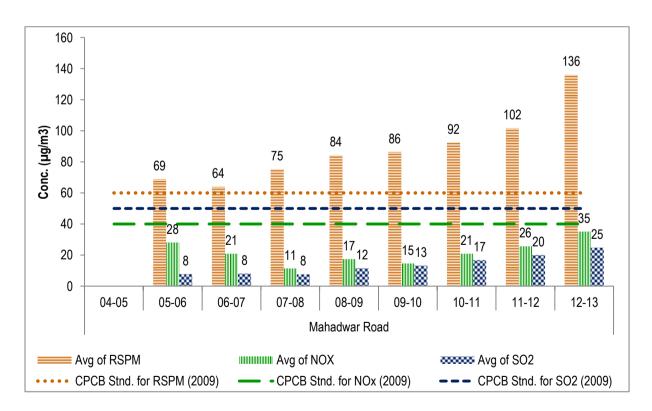


Figure No. 105: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Mahadwar Road





Sangli - Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan

Table No. 93: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 69.8 | 36.6 | 8.9 |
| May | 8 | 63.8 | 32.5 | 9.0 |
| Jun | 9 | 46.1 | 27.7 | 8.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 42.6 | 27.4 | 9.6 |
| Aug | 9 | 38.0 | 22.0 | 7.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 44.1 | 25.0 | 8.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 46.1 | 37.6 | 11.4 |
| Nov | 9 | 76.4 | 40.3 | 10.9 |
| Dec | 9 | 103.3 | 48.8 | 13.2 |
| Jan | 8 | 125.4 | 62.1 | 11.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 100.8 | 56.9 | 9.8 |
| Mar | 9 | 86.8 | 48.1 | 10.7 |
| _ | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 104 | 19.2 | 1.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 94: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Terrace of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stnd (for $N \ge 104$) | | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 69 | 57.3 | 19.3 | 25.5 |
| 09-10 | 102 | 53.7 | 26.6 | 21.7 |
| 10-11 | 104 | 54.0 | 29.3 | 11.7 |
| 11-12 | 105 | 63.4 | 35.9 | 10.0 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 69.8 | 38.5 | 9.9 |



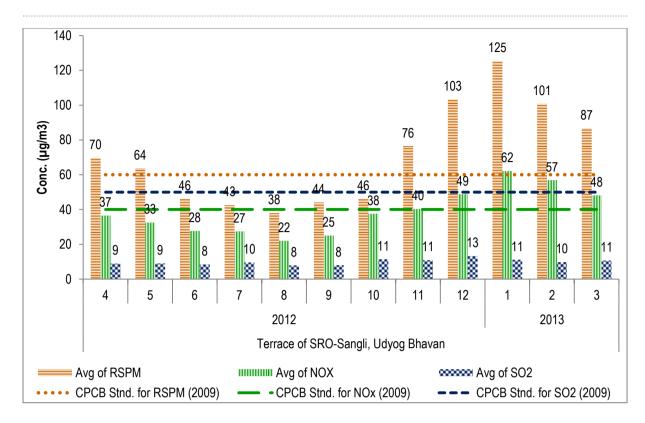


Figure No. 106: Monthly average reading recorded at -Terrece of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan

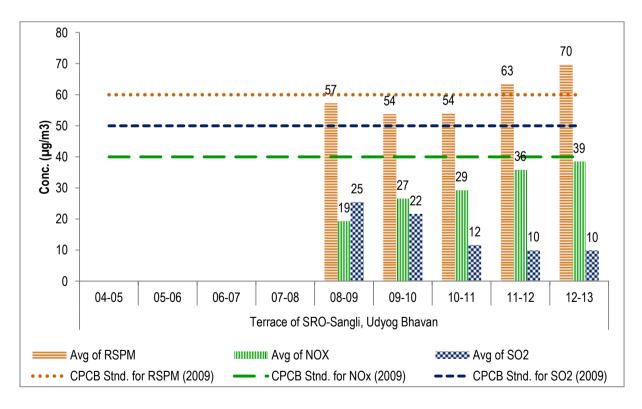


Figure No. 107: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Terrece of SRO-Sangli, Udyog Bhavan





Sangli - Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school

Table No. 95: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | - N | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 77.9 | 43.1 | 10.2 |
| May | 9 | 59.2 | 30.3 | 9.0 |
| Jun | 8 | 54.9 | 32.6 | 9.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 36.2 | 25.3 | 9.3 |
| Aug | 9 | 35.0 | 24.3 | 8.3 |
| Sep | 6 | 37.7 | 25.3 | 11.0 |
| Oct | 8 | 61.6 | 42.3 | 11.9 |
| Nov | 9 | 94.7 | 46.9 | 11.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 123.2 | 58.3 | 14.2 |
| Jan | 9 | 130.9 | 71.1 | 11.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 118.8 | 61.8 | 12.1 |
| Mar | 9 | 100.9 | 64.9 | 11.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 34.3 | 5.9 | 0.0 |

Table No. 96: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO $_{\chi}$ and SO $_{2}$ at Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - | |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - | |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - | |
| 08-09 | 14 | 87.4 | 23.4 | 22.4 | |
| 09-10 | 101 | 68.3 | 32.0 | 22.8 | |
| 10-11 | 105 | 69.2 | 31.6 | 12.5 | |
| 11-12 | 104 | 71.6 | 35.9 | 9.7 | |
| 12-13 | 102 | 78.7 | 44.4 | 10.9 | |



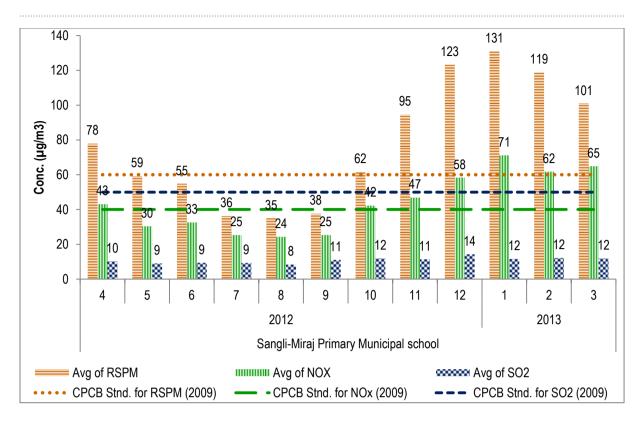


Figure No. 108: Monthly average reading recorded at - Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school

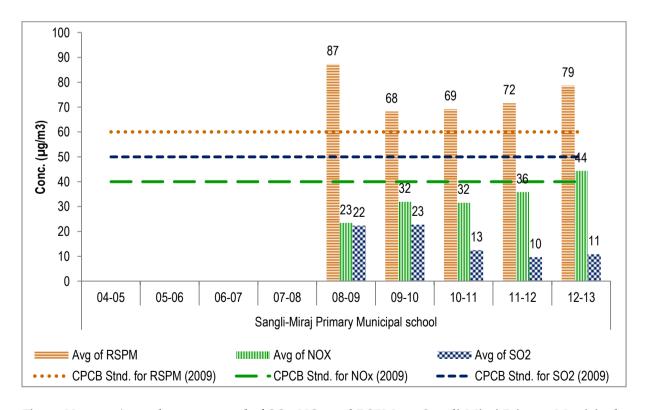


Figure No. 109: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at - Sangli-Miraj Primary Municipal school





Sangli - Krishna Valley school

Table No. 97: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Krishna Valley school

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 101.5 | 47.4 | 12.8 |
| May | 9 | 84.1 | 32.7 | 11.3 |
| Jun | 9 | 61.8 | 33.4 | 10.0 |
| Jul | 8 | 69.0 | 24.9 | 10.4 |
| Aug | 9 | 61.8 | 26.8 | 10.6 |
| Sep | 9 | 67.9 | 34.6 | 9.6 |
| Oct | 9 | 80.3 | 41.9 | 12.9 |
| Nov | 7 | 112.1 | 46.7 | 12.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 126.7 | 55.0 | 16.0 |
| Jan | 9 | 153.3 | 63.6 | 16.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 143.1 | 49.5 | 14.8 |
| Mar | 9 | 112.6 | 63.6 | 12.0 |
| _ | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 103 | 41.7 | 1.9 | 0.0 |

Table No. 98: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Krishna Valley school

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Teal | 11 | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 70 | 70.7 | 21.2 | 26.0 |
| 09-10 | 102 | 81.6 | 34.1 | 23.7 |
| 10-11 | 104 | 74.5 | 29.8 | 12.3 |
| 11-12 | 105 | 89.4 | 36.4 | 10.5 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 97.4 | 43.3 | 12.4 |



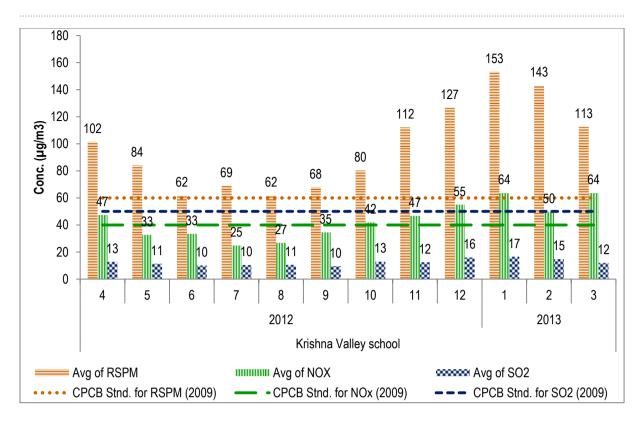


Figure No. 110: Monthly average reading recorded at -Krishna Valley School

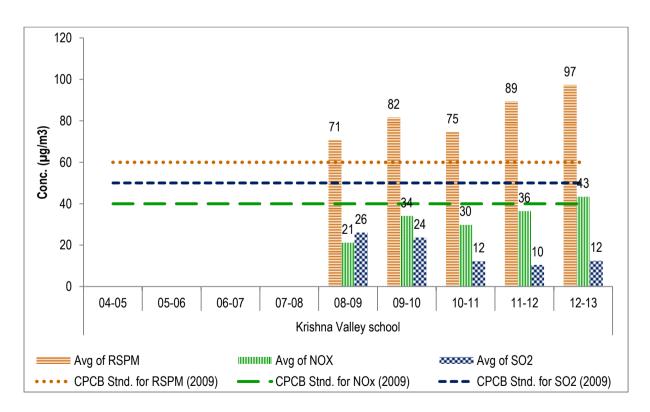


Figure No. 111: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Krishna Valley School





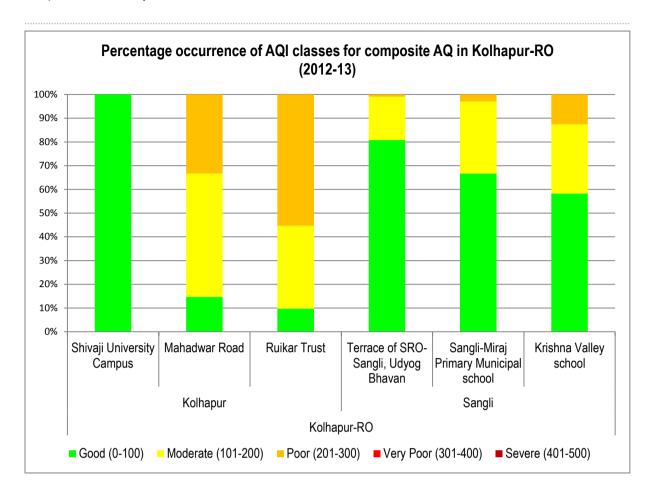
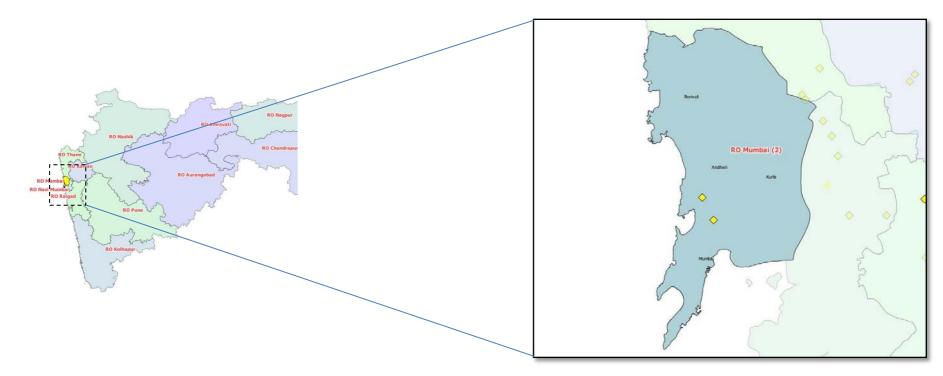


Figure No. 112:. Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Kolhapur-RO (2012-13)



RO – Mumbai



| Region | Program name | SN | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|--------|--------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Mumbai | CAAQMS | 1 | Bandra | Continuous Monitoring | 19° 03' 47.1" N | 72° 50' 47.2" E |
| | 2 | Sion | Continuous Monitoring | 19° 02' 07.9" N | 72° 51' 35.3" E | |

Mumbai - Bandra

Table No. 99: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Bandra

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 30 | 127.6 | 50.2 | 18.2 |
| May | 31 | 92.3 | 38.6 | 13.3 |
| Jun | 29 | 64.0 | 48.2 | 19.8 |
| Jul | 29 | 44.7 | 35.0 | 19.2 |
| Aug | 31 | 55.1 | 60.4 | 17.9 |
| Sep | 29 | 83.5 | 50.8 | 19.3 |
| Oct | 29 | 103.4 | 48.4 | 19.1 |
| Nov | 30 | 162.3 | 52.9 | 22.7 |
| Dec | 30 | 182.2 | 48.2 | 14.9 |
| Jan | 30 | 195.8 | 52.7 | 17.1 |
| Feb | 27 | 155.8 | 56.3 | 17.6 |
| Mar | 30 | 125.5 | 35.0 | 18.6 |
| _ | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 355 | 51.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 100: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Bandra

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|
| Teal | 11 | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | 233 | 157.9 | 58.7 | 19.1 |
| 08-09 | 335 | 137.2 | 59.7 | 19.0 |
| 09-10 | 339 | 139.9 | 90.1 | 17.4 |
| 10-11 | 349 | 116.1 | 48.1 | 19.1 |
| 11-12 | 353 | 130.8 | 65.4 | 20.6 |
| 12-13 | 355 | 115.9 | 48.0 | 18.1 |



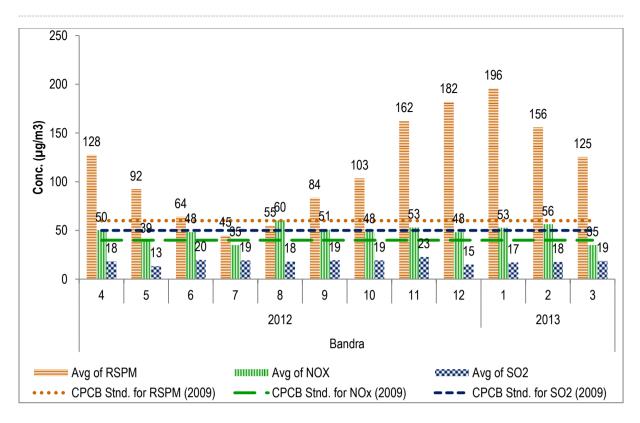


Figure No. 113: Monthly average reading recorded at -Bandra

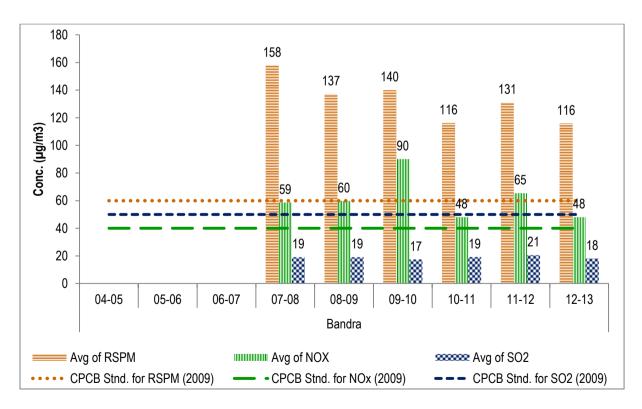


Figure No. 114: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Bandra





Mumbai - Sion

Table No. 101: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Sion

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 18 | 132.8 | 60.6 | 6.9 |
| May | 23 | 108.5 | 63.7 | 4.6 |
| Jun | 21 | 85.7 | 62.2 | 5.0 |
| Jul | 22 | 74.1 | 63.3 | 4.2 |
| Aug | 20 | 68.7 | 64.1 | 5.7 |
| Sep | 19 | 85.5 | 72.8 | 6.4 |
| Oct | 13 | 102.8 | 111.5 | 12.2 |
| Nov | 18 | 180.1 | 159.3 | 14.9 |
| Dec | 26 | 144.8 | 134.0 | 11.8 |
| Jan | 21 | 208.7 | 165.4 | 20.8 |
| Feb | 21 | 236.9 | 163.6 | 26.2 |
| Mar | 23 | 192.3 | 144.1 | 15.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 245 | 62.4 | 60.4 | 0.0 |

Table No. 102: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Sion

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Tear | Ι ν | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 280 | 196.8 | 67.4 | 21.2 |
| 05-06 | 317 | 231.1 | 104.9 | 26.3 |
| 06-07 | 278 | 255.4 | 91.1 | 30.0 |
| 07-08 | 288 | 294.7 | 139.5 | 27.8 |
| 08-09 | 84 | 202.2 | 97.0 | 24.2 |
| 09-10 | 236 | 223.1 | 109.1 | 18.4 |
| 10-11 | 259 | 180.8 | 115.5 | 14.1 |
| 11-12 | 200 | 149.8 | 65.7 | 10.3 |
| 12-13 | 245 | 136.5 | 105.9 | 11.2 |



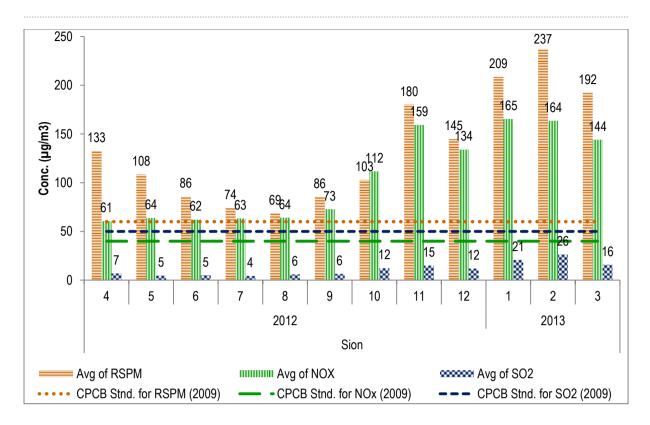


Figure No. 115: Monthly average reading recorded at Sion

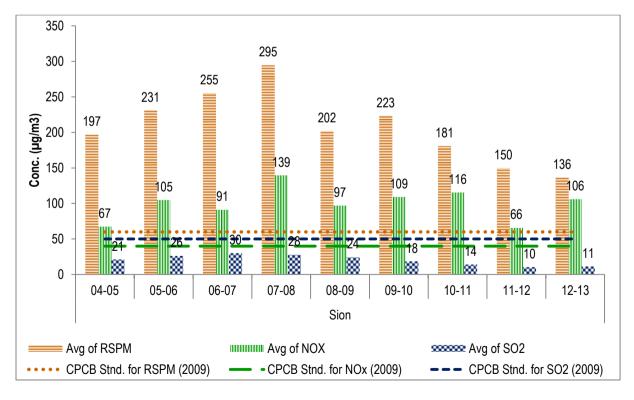


Figure No. 116: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Sion





AAQMS monitored by NEERI in Mumbai

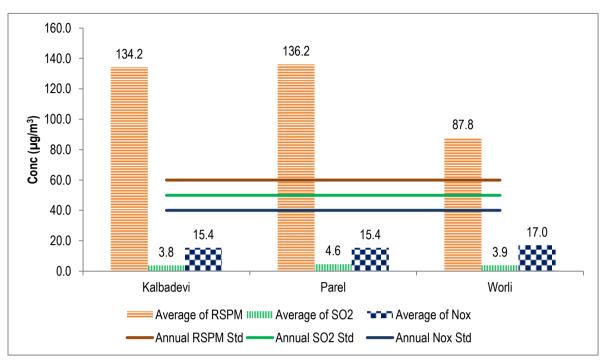


Figure No. 117: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at AAQMS monitored by NEERI in Mumbai (2012-13)

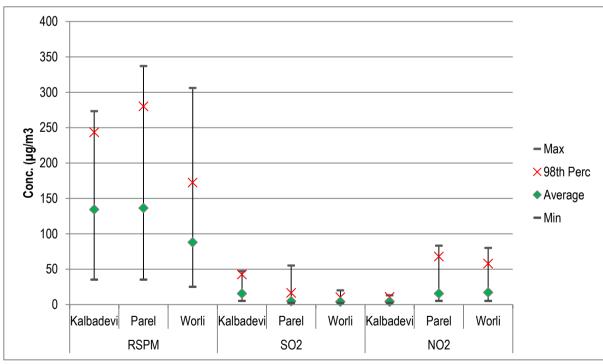


Figure No. 118: Parametric values of RSPM, SO₂ and NO_X for AAQMS monitored by NEERI in Mumbai (2012-13)



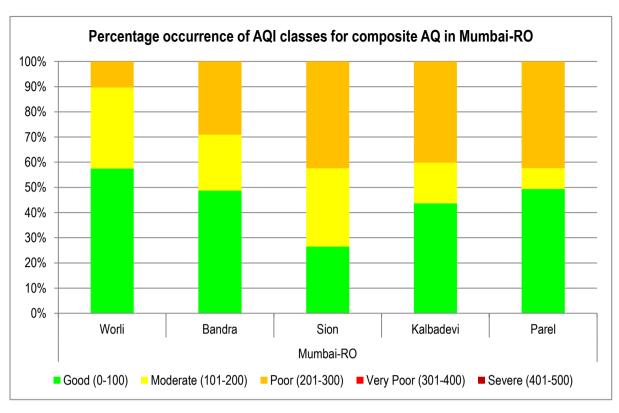
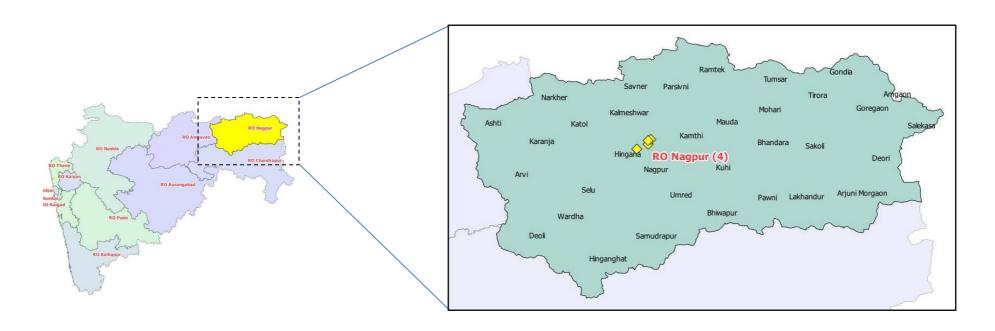


Figure No. 119: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Mumbai-RO (2012-13)



RO – Nagpur



| Region | Program | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|--------|-------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | |
| Nagpur | Nagpur NAMP | 288 | MIDC Office, Hingna Road | Two Days In A Week | 21° 06′ 35.5″ N | 79° 00' 27.2" E |
| | | 287 | IOE North Ambazari road | Two Days In A Week | 21° 08′ 10.0″ N | 79° 04' 08.5" E |
| | | 314 | Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar | Two Days In A Week | 21° 09' 47.6" N | 79° 04' 57.6" E |
| | | 711 | Civil lines Nagpur | Six days in a week | 21° 09' 28.6" N | 79° 04' 12.1" E |

Nagpur - MIDC Office, Hingna Road

Table No. 103: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Office, Hingna Road

| FY | - N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NO _X | SO_2 |
| Apr | 8 | 115.4 | 37.8 | 10.6 |
| May | 9 | 127.3 | 27.6 | 9.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 98.0 | 35.9 | 10.5 |
| Jul | 7 | 99.4 | 35.4 | 10.3 |
| Aug | 8 | 97.9 | 32.3 | 9.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 154.9 | 37.5 | 10.6 |
| Oct | 9 | 159.6 | 48.8 | 12.2 |
| Nov | 8 | 190.4 | 57.1 | 14.1 |
| Dec | 10 | 136.2 | 46.0 | 12.5 |
| Jan | 8 | 109.5 | 45.9 | 12.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 110.1 | 50.3 | 12.0 |
| Mar | 9 | 91.7 | 33.6 | 10.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 56.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 104: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at MIDC Office, Hingna Road

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------|--|
| | | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | 75 | 50.7 | 22.3 | 9.1 | |
| 05-06 | 81 | 39.9 | 34.3 | 9.8 | |
| 06-07 | 78 | 89.5 | 25.4 | 9.3 | |
| 07-08 | 92 | 160.1 | 23.8 | 8.7 | |
| 08-09 | 96 | 118.1 | 30.4 | 8.6 | |
| 09-10 | 104 | 128.3 | 37.7 | 10.0 | |
| 10-11 | 95 | 112.6 | 34.5 | 9.6 | |
| 11-12 | 99 | 104.9 | 35.4 | 10.4 | |
| 12-13 | 100 | 124.7 | 40.7 | 11.2 | |



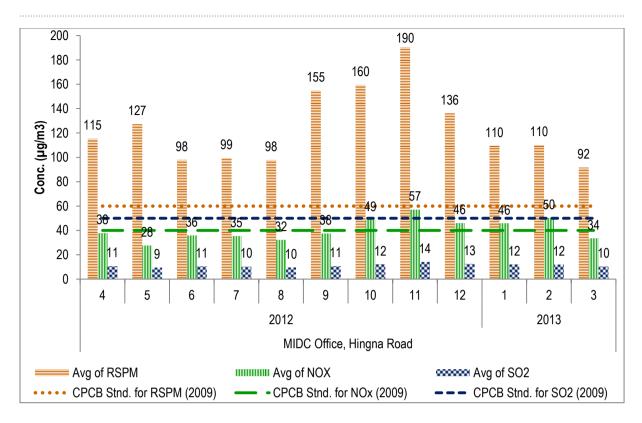


Figure No. 120: Monthly average reading recorded at -MIDC Office, Hingna Road

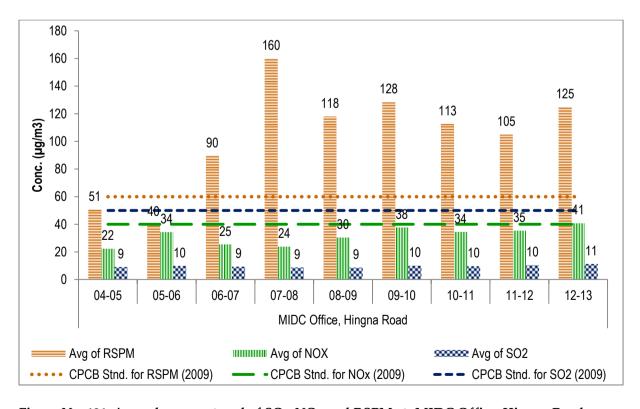


Figure No. 121: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -MIDC Office, Hingna Road





Nagpur - IOE North Ambazari road

Table No. 105: Data for monthly average reading recorded at IOE North Ambazari road

| FY | - N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NO_X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 7 | 76.4 | 36.0 | 10.1 |
| May | 9 | 76.0 | 26.6 | 9.0 |
| Jun | 8 | 93.8 | 30.8 | 9.6 |
| Jul | 8 | 93.9 | 33.0 | 10.5 |
| Aug | 9 | 85.9 | 34.3 | 10.2 |
| Sep | 9 | 100.9 | 33.6 | 9.9 |
| Oct | 10 | 101.4 | 38.1 | 10.7 |
| Nov | 9 | 148.3 | 72.2 | 17.0 |
| Dec | 9 | 91.3 | 43.0 | 11.3 |
| Jan | 10 | 87.6 | 43.1 | 11.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 95.9 | 37.0 | 10.0 |
| Mar | 9 | 91.6 | 31.8 | 9.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 105 | 36.2 | 3.8 | 0.0 |

Table No. 106: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at IOE North Ambazari road

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stna | d (for $N \ge 104$) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 77 | 51.6 | 20.7 | 8.3 |
| 05-06 | 66 | 44.3 | 29.8 | 8.8 |
| 06-07 | 85 | 66.5 | 26.9 | 9.6 |
| 07-08 | 95 | 125.3 | 22.2 | 8.4 |
| 08-09 | 99 | 114.0 | 30.1 | 8.4 |
| 09-10 | 107 | 108.8 | 36.5 | 9.9 |
| 10-11 | 101 | 96.0 | 32.8 | 9.6 |
| 11-12 | 99 | 83.8 | 33.9 | 9.8 |
| 12-13 | 105 | 95.6 | 38.5 | 10.9 |



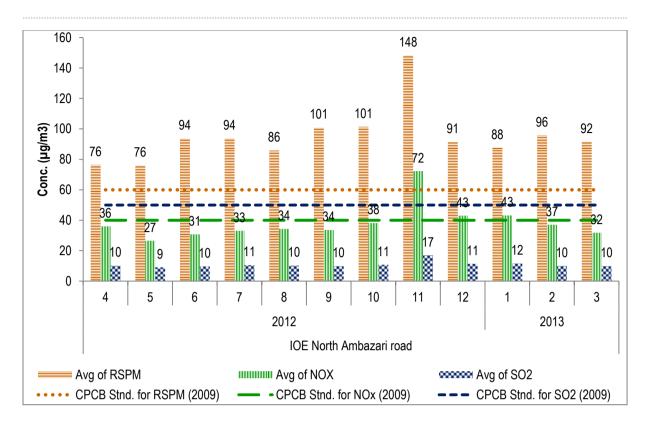


Figure No. 122: Monthly average reading recorded at -IOE North Ambazari road

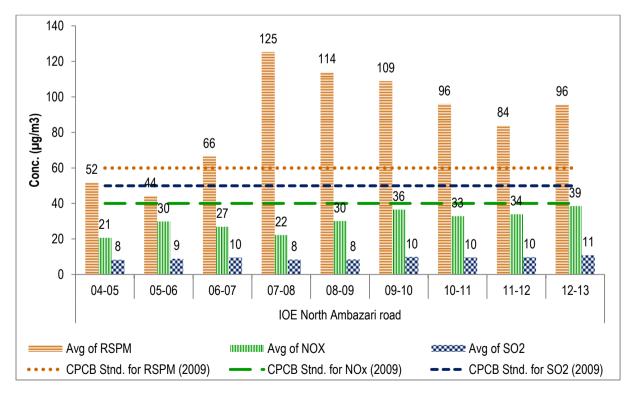


Figure No. 123: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -IOE North Ambazari road





Nagpur - Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar

Table No. 107: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar

| FY | - N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 93.1 | 41.8 | 11.3 |
| May | 9 | 74.1 | 26.4 | 8.8 |
| Jun | 9 | 71.7 | 29.0 | 9.0 |
| Jul | 6 | 50.0 | 35.5 | 9.3 |
| Aug | 8 | 71.0 | 26.8 | 7.9 |
| Sep | 9 | 66.0 | 27.3 | 8.7 |
| Oct | 10 | 92.5 | 41.1 | 10.9 |
| Nov | 10 | 113.6 | 55.1 | 14.2 |
| Dec | 8 | 98.8 | 33.6 | 9.8 |
| Jan | 9 | 76.9 | 32.9 | 9.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 84.4 | 41.8 | 10.1 |
| Mar | 9 | 78.0 | 24.8 | 8.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 22.3 | 2.9 | 0.0 |

Table No. 108: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| | | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | 75 | 44.8 | 20.8 | 8.6 | |
| 05-06 | 76 | 51.9 | 31.6 | 9.4 | |
| 06-07 | 84 | 70.0 | 25.7 | 8.8 | |
| 07-08 | 93 | 106.8 | 21.1 | 7.8 | |
| 08-09 | 81 | 101.1 | 27.2 | 8.0 | |
| 09-10 | 102 | 92.6 | 30.9 | 8.7 | |
| 10-11 | 102 | 86.6 | 30.1 | 9.0 | |
| 11-12 | 113 | 80.5 | 30.2 | 9.3 | |
| 12-13 | 103 | 81.9 | 34.9 | 9.9 | |



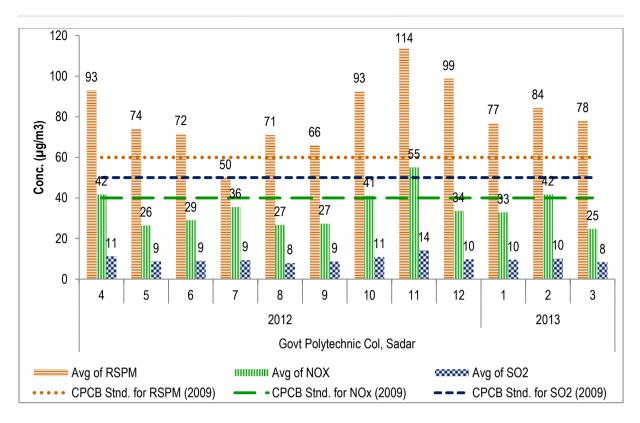


Figure No. 124: Monthly average reading recorded at -Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar

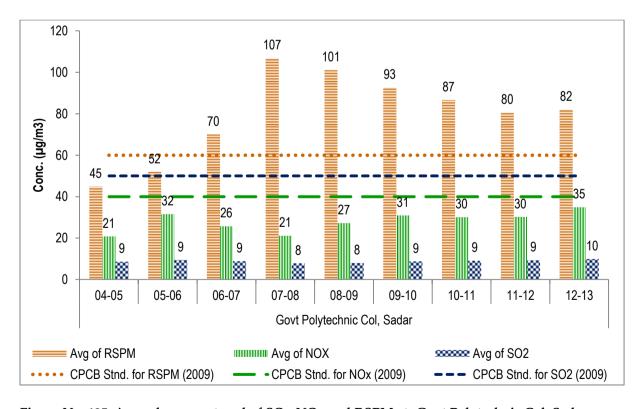


Figure No. 125: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Govt Polytechnic Col, Sadar





Nagpur - Civil lines Nagpur

Table No. 109: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Civil lines Nagpur

| FY | - N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 18 | 50.8 | 30.3 | 9.8 |
| May | 26 | 42.6 | 24.5 | 9.0 |
| Jun | 15 | 51.7 | 29.3 | 9.3 |
| Jul | 20 | 34.7 | 30.5 | 9.6 |
| Aug | 18 | 47.2 | 25.1 | 8.3 |
| Sep | 22 | 51.1 | 27.6 | 8.6 |
| Oct | 24 | 58.0 | 32.3 | 10.0 |
| Nov | 22 | 70.8 | 40.3 | 11.0 |
| Dec | 25 | 65.4 | 38.0 | 10.7 |
| Jan | 23 | 50.3 | 29.8 | 9.4 |
| Feb | 21 | 61.5 | 26.8 | 9.1 |
| Mar | 24 | 56.8 | 25.3 | 8.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 258 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.0 |

Table No. 110: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Civil lines Nagpur

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|--|
| | | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | 207 | 52.6 | 25.2 | 16.8 | |
| 05-06 | 313 | 66.3 | 22.3 | 15.1 | |
| 06-07 | 277 | 76.3 | 28.5 | 13.5 | |
| 07-08 | 288 | 70.2 | 30.4 | 13.7 | |
| 08-09 | 280 | 83.8 | 30.5 | 17.9 | |
| 09-10 | 269 | 85.2 | 35.0 | 13.3 | |
| 10-11 | 273 | 65.8 | 27.8 | 9.0 | |
| 11-12 | 243 | 54.6 | 26.3 | 8.6 | |
| 12-13 | 258 | 53.7 | 30.1 | 9.5 | |



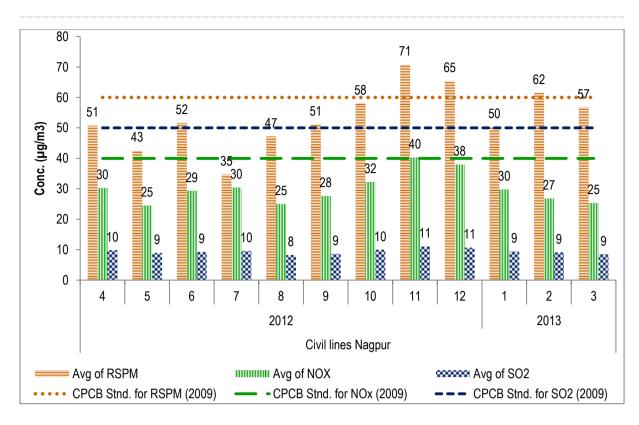


Figure No. 126: Monthly average reading recorded at -Civil lines Nagpur

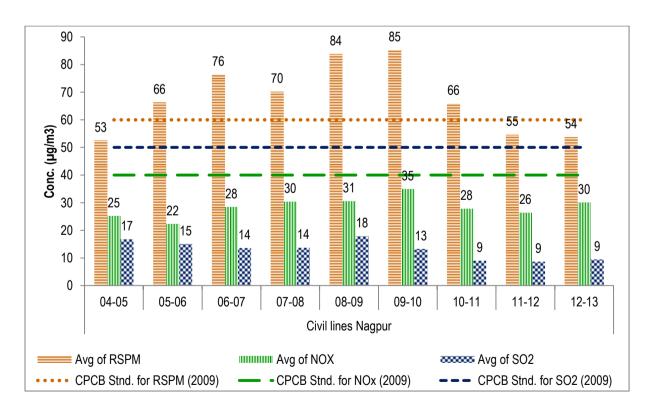


Figure No. 127: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Civil lines



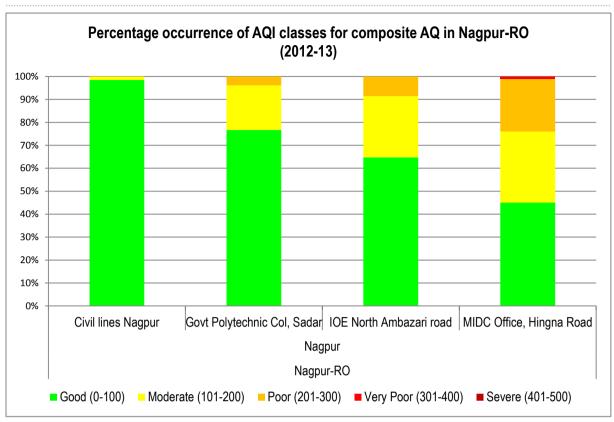
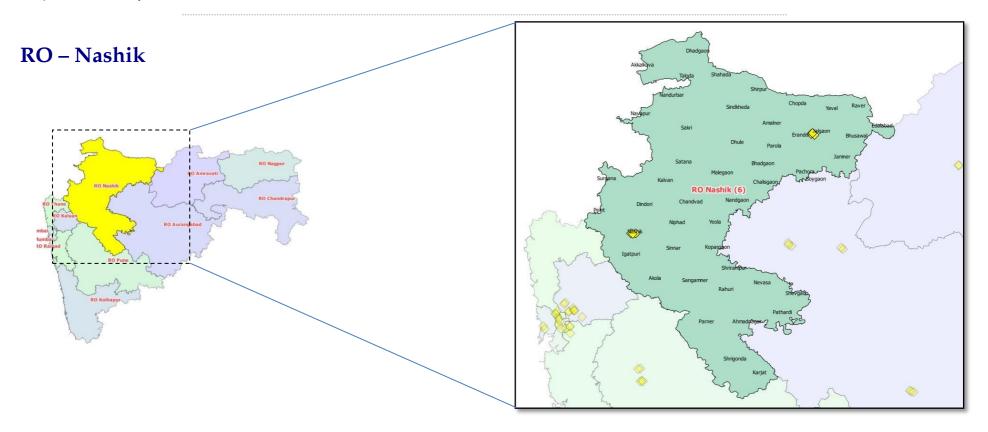


Figure No. 128: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Nagpur-RO (2012-13)





| Region | Program | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | |
| Jalgaon | Jalgaon NAMP | 644 | Old B. J. Market | Twice in week | 21° 00' 37.2" N | 75° 34' 01.4" E |
| | | 645 | Girna Water Tank | Twice in week | 20° 59' 49.3" N | 75° 33' 04.7" E |
| | | 646 | MIDC Jalgaon | Twice in week | 20° 59' 20.2" N | 75° 35' 04.1" E |
| Nashik | Nashik NAMP | 269 | MIDC Satpur - VIP | Two Days In A Week | 19° 59' 54.2" N | 73° 43' 41.2" E |
| | 259 | RTO Colony | Two Days In A Week | 19° 59' 48.9" N | 73° 46′ 35.3″ E | |
| | | 710 | SRO Office Nashik | Six days in a week | 19° 59' 32.9" N | 73° 45' 01.1" E |

Jalgaon - Old B. J. Market

Table No. 111: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Old B. J. Market

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 147.4 | 47.3 | 18.1 |
| May | 9 | 142.9 | 45.6 | 17.8 |
| Jun | 8 | 129.8 | 44.8 | 16.4 |
| Jul | 10 | 90.7 | 32.8 | 11.9 |
| Aug | 8 | 97.8 | 33.8 | 14.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 102.5 | 35.1 | 16.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 113.3 | 38.7 | 16.6 |
| Nov | 8 | 118.1 | 45.1 | 17.6 |
| Dec | 8 | 113.0 | 48.4 | 22.5 |
| Jan | 9 | 120.3 | 49.0 | 21.3 |
| Feb | 6 | 155.7 | 55.7 | 24.8 |
| Mar | 8 | 159.8 | 51.6 | 21.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 81.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 112: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Old B. J. Market

| Year | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 08-09 | 31 | 117.3 | 48.4 | 14.0 | | |
| 09-10 | 104 | 108.8 | 45.4 | 14.8 | | |
| 10-11 | 95 | 122.4 | 44.6 | 17.6 | | |
| 11-12 | 96 | 110.7 | 42.9 | 16.5 | | |
| 12-13 | 100 | 123.2 | 43.6 | 18.1 | | |



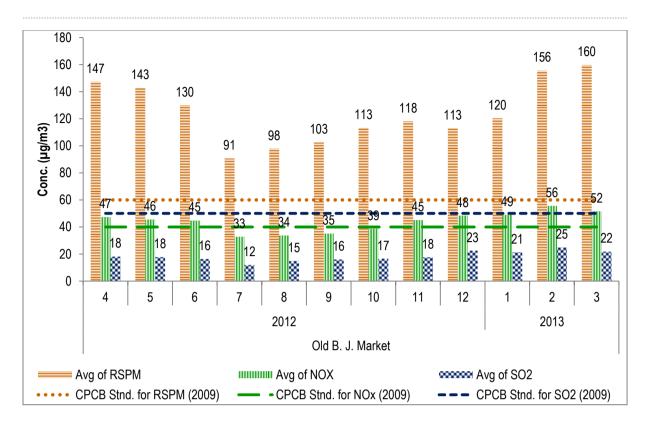


Figure No. 129: Monthly average reading recorded at-Old B. J. Market

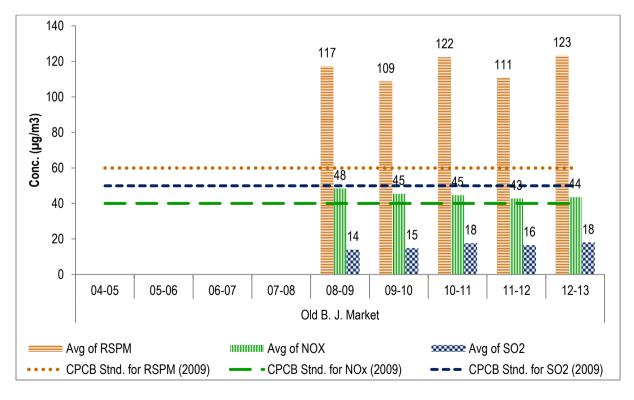


Figure No. 130: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Old B. J. Market





Jalgaon - Girna Water Tank

Table No. 113: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Girna Water Tank

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 142.8 | 43.3 | 15.6 |
| May | 8 | 146.0 | 43.0 | 15.9 |
| Jun | 10 | 144.5 | 41.7 | 15.8 |
| Jul | 6 | 92.0 | 30.8 | 12.3 |
| Aug | 9 | 96.6 | 33.6 | 13.7 |
| Sep | 9 | 99.3 | 34.8 | 15.4 |
| Oct | 8 | 103.5 | 34.0 | 14.6 |
| Nov | 9 | 112.8 | 37.2 | 13.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 123.7 | 41.2 | 16.7 |
| Jan | 6 | 119.2 | 41.7 | 16.5 |
| Feb | 8 | 143.1 | 47.9 | 19.0 |
| Mar | 10 | 149.5 | 47.8 | 17.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 100 | 82.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 114: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Girna Water Tank

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 08-09 | 36 | 102.0 | 40.4 | 10.7 | | |
| 09-10 | 104 | 110.5 | 42.8 | 12.8 | | |
| 10-11 | 103 | 122.4 | 42.0 | 15.6 | | |
| 11-12 | 94 | 116.3 | 37.7 | 13.3 | | |
| 12-13 | 100 | 123.8 | 40.0 | 15.6 | | |



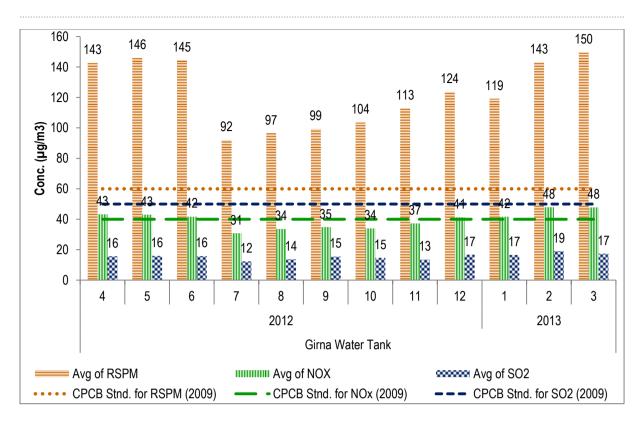


Figure No. 131: Monthly average reading recorded at -Girna Water Tank

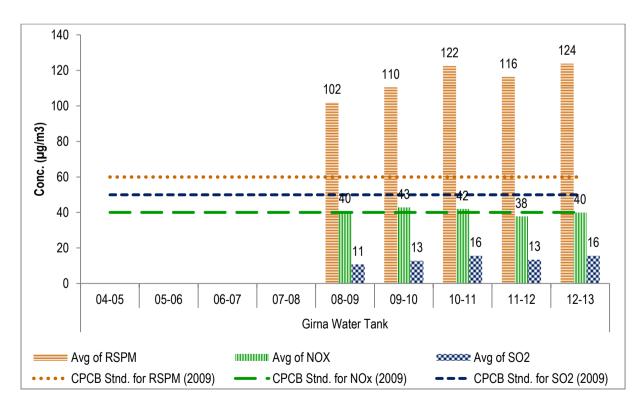


Figure No. 132: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Girna Water Tank





Jalgaon - MIDC Jalgaon

Table No. 115: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Jalgaon

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 158.6 | 53.0 | 26.5 |
| May | 10 | 161.0 | 54.5 | 26.3 |
| Jun | 8 | 140.9 | 51.6 | 24.5 |
| Jul | 5 | 111.8 | 35.2 | 14.4 |
| Aug | 10 | 131.1 | 41.3 | 17.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 132.8 | 43.9 | 22.1 |
| Oct | 8 | 133.0 | 44.8 | 21.0 |
| Nov | 9 | 139.0 | 51.8 | 23.7 |
| Dec | 8 | 149.6 | 53.4 | 25.4 |
| Jan | 10 | 164.5 | 54.5 | 25.8 |
| Feb | 8 | 170.5 | 59.6 | 31.0 |
| Mar | 9 | 183.2 | 57.9 | 29.0 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 101 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 116: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at MIDC Jalgaon

| Year | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|---------------------|-------|------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NO_X | SO_2 | | | |
| Annual Stn | $d (for N \ge 104)$ | 60 | 40 | 50 | | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 08-09 | 24 | 119.8 | 53.9 | 15.2 | | | |
| 09-10 | 97 | 119.7 | 48.9 | 16.4 | | | |
| 10-11 | 105 | 141.5 | 50.8 | 22.2 | | | |
| 11-12 | 92 | 136.5 | 49.2 | 22.5 | | | |
| 12-13 | 101 | 149.6 | 50.7 | 24.3 | | | |



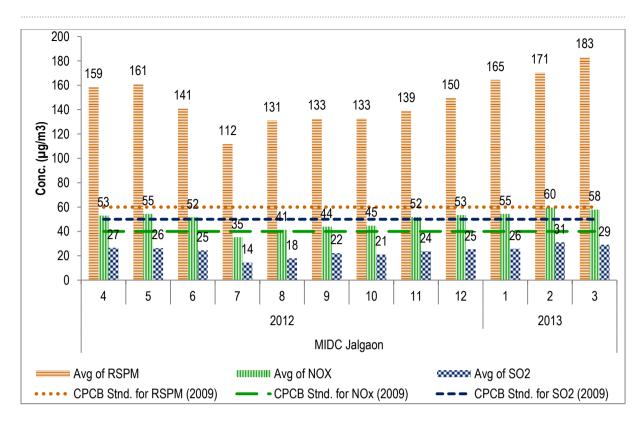


Figure No. 133: Monthly average reading recorded at -MIDC Jalgaon

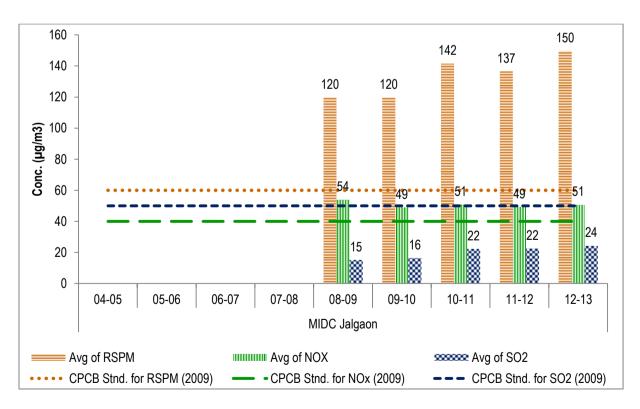


Figure No. 134: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -MIDC Jalgaon





Nashik - MIDC Satpur - VIP

Table No. 117: Data for monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Satpur - VIP

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 108.0 | 25.6 | 22.8 |
| May | 9 | 84.9 | 24.1 | 21.9 |
| Jun | 9 | 74.3 | 25.6 | 23.1 |
| Jul | 8 | 77.8 | 25.8 | 23.1 |
| Aug | 8 | 73.4 | 25.6 | 24.4 |
| Sep | 9 | 79.3 | 27.3 | 25.4 |
| Oct | 9 | 92.6 | 26.8 | 24.8 |
| Nov | 8 | 81.1 | 27.9 | 27.0 |
| Dec | 9 | 69.6 | 26.4 | 24.7 |
| Jan | 8 | 103.4 | 27.4 | 24.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 132.0 | 28.8 | 27.3 |
| Mar | 9 | 128.0 | 31.8 | 30.1 |
| _ | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 28.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 118: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at MIDC Satpur - VIP

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| 1 ear | 11 | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | | |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | | |
| 04-05 | 25 | 89.8 | 26.8 | 36.4 | | | |
| 05-06 | 68 | 98.0 | 28.3 | 33.4 | | | |
| 06-07 | 101 | 57.5 | 27.7 | 33.5 | | | |
| 07-08 | 101 | 51.8 | 34.1 | 40.7 | | | |
| 08-09 | 104 | 90.7 | 27.2 | 29.5 | | | |
| 09-10 | 104 | 85.0 | 28.6 | 22.7 | | | |
| 10-11 | 103 | 69.7 | 25.0 | 23.0 | | | |
| 11-12 | 105 | 98.0 | 28.1 | 25.4 | | | |
| 12-13 | 102 | 91.8 | 26.9 | 24.9 | | | |



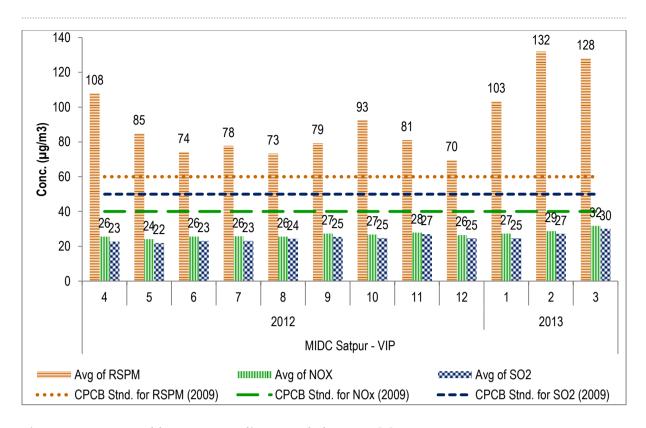


Figure No. 135: Monthly average reading recorded at MIDC Satpur - VIP

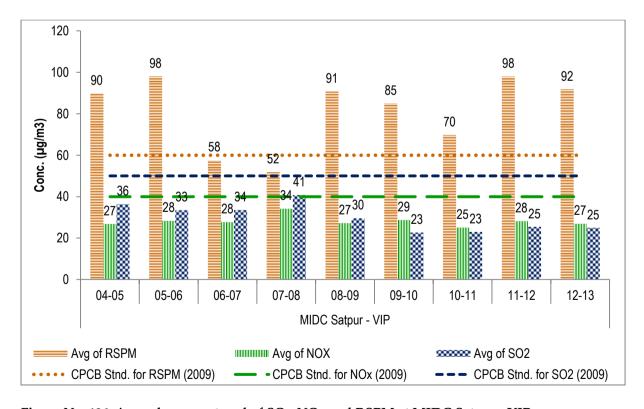


Figure No. 136: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at MIDC Satpur - VIP





Nashik - RTO Colony

Table No. 119: Data for monthly average reading recorded at RTO Colony

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 16 | 105.5 | 25.3 | 22.8 |
| May | 18 | 86.0 | 24.9 | 22.3 |
| Jun | 18 | 83.4 | 26.6 | 22.0 |
| Jul | 18 | 71.7 | 25.0 | 23.9 |
| Aug | 18 | 72.4 | 26.6 | 23.9 |
| Sep | 16 | 78.6 | 29.0 | 27.5 |
| Oct | 36 | 78.4 | 26.2 | 23.7 |
| Nov | 18 | 79.3 | 28.9 | 27.0 |
| Dec | 16 | 84.8 | 25.6 | 24.3 |
| Jan | 18 | 107.6 | 26.2 | 25.8 |
| Feb | 16 | 120.3 | 29.5 | 27.5 |
| Mar | 18 | 121.9 | 29.7 | 26.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 226 | 30.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 120: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at RTO Colony

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Tear | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | | |
| 04-05 | 50 | 79.2 | 24.9 | 33.4 | | | |
| 05-06 | 138 | 91.5 | 24.8 | 29.3 | | | |
| 06-07 | 172 | 51.0 | 26.0 | 32.5 | | | |
| 07-08 | 188 | 42.3 | 27.3 | 33.8 | | | |
| 08-09 | 208 | 87.7 | 25.0 | 25.9 | | | |
| 09-10 | 188 | 80.9 | 29.2 | 21.3 | | | |
| 10-11 | 208 | 74.5 | 23.2 | 20.7 | | | |
| 11-12 | 210 | 97.7 | 27.5 | 24.4 | | | |
| 12-13 | 226 | 89.6 | 26.9 | 24.7 | | | |



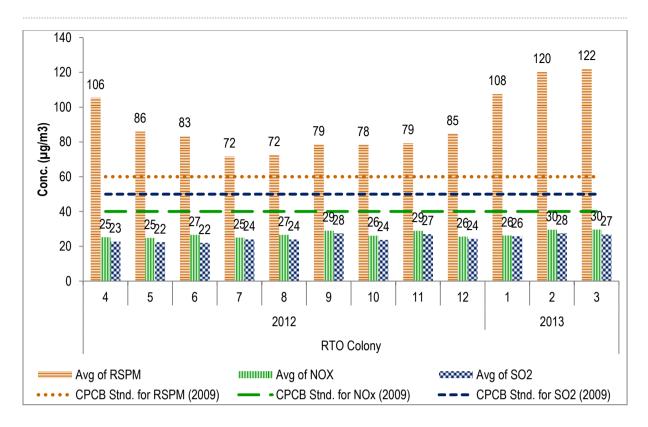


Figure No. 137: Monthly average reading recorded at -RTO Colony

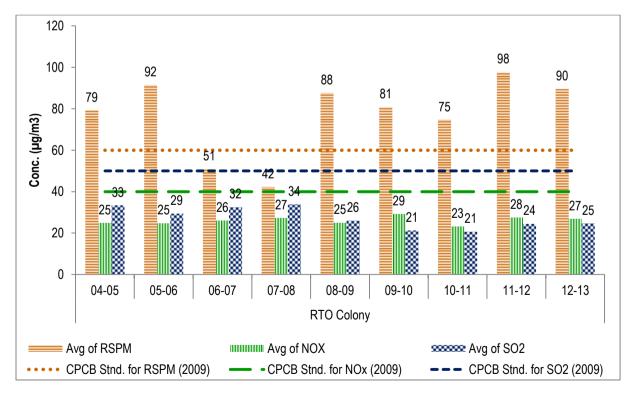


Figure No. 138: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -RTO Colony





Nashik - SRO Office Nashik

Table No. 121: Data for monthly average reading recorded at-SRO Office Nashik

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 25 | 104.3 | 25.5 | 23.3 |
| May | 27 | 85.5 | 24.4 | 22.6 |
| Jun | 26 | 73.2 | 26.8 | 22.9 |
| Jul | 26 | 75.2 | 25.2 | 23.9 |
| Aug | 25 | 75.5 | 25.9 | 23.5 |
| Sep | 25 | 72.4 | 28.2 | 26.5 |
| Oct | 27 | 75.0 | 26.9 | 23.7 |
| Nov | 26 | 98.4 | 29.9 | 27.3 |
| Dec | 26 | 75.1 | 26.9 | 23.6 |
| Jan | 26 | 99.0 | 24.2 | 22.6 |
| Feb | 24 | 113.9 | 29.3 | 26.8 |
| Mar | 26 | 129.1 | 29.7 | 27.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 309 | 29.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 122: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at -SRO Office Nashik

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| Tear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 167 | 69.0 | 30.5 | 18.7 |
| 05-06 | 319 | 78.5 | 27.2 | 14.1 |
| 06-07 | 276 | 101.7 | 26.8 | 15.9 |
| 07-08 | 290 | 114.1 | 26.0 | 16.5 |
| 08-09 | 253 | 103.6 | 29.4 | 23.0 |
| 09-10 | 297 | 86.0 | 27.4 | 21.4 |
| 10-11 | 294 | 85.2 | 22.9 | 20.2 |
| 11-12 | 232 | 113.6 | 27.6 | 23.7 |
| 12-13 | 309 | 89.6 | 26.9 | 24.5 |



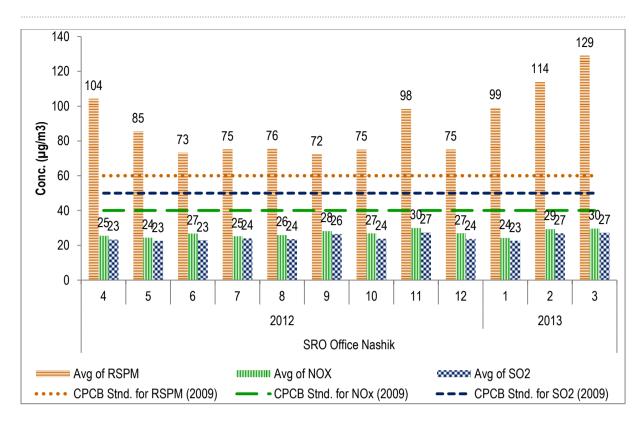


Figure No. 139: Monthly average reading recorded at -SRO Office Nashik

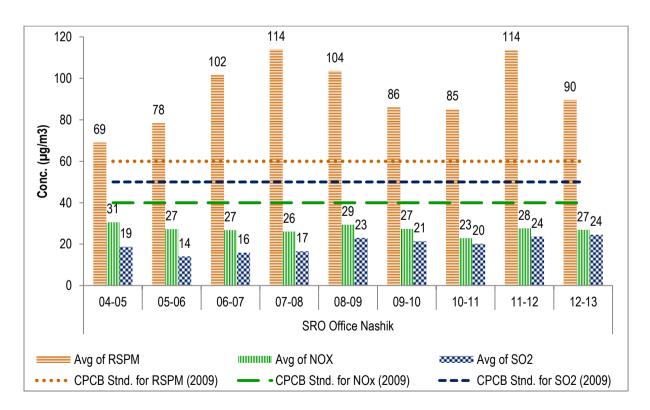


Figure No. 140: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -SRO Office Nashik





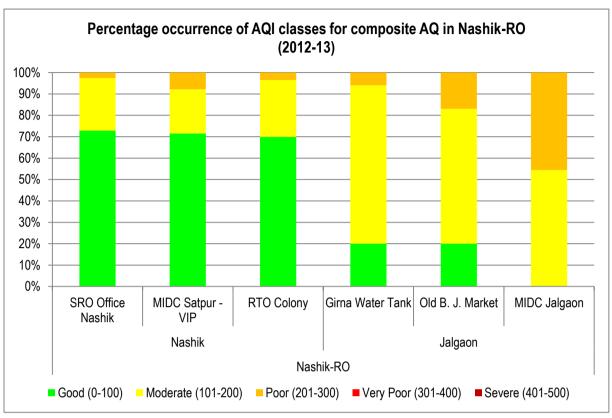
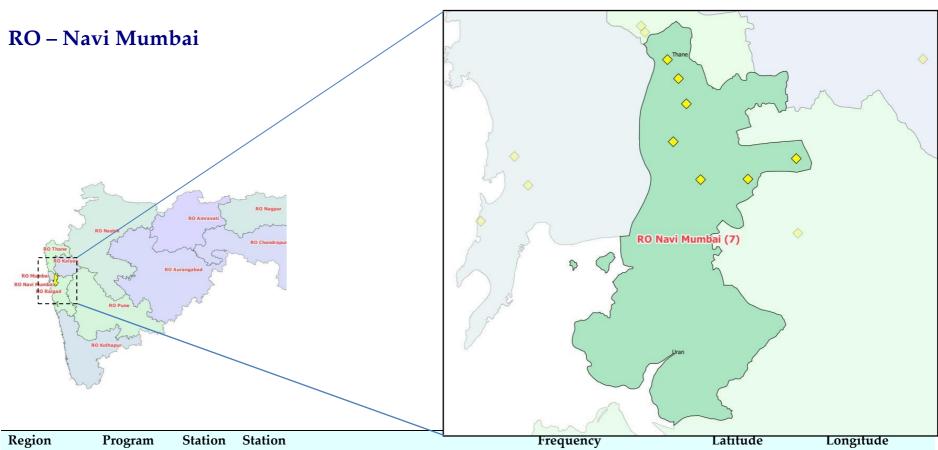


Figure No. 141: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Nashik-RO (2012-13)





| Region | Program | Station Codes | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Navi CAAQMS | | Airoli | ContinuousMonitoring | 19° 09' 21.4" N | 72° 59' 35.4" E | |
| Mumbai | | | Vashi | Continuous Monitoring | 19° 03' 20.4" N | 72° 55′ 19.5″ E |
| | NAMP | 491 | Rabale | Two Days In A Week | 19° 08' 15.2" N | 73° 00′ 13.1″ E |
| | 492 | Nerul - DY Patil | Two Days In A Week | 19° 02' 28.1" N | 73° 01' 29.5" E | |
| | | 493 | MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan, Mahape | Two Days In A Week | 19° 06' 49.0" N | 73° 00' 40.1" E |
| Taloja NAMP | 494 | Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office | Two Days In A Week | 19° 02' 29.4" N | 73° 04′ 11.8″ E | |
| | | 496 | MIDC Taloja | Two Days In A Week | 19° 03' 40.0" N | 73° 06′ 58.6″ E |

Navi Mumbai - Airoli

Table No. 123: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Airoli

| FY | NT | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 29 | 137.7 | 63.5 | 4.9 |
| May | 26 | 80.7 | 31.6 | 11.7 |
| Jun | 30 | 67.2 | 47.6 | 16.6 |
| Jul | 30 | 61.2 | 55.2 | 13.1 |
| Aug | 26 | 52.3 | 33.7 | 9.5 |
| Sep | 25 | 66.5 | 32.9 | 10.4 |
| Oct | 21 | 117.4 | 34.1 | 49.2 |
| Nov | 23 | 188.6 | 50.8 | 32.7 |
| Dec | 15 | 174.1 | 53.0 | 33.6 |
| Jan | 23 | 173.4 | 48.8 | 34.4 |
| Feb | 26 | 131.9 | 31.4 | 29.6 |
| Mar | 23 | 110.4 | 27.8 | 18.0 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | _ |
| | 297 | 48.5 | 6.1 | 1.0 |

Table No. 124: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Airoli

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|-------|--------|
| Teat | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | - | - | - | - |
| 08-09 | 80 | 86.8 | 111.8 | 31.3 |
| 09-10 | 335 | 120.2 | 88.8 | 23.3 |
| 10-11 | 343 | 128.2 | 66.6 | 27.3 |
| 11-12 | 250 | 180.8 | 75.4 | 13.0 |
| 12-13 | 297 | 108.9 | 42.8 | 20.6 |



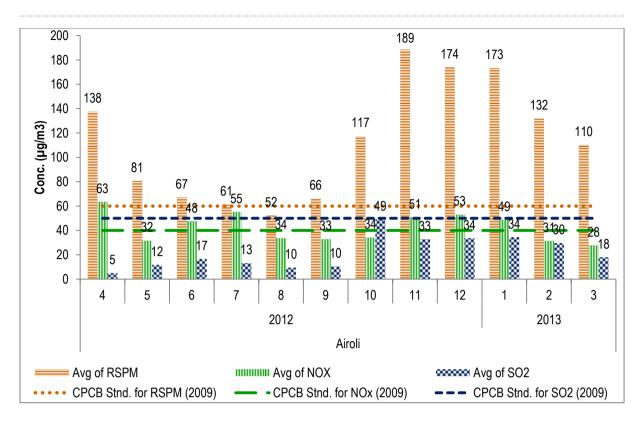


Figure No. 142: Monthly average reading recorded at -Airoli

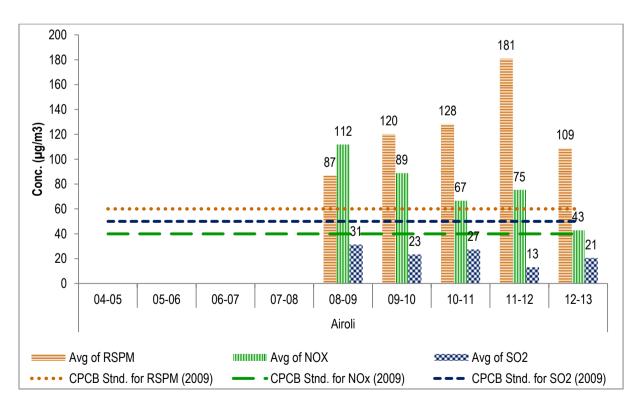


Figure No. 143: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Airoli





Navi Mumbai - Vashi

Table No. 125: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Vashi

| FY | N.T. | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 27 | 125.9 | 44.8 | 32.7 |
| May | 24 | 84.1 | 31.2 | 17.4 |
| Jun | 25 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 11.8 |
| Jul | 25 | 65.7 | 75.7 | 13.5 |
| Aug | 23 | 53.5 | 65.0 | 17.3 |
| Sep | 19 | 32.9 | 58.4 | 27.7 |
| Oct | 7 | 49.4 | 128.3 | 35.1 |
| Nov | 19 | 84.1 | 70.4 | 20.2 |
| Dec | 23 | 131.9 | 37.1 | 23.5 |
| Jan | 23 | 167.4 | 46.2 | 31.3 |
| Feb | 15 | 144.0 | 71.9 | 61.8 |
| Mar | 20 | 292.9 | 35.1 | 53.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 250 | 40.4 | 10.8 | 4.0 |

Table No. 126: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Vashi

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 137 | 101.2 | 70.9 | 62.1 |
| 07-08 | 269 | 92.8 | 50.1 | 50.0 |
| 08-09 | 289 | 124.2 | 51.2 | 22.3 |
| 09-10 | 329 | 96.0 | 56.7 | 25.6 |
| 10-11 | 296 | 91.9 | 44.6 | 18.5 |
| 11-12 | 186 | 111.4 | 42.9 | 18.8 |
| 12-13 | 250 | 110.3 | 56.1 | 27.0 |



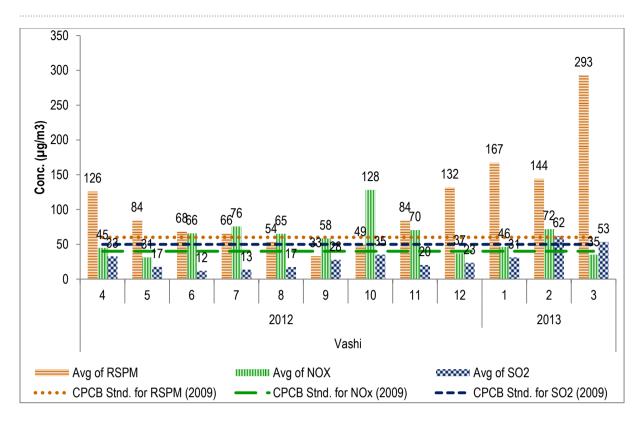


Figure No. 144: Monthly average reading recorded at -Vashi

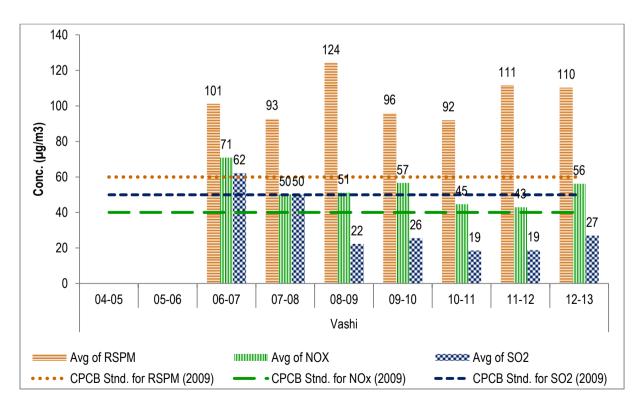


Figure No. 145: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Vashi





Navi Mumbai - Rabale

Table No. 127: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Rabale

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 82.8 | 49.9 | 18.9 |
| May | 9 | 103.6 | 49.2 | 18.0 |
| Jun | 9 | 110.9 | 46.9 | 19.9 |
| Jul | 8 | 30.3 | 33.3 | 12.9 |
| Aug | 9 | 38.1 | 40.2 | 14.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 47.5 | 37.8 | 14.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 53.9 | 45.3 | 17.4 |
| Nov | 9 | 89.2 | 49.4 | 19.9 |
| Dec | 8 | 66.5 | 48.8 | 20.1 |
| Jan | 9 | 95.8 | 51.4 | 22.2 |
| Feb | 8 | 65.5 | 52.8 | 20.8 |
| Mar | 9 | 65.4 | 45.9 | 19.7 |
| _ | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 16.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 128: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Rabale

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 65 | 105.8 | 31.2 | 24.9 |
| 07-08 | 101 | 79.4 | 27.0 | 12.3 |
| 08-09 | 107 | 93.6 | 30.8 | 16.2 |
| 09-10 | 103 | 82.9 | 36.2 | 13.1 |
| 10-11 | 100 | 125.5 | 43.2 | 22.0 |
| 11-12 | 97 | 100.1 | 46.8 | 18.1 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 71.4 | 46.0 | 18.2 |



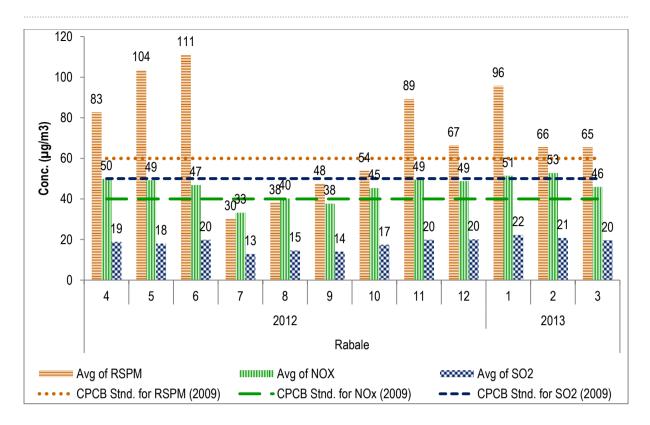


Figure No. 146: Monthly average reading recorded at -Rabale

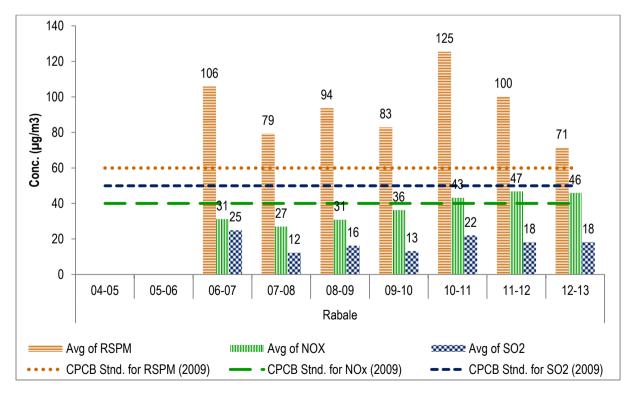


Figure No. 147: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Rabale





Navi Mumbai - Nerul - DY Patil

Table No. 129: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Nerul - DY Patil

| FY | NI . | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 67.4 | 45.7 | 16.6 |
| May | 9 | 55.8 | 41.6 | 16.0 |
| Jun | 8 | 135.1 | 39.0 | 14.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 28.2 | 28.3 | 11.0 |
| Aug | 9 | 23.1 | 37.2 | 12.8 |
| Sep | 8 | 26.3 | 32.6 | 13.5 |
| Oct | 9 | 161.0 | 40.1 | 16.7 |
| Nov | 1 | 122.0 | 45.0 | 20.0 |
| Dec | 9 | 112.2 | 42.7 | 16.9 |
| Jan | 9 | 150.1 | 44.6 | 16.6 |
| Feb | 7 | 164.4 | 46.1 | 18.4 |
| Mar | 8 | 139.9 | 46.0 | 17.0 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 95 | 42.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 130: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Nerul - DY Patil

| V | NT | | Annual average (µg/m³) | |
|------------|---------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Year | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 78 | 107.2 | 31.1 | 24.9 |
| 07-08 | 105 | 89.7 | 32.7 | 16.7 |
| 08-09 | 113 | 97.7 | 40.5 | 19.7 |
| 09-10 | 104 | 70.8 | 36.5 | 10.4 |
| 10-11 | 96 | 119.5 | 33.3 | 14.0 |
| 11-12 | 98 | 117.9 | 43.2 | 15.4 |
| 12-13 | 95 | 95.4 | 40.3 | 15.4 |



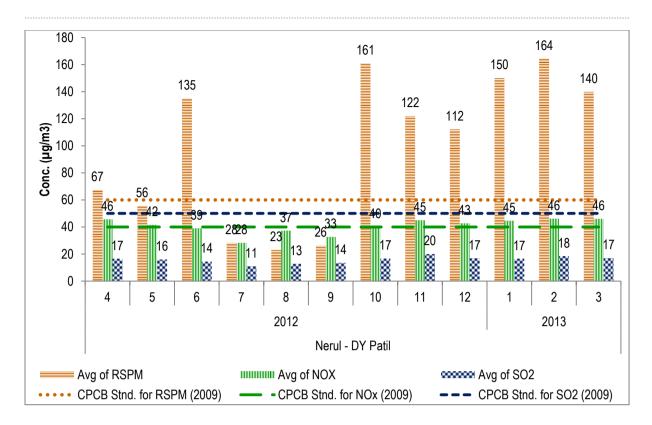


Figure No. 148: Monthly average reading recorded at Nerul - DY Patil

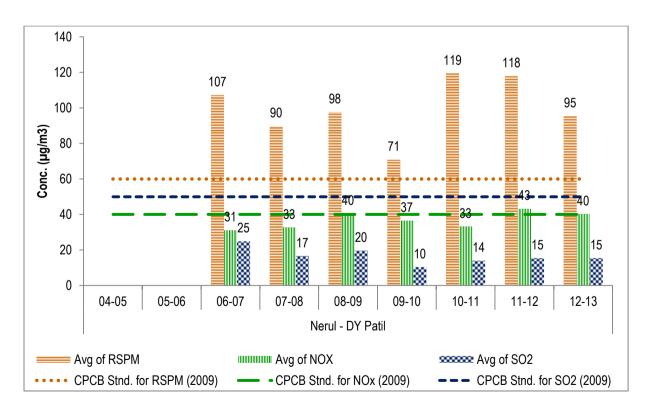


Figure No. 149: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Nerul - DY Patil





Navi Mumbai - Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan

Table No. 131: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 82.3 | 48.0 | 18.0 |
| May | 14 | 71.4 | 46.6 | 17.4 |
| Jun | 9 | 52.0 | 42.3 | 16.6 |
| Jul | 7 | 47.9 | 31.1 | 12.7 |
| Aug | 8 | 46.8 | 41.6 | 16.5 |
| Sep | 10 | 67.4 | 38.6 | 16.4 |
| Oct | 9 | 126.4 | 45.2 | 17.1 |
| Nov | 17 | 167.9 | 47.2 | 19.3 |
| Dec | 9 | 200.2 | 49.2 | 18.4 |
| Jan | 8 | 218.8 | 46.6 | 19.9 |
| Feb | 9 | 167.1 | 47.6 | 19.4 |
| Mar | 9 | 181.8 | 49.8 | 18.2 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 117 | 53.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 |

Table No. 132: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 57 | 105.7 | 27.2 | 36.9 |
| 07-08 | 98 | 93.7 | 31.6 | 17.5 |
| 08-09 | 88 | 131.1 | 43.5 | 21.9 |
| 09-10 | 105 | 94.9 | 42.3 | 15.3 |
| 10-11 | 90 | 100.5 | 41.2 | 22.0 |
| 11-12 | 69 | 132.8 | 43.9 | 17.1 |
| 12-13 | 117 | 121.3 | 44.9 | 17.7 |



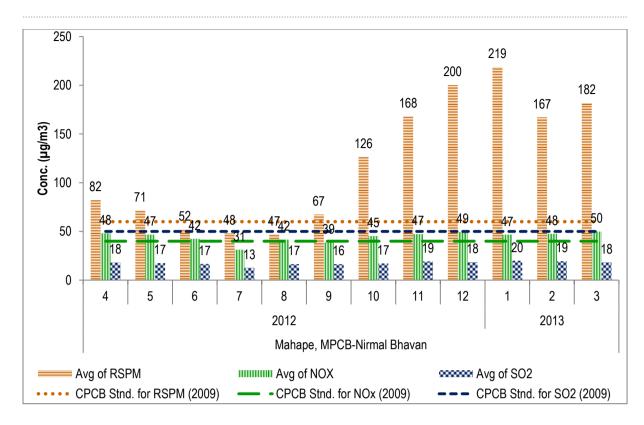


Figure No. 150: Monthly average reading recorded at Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan

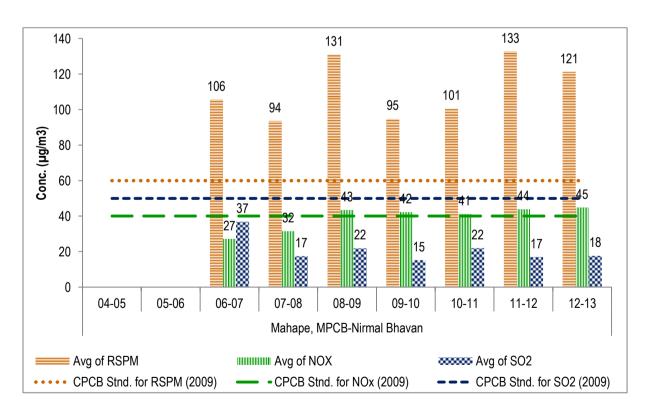


Figure No. 151: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Mahape, MPCB-Nirmal Bhavan





Taloja - Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office

Table No. 133: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 125.1 | 47.4 | 17.0 |
| May | 8 | 84.0 | 43.6 | 16.0 |
| Jun | 9 | 97.6 | 42.8 | 15.3 |
| Jul | 9 | 56.0 | 30.1 | 12.2 |
| Aug | 9 | 58.4 | 35.7 | 13.8 |
| Sep | 8 | 76.9 | 35.4 | 12.9 |
| Oct | 9 | 99.0 | 39.4 | 15.9 |
| Nov | 9 | 153.0 | 40.4 | 18.8 |
| Dec | 8 | 169.1 | 44.0 | 17.3 |
| Jan | 9 | 216.8 | 44.9 | 17.1 |
| Feb | 7 | 166.6 | 44.4 | 16.7 |
| Mar | 9 | 166.6 | 45.8 | 16.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 55.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 134: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office

| Year | NT | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 76 | 96.4 | 33.3 | 17.5 |
| 07-08 | 94 | 108.3 | 30.8 | 9.8 |
| 08-09 | 94 | 115.4 | 39.9 | 13.1 |
| 09-10 | 111 | 75.3 | 34.9 | 9.7 |
| 10-11 | 105 | 122.0 | 36.5 | 16.6 |
| 11-12 | 95 | 122.3 | 43.1 | 16.0 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 121.9 | 41.0 | 15.8 |



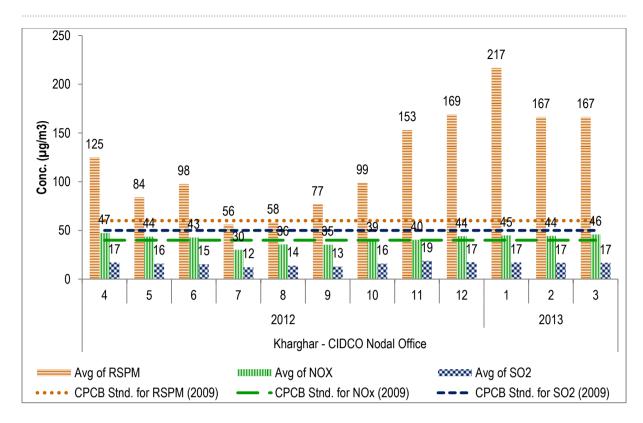


Figure No. 152: Monthly average reading recorded at Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office

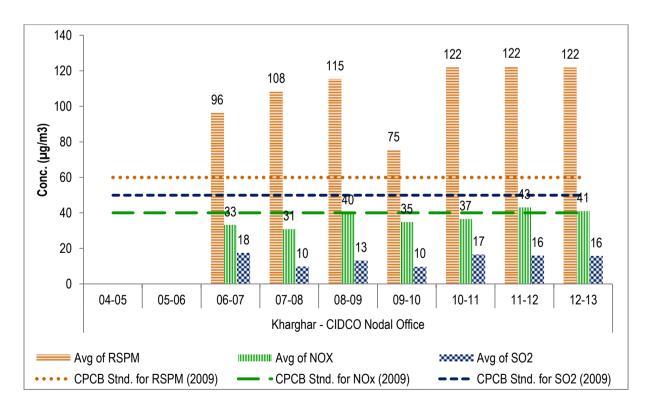


Figure No. 153: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Kharghar - CIDCO Nodal Office





Taloja - MIDC Building

Table No. 135: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Taloja - MIDC Building

| FY | N — | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 142.8 | 52.6 | 18.7 |
| May | 9 | 136.9 | 46.7 | 16.8 |
| Jun | 8 | 136.8 | 45.0 | 16.8 |
| Jul | 9 | 56.0 | 33.7 | 13.0 |
| Aug | 9 | 50.8 | 38.3 | 13.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 121.1 | 37.6 | 14.8 |
| Oct | 9 | 118.3 | 39.7 | 17.2 |
| Nov | 9 | 193.3 | 49.9 | 22.0 |
| Dec | 9 | 145.4 | 45.7 | 18.9 |
| Jan | 9 | 132.6 | 49.9 | 20.2 |
| Feb | 8 | 165.4 | 51.4 | 19.9 |
| Mar | 8 | 150.3 | 47.9 | 20.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 64.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 136: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Taloja - MIDC Building

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|
| | 14 | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 65 | 100.9 | 39.6 | 31.8 |
| 07-08 | 101 | 112.8 | 39.2 | 22.3 |
| 08-09 | 107 | 240.8 | 45.8 | 28.9 |
| 09-10 | 100 | 199.7 | 54.7 | 22.8 |
| 10-11 | 106 | 194.3 | 48.4 | 27.4 |
| 11-12 | 93 | 148.0 | 50.5 | 19.9 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 128.6 | 44.8 | 17.6 |



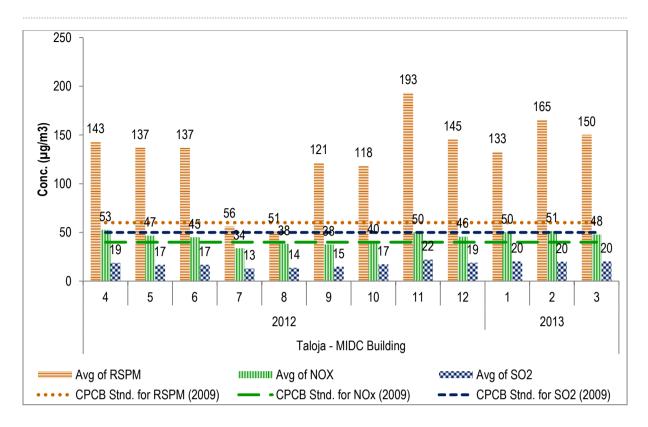


Figure No. 154: Monthly average reading recorded at Taloja - MIDC Building

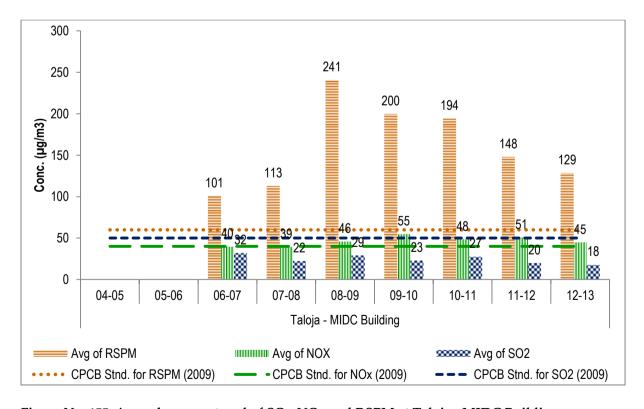


Figure No. 155: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Taloja - MIDC Building







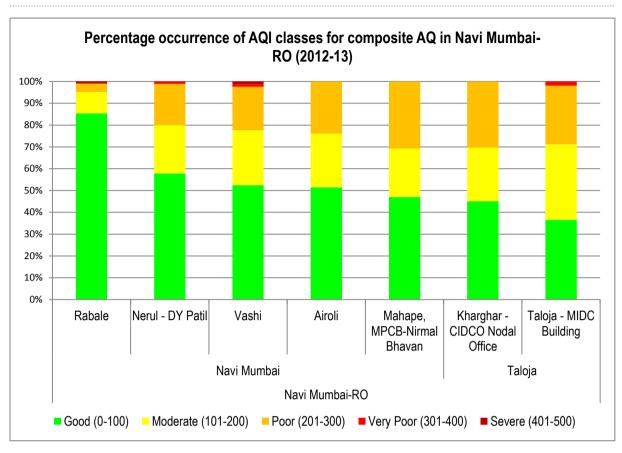
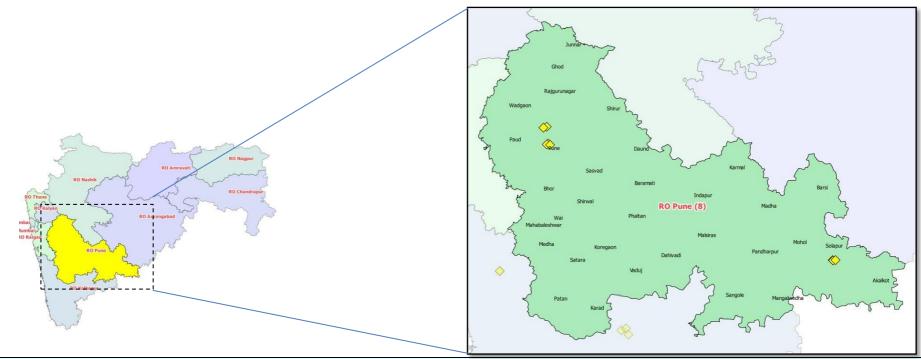


Figure No. 156:.Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Navi Mumbai-RO (2012-13)



RO – Pune



| Region | Program | Station | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Codes | | | | |
| Pune | CAAQMS | 1 | Karve Road - CAAQMS | Continuous Monitoring | 18° 30' 45.1" N | 73° 50' 22.6" E |
| | NAMP | 312 | Bhosari | Two Days In A Week | 18° 38' 04.1" N | 73° 49' 42.0" E |
| | | 379 | Nal Stop | Two Days In A Week | 18° 30' 25.2" N | 73° 49' 39.2" E |
| | | 381 | Swargate | Two Days In A Week | 18° 30' 12.6" N | 73° 51' 09.4" E |
| | | 708 | Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building | Six days in a week | 18° 37' 41.0" N | 73° 48' 17.0" E |
| Solapur | CAAQMS | 6 | Solapur | Continuous Monitoring | 17° 40' 07.1" N | 75° 54' 05.2" E |
| | NAMP | 299 | WIT Campus | Two Days In A Week | 17° 40′ 06.6″ N | 75° 55' 19.3" E |
| | | 300 | Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic | Two Days In A Week | 17° 39' 57.6" N | 75° 54' 23.4" E |

Pune - Karve Road - CAAQMS

Table No. 137: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Karve Road - CAAQMS

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 29 | 137.2 | 75.5 | 23.3 |
| May | 31 | 112.4 | 66.8 | 24.9 |
| Jun | 30 | 67.6 | 49.2 | 19.0 |
| Jul | 31 | 65.6 | 31.8 | 10.5 |
| Aug | 31 | 51.3 | 33.4 | 7.4 |
| Sep | 30 | 65.4 | 45.6 | 6.9 |
| Oct | 30 | 97.6 | 82.2 | 7.2 |
| Nov | 30 | 162.9 | 69.0 | 27.7 |
| Dec | 31 | 200.5 | 90.9 | 32.3 |
| Jan | 31 | 192.7 | 89.5 | 33.8 |
| Feb | 28 | 174.6 | 85.7 | 32.3 |
| Mar | 29 | 164.9 | 79.0 | 36.6 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 361 | 60.7 | 37.1 | 0.0 |

Table No. 138: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Karve Road - CAAQMS

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | 247 | 71.0 | 43.3 | 13.1 |
| 08-09 | 266 | 121.0 | 39.1 | 24.8 |
| 09-10 | 280 | 109.1 | 35.3 | 11.5 |
| 10-11 | 354 | 128.2 | 38.6 | 12.1 |
| 11-12 | 351 | 131.4 | 49.3 | 11.3 |
| 12-13 | 361 | 124.0 | 66.3 | 21.7 |



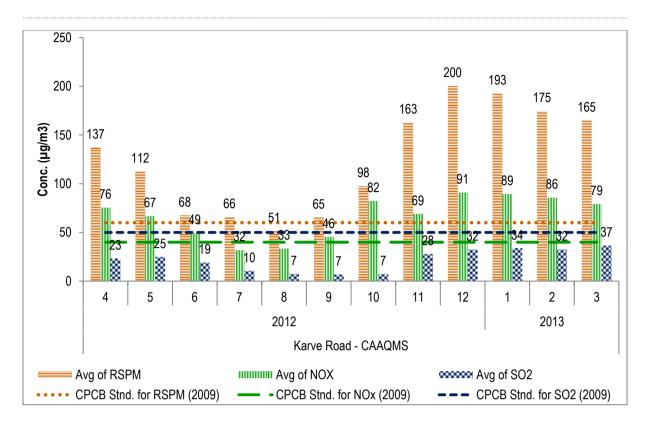


Figure No. 157: Monthly average reading recorded at Karve Road - CAAQMS

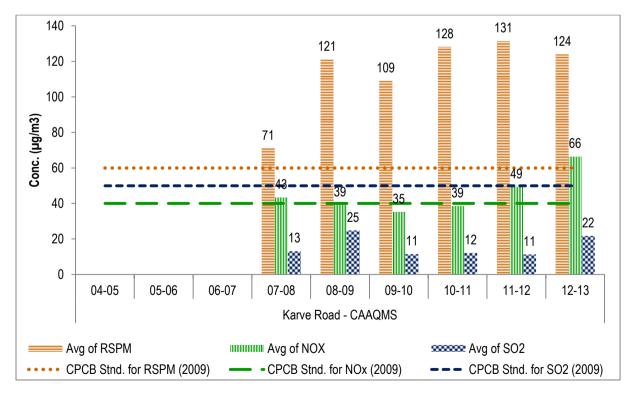


Figure No. 158: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Karve Road - CAAQMS





Pune - Bhosari

Table No. 139: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Bhosari

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 111.0 | 37.1 | 34.0 |
| May | 9 | 69.2 | 24.7 | 25.8 |
| Jun | 9 | 45.0 | 24.0 | 21.6 |
| Jul | 8 | 39.9 | 22.8 | 17.5 |
| Aug | 9 | 34.1 | 22.7 | 16.0 |
| Sep | 9 | 54.1 | 29.6 | 17.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 85.6 | 36.8 | 29.1 |
| Nov | 8 | 131.8 | 48.0 | 25.4 |
| Dec | 6 | 145.5 | 56.3 | 33.3 |
| Jan | 12 | 206.3 | 60.3 | 27.1 |
| Feb | 8 | 131.3 | 54.5 | 26.1 |
| Mar | 9 | 132.3 | 53.9 | 26.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 105 | 46.7 | 3.8 | 0.0 |

Table No. 140: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Bhosari

| Year | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | SO ₂ 50 | | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 05-06 | 40 | 144.3 | 42.1 | 26.6 | | | |
| 06-07 | 99 | 126.5 | 42.3 | 24.4 | | | |
| 07-08 | 100 | 111.1 | 42.0 | 19.9 | | | |
| 08-09 | 106 | 109.3 | 36.5 | 24.0 | | | |
| 09-10 | 103 | 87.8 | 36.1 | 42.3 | | | |
| 10-11 | 97 | 84.1 | 37.6 | 30.2 | | | |
| 11-12 | 103 | 130.3 | 49.1 | 37.5 | | | |
| 12-13 | 105 | 100.5 | 39.2 | 24.9 | | | |



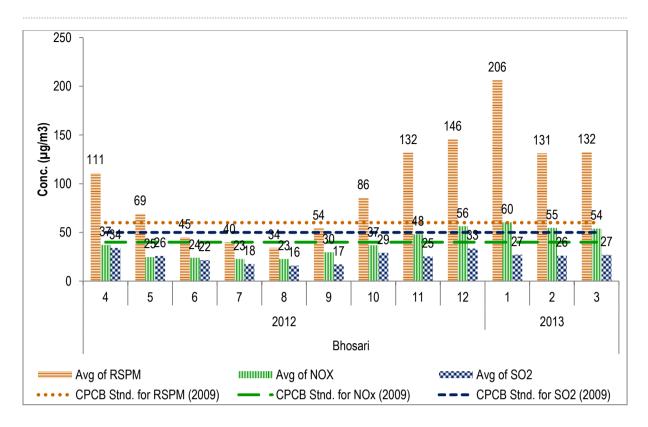


Figure No. 159: Monthly average reading recorded at Bhosari

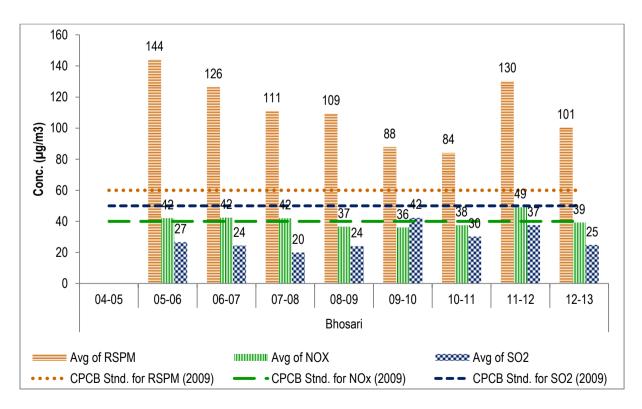


Figure No. 160: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Bhosari





Pune - Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building

Table No. 141: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 17 | 78.6 | 48.2 | 30.2 |
| May | 23 | 60.8 | 33.2 | 24.1 |
| Jun | 20 | 39.6 | 26.8 | 21.1 |
| Jul | 17 | 34.9 | 33.2 | 16.6 |
| Aug | 25 | 25.6 | 30.2 | 15.4 |
| Sep | 23 | 40.9 | 36.1 | 16.0 |
| Oct | 23 | 64.5 | 45.0 | 19.1 |
| Nov | 23 | 119.0 | 59.7 | 16.8 |
| Dec | 21 | 114.8 | 64.5 | 19.9 |
| Jan | 25 | 157.7 | 82.9 | 17.9 |
| Feb | 24 | 134.7 | 64.5 | 20.5 |
| Mar | 25 | 112.6 | 55.0 | 24.5 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 266 | 33.1 | 10.9 | 0.0 |

Table No. 142: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building

| Vaan | N — | | Annual average (µg/m³) | SO ₂ 50 - 20.7 23.7 19.1 23.1 |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|--|
| Year | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | 173 | 113.8 | 35.1 | 20.7 |
| 06-07 | 277 | 127.1 | 42.5 | 23.7 |
| 07-08 | 291 | 105.1 | 40.9 | 19.1 |
| 08-09 | 283 | 96.4 | 39.3 | 23.1 |
| 09-10 | 265 | 89.2 | 42.8 | 30.9 |
| 10-11 | 300 | 86.5 | 49.0 | 26.3 |
| 11-12 | 270 | 117.2 | 57.5 | 32.7 |
| 12-13 | 266 | 83.9 | 49.0 | 20.0 |



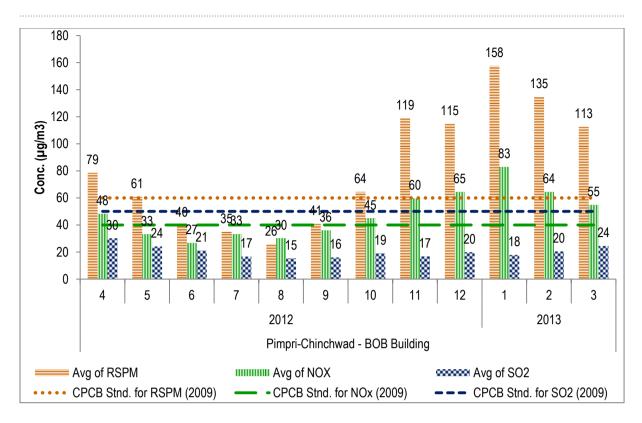


Figure No. 161: Monthly average reading recorded at Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building

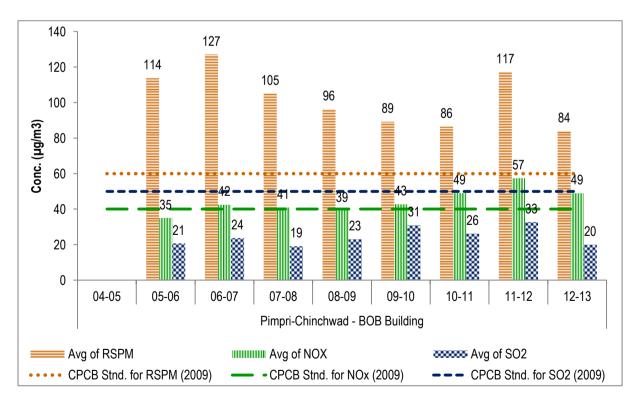


Figure No. 162: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Pimpri-Chinchwad - BOB Building



Pune - Swargate, Pune

Table No. 143: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Swargate, Pune

| FY | N — | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 77.3 | 46.8 | 28.9 |
| May | 9 | 64.1 | 30.4 | 26.1 |
| Jun | 8 | 32.9 | 25.0 | 18.6 |
| Jul | 9 | 31.2 | 26.4 | 17.1 |
| Aug | 9 | 21.1 | 26.9 | 14.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 21.1 | 28.9 | 15.6 |
| Oct | 9 | 81.0 | 65.6 | 16.3 |
| Nov | 8 | 126.3 | 72.9 | 18.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 117.6 | 84.9 | 13.9 |
| Jan | 8 | 121.1 | 88.0 | 14.5 |
| Feb | 8 | 103.8 | 76.3 | 18.4 |
| Mar | 8 | 113.9 | 66.0 | 25.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 102 | 29.4 | 18.6 | 0.0 |

Table No. 144: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Swargate, Pune

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | 5O ₂ 50 27.3 24.8 19.6 22.5 23.6 22.9 27.9 |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|---|
| | 11 | RSPM | NOx | |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | 44 | 152.1 | 43.0 | 27.3 |
| 06-07 | 95 | 137.6 | 43.4 | 24.8 |
| 07-08 | 97 | 101.4 | 46.4 | 19.6 |
| 08-09 | 112 | 100.0 | 43.6 | 22.5 |
| 09-10 | 107 | 81.3 | 39.1 | 23.6 |
| 10-11 | 105 | 79.8 | 49.7 | 22.9 |
| 11-12 | 91 | 94.7 | 63.4 | 27.9 |
| 12-13 | 102 | 75.3 | 52.8 | 19.0 |



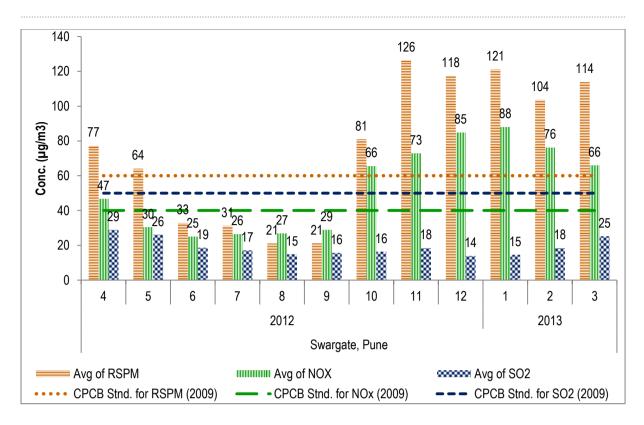


Figure No. 163: Monthly average reading recorded at Swargate, Pune

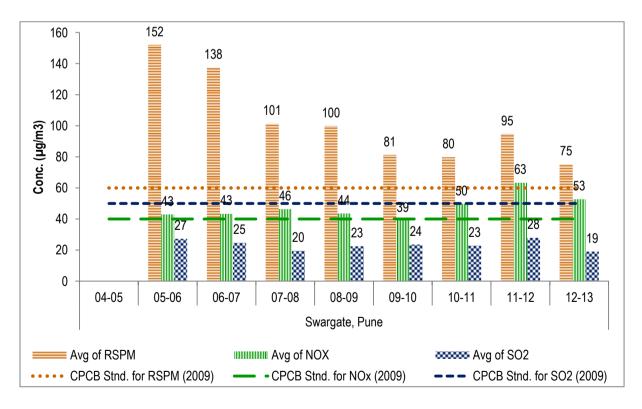


Figure No. 164: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Swargate, Pune





Pune - Nal Stop

Table No. 145: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Nal Stop

| FY | NT | | Monthly average (µg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NO _X | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 97.9 | 39.9 | 30.8 |
| May | 8 | 77.0 | 27.5 | 23.4 |
| Jun | 8 | 32.9 | 25.0 | 18.6 |
| Jul | 9 | 46.4 | 30.7 | 15.8 |
| Aug | 9 | 33.7 | 29.0 | 15.3 |
| Sep | 8 | 45.1 | 34.0 | 15.5 |
| Oct | 8 | 73.9 | 45.9 | 17.4 |
| Nov | 9 | 121.0 | 54.8 | 19.6 |
| Dec | 8 | 107.8 | 64.4 | 16.4 |
| Jan | 9 | 111.2 | 70.4 | 17.6 |
| Feb | 8 | 113.4 | 57.0 | 13.3 |
| Mar | 9 | 115.9 | 63.4 | 21.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| _ | 101 | 30.7 | 4.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 146: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Nal Stop

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Tear | 11 | RSPM | NOx SO | SO_2 | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 05-06 | 44 | 152.0 | 42.6 | 26.6 | | |
| 06-07 | 93 | 128.8 | 41.9 | 23.4 | | |
| 07-08 | 101 | 107.5 | 41.9 | 19.3 | | |
| 08-09 | 107 | 91.4 | 41.2 | 21.2 | | |
| 09-10 | 102 | 81.8 | 39.3 | 23.4 | | |
| 10-11 | 102 | 87.8 | 43.0 | 21.3 | | |
| 11-12 | 104 | 100.3 | 61.6 | 30.4 | | |
| 12-13 | 101 | 81.6 | 45.4 | 18.7 | | |



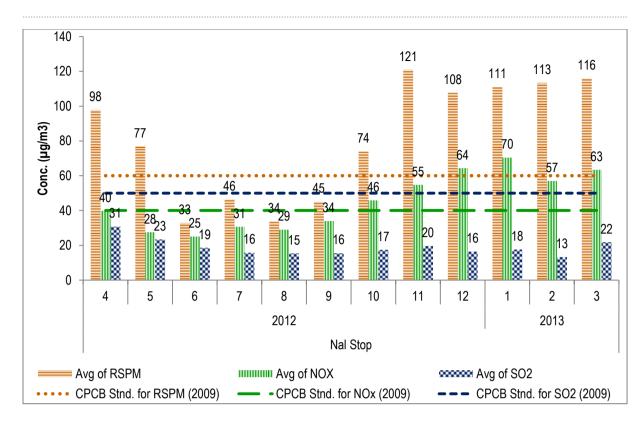


Figure No. 165: Monthly average reading recorded at Nal Stop

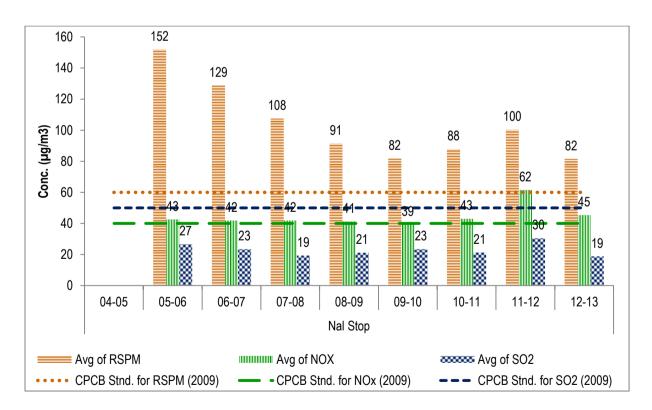


Figure No. 166: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Nal Stop





Solapur - Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic

Table No. 147: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic

| FY | N - | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 89.1 | 35.6 | 17.1 |
| May | 9 | 79.6 | 34.3 | 16.6 |
| Jun | - | - | - | - |
| Jul | 9 | 71.3 | 34.8 | 16.3 |
| Aug | 9 | 65.2 | 36.2 | 16.6 |
| Sep | 8 | 76.4 | 33.9 | 16.1 |
| Oct | 9 | 82.3 | 33.4 | 15.6 |
| Nov | 9 | 95.9 | 36.3 | 17.2 |
| Dec | 8 | 75.0 | 35.6 | 17.4 |
| Jan | 9 | 83.3 | 35.2 | 17.4 |
| Feb | 8 | 87.6 | 33.8 | 16.6 |
| Mar | 9 | 85.7 | 34.7 | 16.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 95 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 148: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic

| Year | N — | | Annual average (μg/m³) | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------|
| iear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 104 | 143.9 | 39.9 | 18.3 |
| 05-06 | 95 | 124.9 | 38.1 | 17.5 |
| 06-07 | 104 | 106.6 | 35.9 | 17.4 |
| 07-08 | 100 | 95.6 | 34.3 | 17.5 |
| 08-09 | 105 | 74.3 | 36.3 | 18.0 |
| 09-10 | 103 | 66.5 | 35.6 | 17.2 |
| 10-11 | 108 | 68.9 | 34.4 | 16.7 |
| 11-12 | 96 | 77.1 | 35.2 | 16.9 |
| 12-13 | 95 | 81.0 | 34.9 | 16.7 |



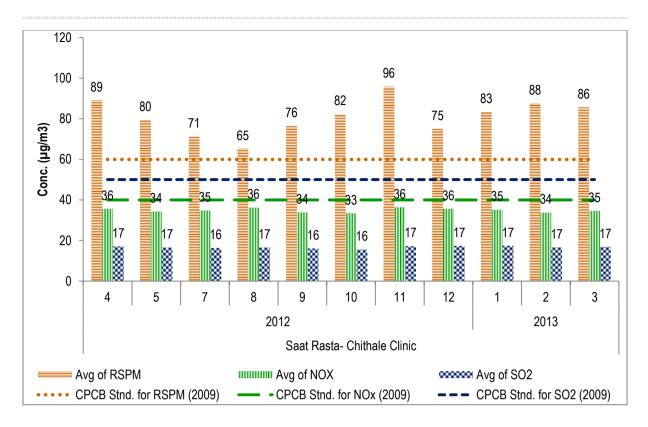


Figure No. 167: Monthly average reading recorded at Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic

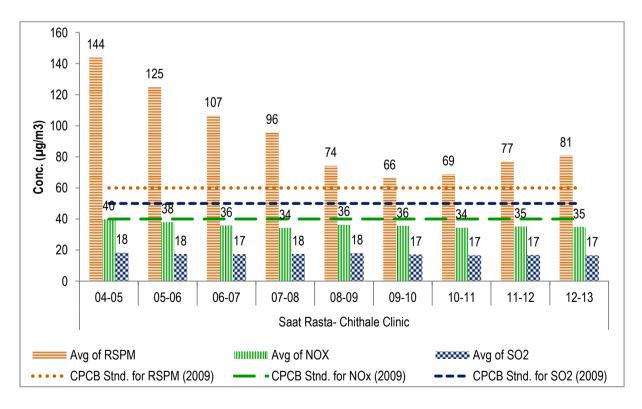


Figure No. 168: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Saat Rasta- Chithale Clinic





Solapur - Solapur

Table No. 149: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Solapur

| FY | NT | | Monthly average (μg/m³) | |
|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N - | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 26 | 134.9 | 41.5 | 11.5 |
| May | 31 | 110.8 | 44.5 | 11.8 |
| Jun | 29 | 70.0 | 40.5 | 12.6 |
| Jul | 27 | 71.4 | 28.9 | 11.9 |
| Aug | 29 | 60.2 | 37.3 | 12.0 |
| Sep | 30 | 76.3 | 39.0 | 12.3 |
| Oct | 31 | 102.4 | 36.7 | 12.3 |
| Nov | 30 | 141.4 | 44.1 | 12.9 |
| Dec | 29 | 157.1 | 45.7 | 23.0 |
| Jan | 31 | 119.8 | 46.1 | 26.0 |
| Feb | 28 | 114.2 | 47.2 | 19.7 |
| Mar | 30 | 110.6 | 49.0 | 20.2 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 351 | 61.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |

Table No. 150: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Solapur

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--|
| | IN | RSPM | NOx | 5O ₂ 50 15.2 15.4 - 12.8 12.2 15.6 |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | - | - | - | - |
| 07-08 | 195 | 102.3 | 31.3 | 15.2 |
| 08-09 | 231 | 95.8 | 30.2 | 15.4 |
| 09-10 | - | - | - | - |
| 10-11 | 250 | 111.7 | 36.9 | 12.8 |
| 11-12 | 359 | 115.7 | 40.2 | 12.2 |
| 12-13 | 351 | 105.8 | 41.8 | 15.6 |



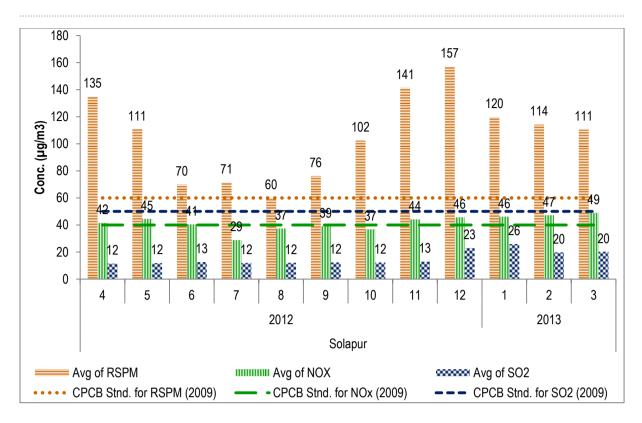


Figure No. 169: Monthly average reading recorded at Solapur

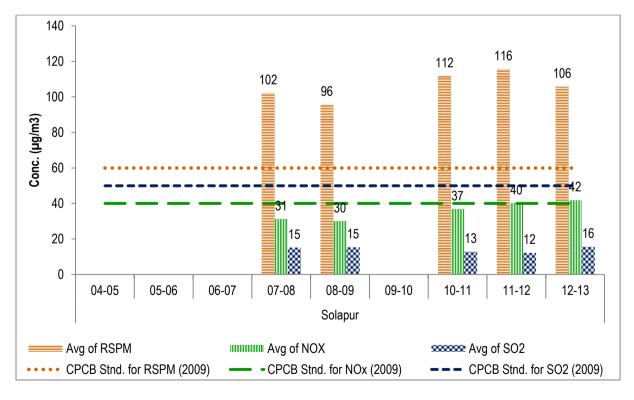


Figure No. 170: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Solapur





Solapur - WIT Campus

Table No. 151: Data for monthly average reading recorded at WIT Campus

| FY | N — Monthly average (μg/m³) | | | |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 94.3 | 36.0 | 17.1 |
| May | 9 | 72.6 | 35.9 | 16.9 |
| Jun | 8 | 81.6 | 34.4 | 16.4 |
| Jul | 9 | 71.3 | 34.4 | 15.4 |
| Aug | 9 | 67.2 | 34.9 | 16.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 75.4 | 34.8 | 16.6 |
| Oct | 9 | 73.8 | 34.7 | 16.4 |
| Nov | 9 | 92.9 | 37.2 | 17.3 |
| Dec | 9 | 72.3 | 35.6 | 17.3 |
| Jan | 9 | 74.0 | 34.7 | 16.9 |
| Feb | 8 | 83.8 | 35.4 | 16.5 |
| Mar | 8 | 77.8 | 34.4 | 17.1 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 104 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 152: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at WIT Campus

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Stn | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 106 | 137.4 | 39.7 | 18.1 |
| 05-06 | 95 | 115.1 | 37.2 | 17.2 |
| 06-07 | 104 | 97.4 | 34.9 | 15.6 |
| 07-08 | 106 | 86.0 | 34.2 | 16.6 |
| 08-09 | 103 | 76.5 | 35.0 | 17.5 |
| 09-10 | 103 | 70.7 | 35.2 | 17.2 |
| 10-11 | 107 | 73.5 | 35.3 | 16.6 |
| 11-12 | 103 | 77.2 | 35.2 | 16.8 |
| 12-13 | 104 | 78.0 | 35.2 | 16.8 |



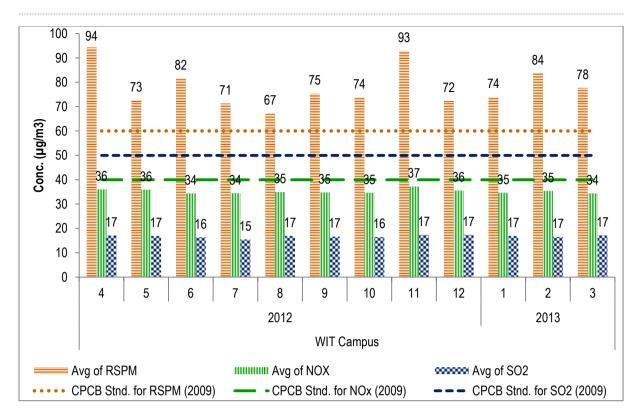


Figure No. 171: Monthly average reading recorded at WIT Campus

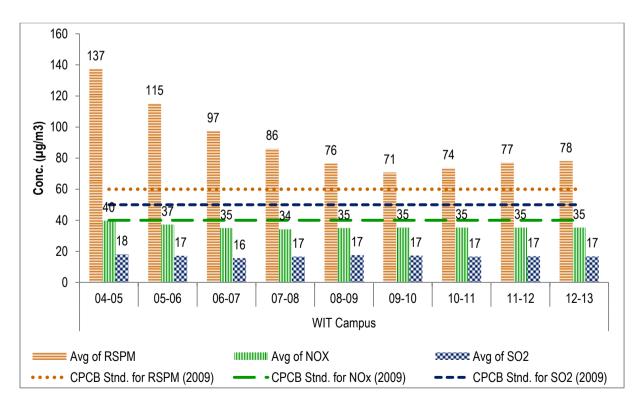


Figure No. 172: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at WIT Campus







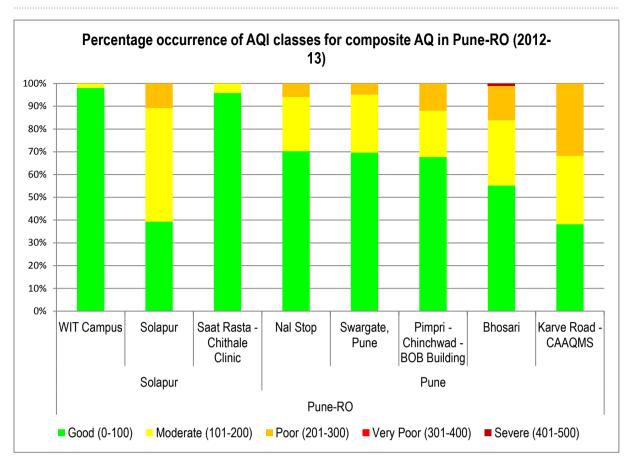
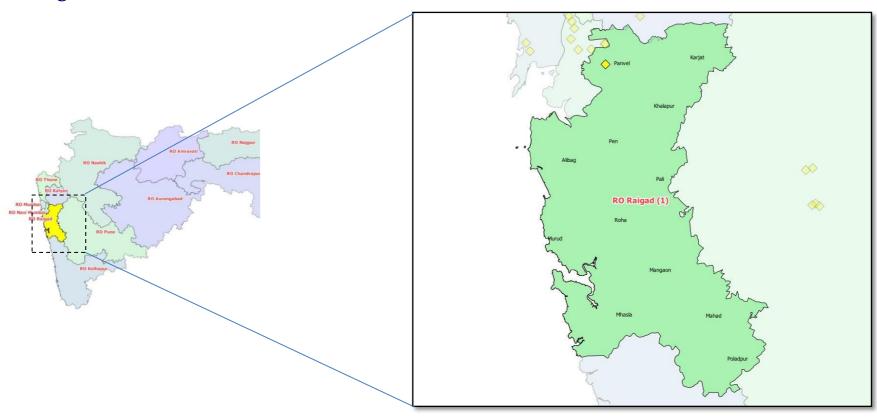


Figure No. 173:.Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Pune-RO (2012-13)



RO – Raigad



| Region | Program name | SN | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|--------|--------------|-----|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Panvel | NAMP | 495 | Panvel Water Supply Plant | Two Days In A Week | 18° 59' 23.8" N | 73° 07' 03.5" E |

Panvel - Panvel - Water Supply Plant

Table No. 153: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Panvel- Water Supply Plant

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 120.5 | 46.6 | 16.0 |
| May | 9 | 175.1 | 42.9 | 15.4 |
| Jun | 9 | 134.4 | 40.0 | 15.7 |
| Jul | 8 | 63.3 | 29.5 | 11.6 |
| Aug | 8 | 72.4 | 33.3 | 11.8 |
| Sep | 9 | 88.3 | 31.3 | 13.0 |
| Oct | 9 | 161.0 | 41.8 | 16.7 |
| Nov | 9 | 232.9 | 50.7 | 20.4 |
| Dec | 9 | 155.6 | 44.9 | 18.0 |
| Jan | 8 | 198.4 | 45.0 | 18.3 |
| Feb | 8 | 235.4 | 48.9 | 17.4 |
| Mar | 9 | 362.6 | 44.2 | 17.4 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 69.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 154: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Panvel- Water Supply Plant

| Year | N — | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | IN — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | - | - | - | - |
| 05-06 | - | - | - | - |
| 06-07 | 71 | 115.3 | 35.2 | 13.9 |
| 07-08 | 119 | 142.5 | 37.3 | 12.4 |
| 08-09 | 106 | 131.7 | 39.8 | 14.0 |
| 09-10 | 102 | 70.6 | 41.7 | 12.5 |
| 10-11 | 100 | 119.4 | 34.8 | 15.2 |
| 11-12 | 97 | 139.6 | 42.0 | 15.2 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 168.0 | 41.6 | 16.0 |



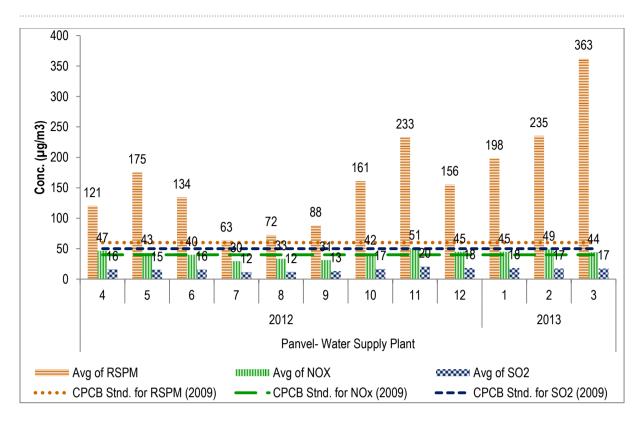


Figure No. 174: Monthly average reading recorded at Panvel-Water Supply Plant

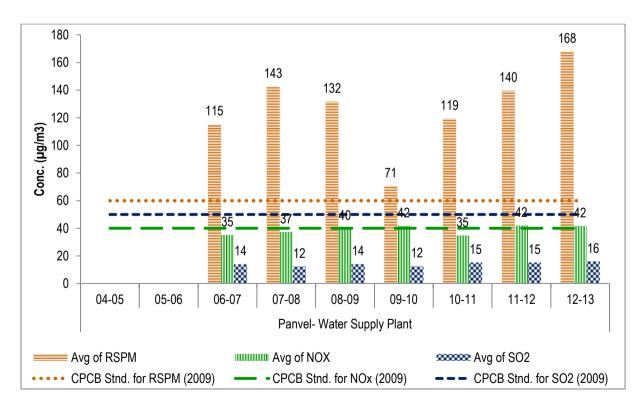


Figure No. 175: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Panvel- Water Supply Plant





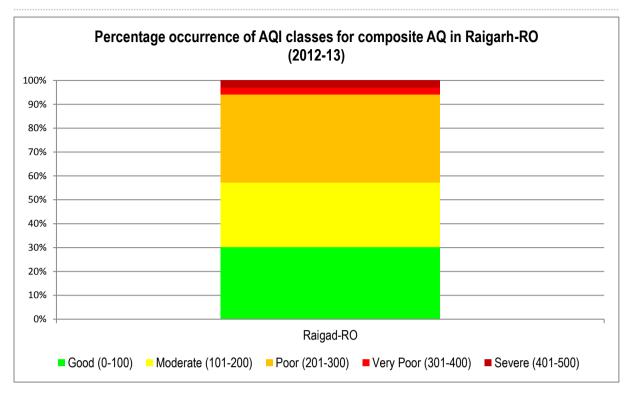
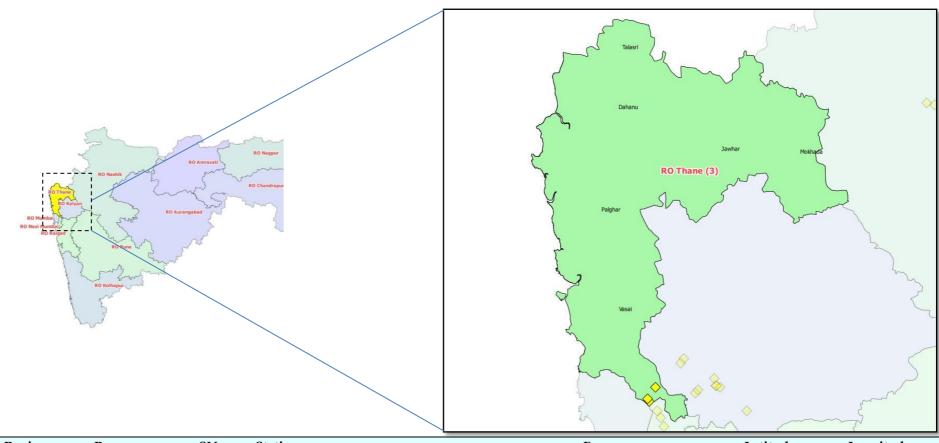


Figure No. 176:. Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Raigarh-RO (2012-13)



RO – Thane



| Region | Program | SN | Station | Frequency | Latitude | Longitude |
|------------|---------|---------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Thane NAMP | 303 | Kopri | Two Days In A Week | 19° 10' 55.3" N | 72° 58' 17.1" E | |
| | 304 | Naupada | Two Days In A Week | 19° 11' 17.4" N | 72° 58' 04.1" E | |
| | 305 | Kolshet | One day in a Week | 19° 13′ 12.4″ N | 72° 59' 19.4" E | |

Thane - Kopri

Table No. 155: Panvel- Water Supply Plant: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Kopri

| FY | FY Monthly average (μg/m³) | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | Ν | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 55.3 | 12.6 | 19.3 |
| May | 8 | 57.6 | 12.8 | 19.4 |
| Jun | 9 | 59.2 | 12.2 | 19.2 |
| Jul | 8 | 58.8 | 12.4 | 19.6 |
| Aug | 10 | 60.5 | 11.8 | 19.7 |
| Sep | 8 | 62.0 | 11.6 | 20.3 |
| Oct | 17 | 62.4 | 11.3 | 18.2 |
| Nov | 8 | 69.3 | 11.5 | 20.5 |
| Dec | 8 | 92.6 | 12.6 | 21.9 |
| Jan | 8 | 137.9 | 18.3 | 22.0 |
| Feb | 6 | 157.5 | 25.3 | 21.8 |
| Mar | 12 | 169.3 | 30.4 | 22.3 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 110 | 25.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 156: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO₂ at Kopri

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|--------|--|--|
| Tear | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO_2 | | |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | | |
| 04-05 | 62 | 45.4 | 10.7 | 7.5 | | |
| 05-06 | 97 | 51.0 | 9.0 | 5.6 | | |
| 06-07 | 111 | 51.1 | 9.9 | 12.2 | | |
| 07-08 | 111 | 50.3 | 10.5 | 11.1 | | |
| 08-09 | 103 | 59.5 | 16.3 | 11.4 | | |
| 09-10 | 97 | 49.9 | 12.8 | 10.6 | | |
| 10-11 | 117 | 46.2 | 11.1 | 11.6 | | |
| 11-12 | 123 | 59.6 | 8.8 | 12.2 | | |
| 12-13 | 110 | 85.8 | 15.2 | 20.2 | | |

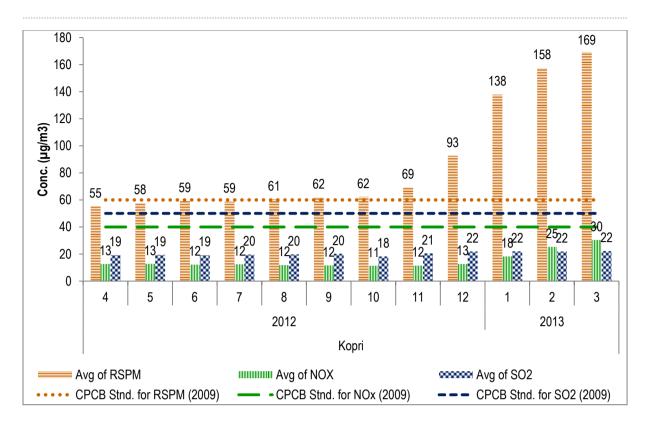


Figure No. 177: Monthly average reading recorded at -Kopri

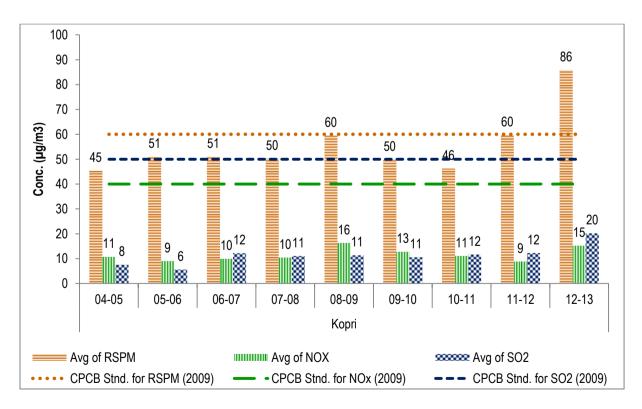


Figure No. 178: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at -Kopri





Thane - Naupada

Table No. 157: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Naupada

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 9 | 62.9 | 12.4 | 19.8 |
| May | 8 | 62.0 | 13.1 | 20.1 |
| Jun | 9 | 67.2 | 12.9 | 19.8 |
| Jul | 10 | 66.4 | 12.5 | 19.9 |
| Aug | 8 | 69.3 | 12.0 | 19.3 |
| Sep | 9 | 71.8 | 12.4 | 20.1 |
| Oct | 9 | 74.0 | 13.3 | 20.7 |
| Nov | 8 | 80.9 | 13.6 | 21.0 |
| Dec | 10 | 101.2 | 14.4 | 22.2 |
| Jan | 8 | 145.0 | 22.5 | 22.6 |
| Feb | 6 | 166.3 | 26.5 | 20.3 |
| Mar | 9 | 175.2 | 30.0 | 21.8 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 103 | 27.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 158: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Naupada

| Year | NT | Annual average (µg/m³) | | |
|------------|----------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| rear | N — | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Annual Str | ıd (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 |
| 04-05 | 58 | 46.1 | 10.8 | 7.9 |
| 05-06 | 98 | 50.9 | 10.1 | 5.7 |
| 06-07 | 105 | 51.9 | 9.0 | 11.7 |
| 07-08 | 104 | 50.2 | 10.0 | 11.1 |
| 08-09 | 100 | 59.6 | 15.5 | 11.3 |
| 09-10 | 112 | 54.6 | 20.6 | 14.3 |
| 10-11 | 122 | 47.5 | 13.4 | 14.0 |
| 11-12 | 123 | 56.0 | 10.3 | 13.3 |
| 12-13 | 103 | 93.1 | 16.0 | 20.6 |



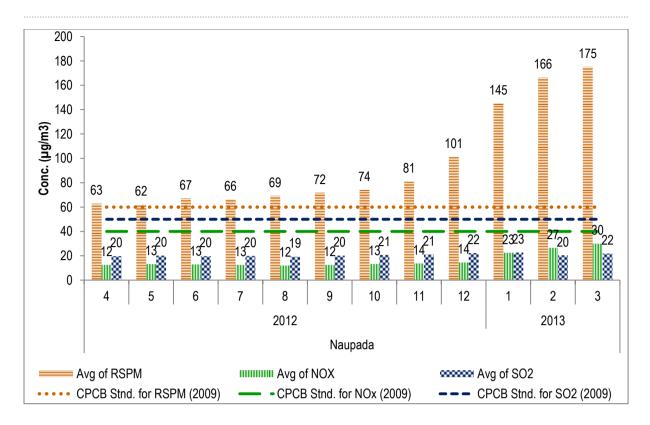


Figure No. 179: Monthly average reading recorded at Naupada

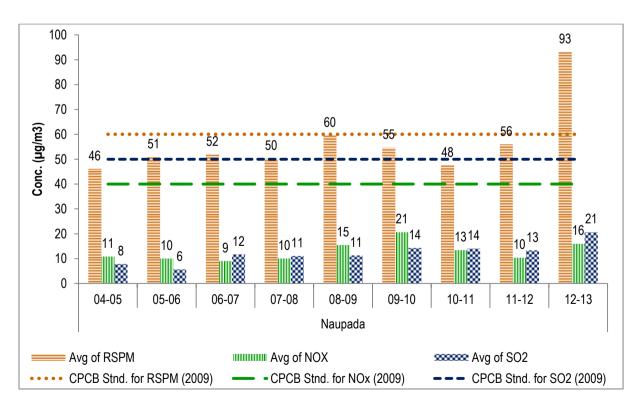


Figure No. 180: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Naupada





Thane - Kolshet

Table No. 159: Data for monthly average reading recorded at Kolshet

| FY | N - | Monthly average (μg/m³) | | |
|---------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2012-13 | IN | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ |
| Apr | 8 | 55.3 | 12.3 | 19.1 |
| May | 10 | 56.0 | 11.9 | 19.6 |
| Jun | 8 | 57.9 | 12.4 | 20.1 |
| Jul | 8 | 57.9 | 12.0 | 19.9 |
| Aug | 8 | 60.0 | 12.6 | 19.9 |
| Sep | 8 | 61.9 | 11.0 | 20.3 |
| Oct | 8 | 60.0 | 10.6 | 15.5 |
| Nov | 10 | 60.2 | 10.8 | 16.0 |
| Dec | 8 | 72.6 | 12.0 | 14.4 |
| Jan | 9 | 107.6 | 16.0 | 17.3 |
| Feb | 4 | 120.8 | 21.8 | 16.0 |
| Mar | 8 | 132.4 | 23.9 | 17.9 |
| | Total N | | % of exceedence | |
| | 97 | 20.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table No. 160: Data for annual average trend of RSPM, NO_X and SO_2 at Kolshet

| Year | N — | Annual average (μg/m³) | | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|--|
| | | RSPM | NOx | SO ₂ | |
| Annual Stn | d (for N≥104) | 60 | 40 | 50 | |
| 04-05 | 62 | 48.2 | 12.2 | 9.1 | |
| 05-06 | 85 | 51.3 | 10.2 | 6.2 | |
| 06-07 | 91 | 63.5 | 10.7 | 12.8 | |
| 07-08 | 96 | 53.3 | 14.1 | 13.8 | |
| 08-09 | 94 | 62.9 | 20.9 | 14.8 | |
| 09-10 | 80 | 57.2 | 20.8 | 13.3 | |
| 10-11 | 21 | 48.5 | 13.1 | 12.0 | |
| 11-12 | 45 | 57.5 | 12.8 | 19.3 | |
| 12-13 | 97 | 72.9 | 13.5 | 18.1 | |



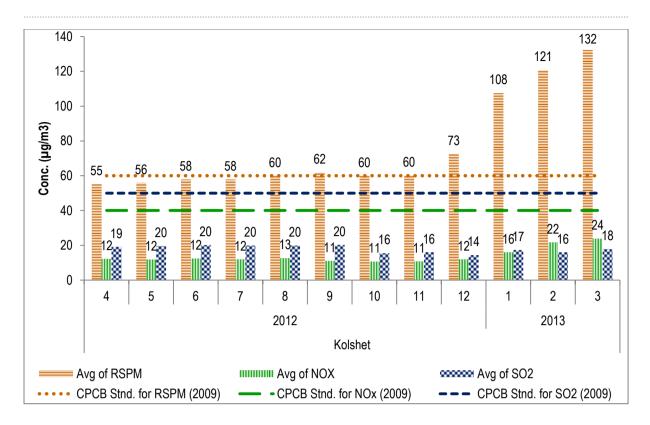


Figure No. 181: Monthly average reading recorded at Kolshet

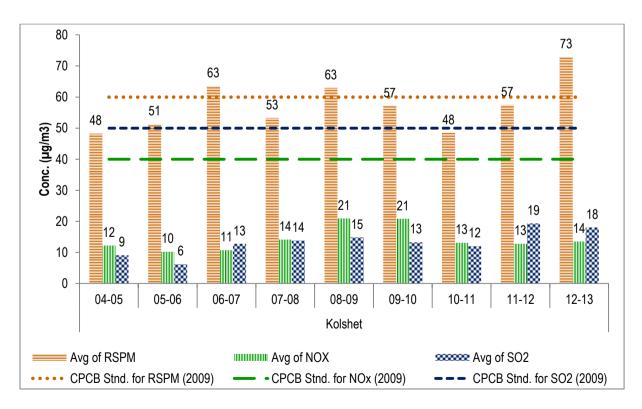


Figure No. 182: Annual average trend of SO₂, NOx and RSPM at Kolshet





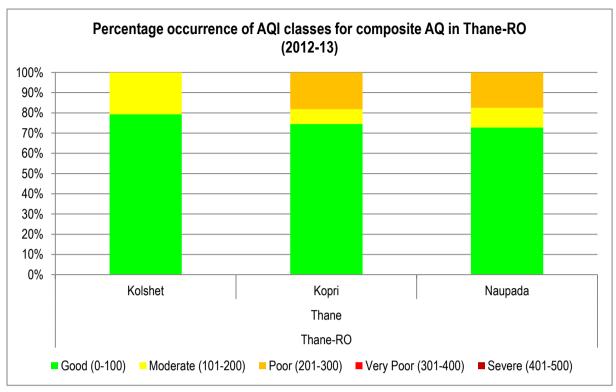


Figure No. 183: Percentage occurrence of AQI classes for composite AQ in Thane-RO (2012-13)



Appendix – A: Revised NAAQS 2009

रजिस्ट्रो सं॰ डो॰ एत॰-33004/99

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99

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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग III — खण्ड 4 PART III-Section 4 प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 217]

नई दिल्ली, बुधवार, नवम्बर 18, 2009/कार्तिक 27, 1931

No. 217]

NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 2009/KARTIKA 27, 1931

राष्ट्रीय परिवेशी बावु गुणवला मानक केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड अधिसुचना

नई दिल्ली, 18 नवम्बर, 2009

सं, बी-29016/20/90/पी.सी.आई.-1.—वायु (प्रदूषण निवारण एवं नियंत्रण) अधिनिमय, 1981 (1981 का 14) की घारा 16 की उपधारा (2) (एच) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए तथा अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 384(ई), दिनांक 11 अप्रैल, 1994 और का.आ. 935 (ई) दिनांक 14 अक्टूबर, 1998 के अधिक्रमण में केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड इसके क्षरा तत्काल प्रभाव से राष्ट्रीय परिवेशी वायु गुणवसा मानक अधिसुधित करता है, जो इस प्रकार है:-

राष्ट्रीय परिवेशी वायु गुणवत्ता मानक

| 変. 社. | प्रदूषक | समय आघारित औसत | परिवेशी वायु में सान्द्रण | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| | | | औद्योगिक, रिहायशी, ग्रामीण और अन्य क्षेत्र | पारिस्थितिकी य | प्रबोधन की पद्धति |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1 | सल्फर डाई आक्साइड (SO ₂), µg/m ³ | वार्षिक* 24 घंटे** | 50 80 | 20 80 | -उन्नत वेस्ट और गाईक -परावेगनी परिदीप्ती |
| 2 | नाइट्रोजन डाई आक्साइड (NO ₂), μg/m ³ | वार्षिक* 24 घंटे** | 40 80 | 30 80 | -उपांतरित जैकब और हॉवाइजर (सोडियम-आर्सेनाईट) -ससायनिक संदीप्ति |
| 3 | विविक्त पदार्थ (10माइक्रान से कम आकार)या PM ₁₀ , μg/m ³ | वार्षिक" 24 घंटे** | 100 | 60 100 | -हरात्मैक विश्लेषण -टोयम -बीटा तनुकरण पद्धति |



| 4 | विविक्त पदार्थ (2.5 माइक्रान से कम आकार या PM _{2.5} , μg/m ³ | বার্ষিক* 24 ঘট** | 60 | 40 60 | -हरात्मक विश्लेषण -टोयम -बीटा तनुकरण पद्धति |
|----|--|-----------------------|------------|------------|---|
| 5 | ओजोन (O ₃) µg/m ³ | 8 ਬੰਟੇ** 1 ਬੰਟਾ** | 100 180 | 100 | -पराबैगनी द्वीप्तिकाल -रासायनिक संदीप्ति -रासायनिक पद्धति |
| 6 | सीसा (Pb) µg/m ³ | वार्षिक* 24 घंटे** | 0.50 | 0.50 | ई.पी.एम 2000 या समस्त्र्य फिल्टर पेपर का प्रयोग करके AAS/ICP पद्धति -टेफलॉन फिल्टर पेपर का प्रयोग करते हुए ED-XRF |
| 7 | कार्बन मोनोक्साइड (CO) mg/m ³ | 8 ਬਂਟੇ** 1 ਬਂਟਾ** | 02 04 | 02 04 | -अविपेक्षी अवरक्त (NDIR) स्पैक्ट्रम मापन |
| 8. | अमोनिया (NH ₃) μg/m ³ | वार्षिक* 24 घंटे** | 100 400 | 100 400 | -रासायनिक संद्रीप्ती -इण्डोफिनॉल ब्ल्यू पद्धति |
| 9 | बैन्जीन (C ₆ H ₆) µg/m ³ | বার্ষিক* | 05 | 05 | गैस क्रोमेटोग्राफी आघारित सतत् विश्लेषक अधिशोषण तथा निशोषण के बाद गैस क्रोमेटोग्राफी |
| 10 | बेन्जो (ए) पाईरीन (BaP) केवल विविक्त कण, ng/m ³ | वार्षिक* | 01 | 01 | -विलायक निष्कर्षण के बाद HPLC/GC द्वारा विश्लेषण |
| 11 | आर्सेनिक (As) ng/m ³ | वार्षिक* | 06 | 06 | -असंवितरक अवरक्त स्पैक्ट्रामिती ई.पी.एम. 2000 या समरूप फिल्टर पेपर का प्रयोग करके ICP/AAS पद्धति |
| 12 | निकिल (Ni) ng/m ³ | বাৰ্ষিক* | 20 | 20 | ई.पी.एम. 2000 या समरूप फिल्टर पेपर का प्रयोग करके ICP/AAS पद्धति |

^{*} वर्ष में एक समान अतंरालों पर सप्ताह में दो बार प्रति 24 घंटे तक किसी एक स्थान विशेष पर लिये गये न्यूनतम 104 मापों का वार्षिक अंकगणीतीय औसत ।

टिप्पणीः

 जब कभी और जहां भी किसी अपने-अपने प्रवर्ग के लिये दो क्रिमिक प्रबोधन दिनों पर मापित मूल्य, ऊपर विनिर्दिष्ट सीमा से अधिक हो तो इसे नियमित या निरंतर प्रबोधन तथा अतिरिक्त अन्वेषण करवाने के लिये पर्याप्त कारण समझा जायेगा ।

> संत प्रसाद गौतम, अध्यक्ष [विज्ञापन-III/4/184/09/असा.]

टिप्पणीः राष्ट्रीय परिवेशी वायु गुणवत्ता मानक संबंधी अधिसूचनाएँ, केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड द्वारा मारत के राजपत्र आसाघरण में अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 384 (ई), दिनांक 11 अप्रैल, 1994 एवं का. आ. 935 (ई), दिनांक 14 अक्टूबर, 1998 द्वारा प्रकाशित की गयी थी।





^{**} वर्ष में 98 प्रतिशत समय पर 24 घंटे या 8 घंटे या 1 घंटा के मानीटर मापमान, जो लागू हो , अनुपालन कये जाएंगे । दो प्रतिशत समय पर यह मापमान अधिक हो सकता है, किन्तु क्रमिक दो मानीटर करने के दिनों पर नहीं ।

NATIONALAMBIENTAIR QUALITY STANDARDS CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 18th November, 2009

No. B-29016/20/90/PCI-L—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) (h) of section 16 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No.14 of 1981), and in supersession of the Notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11th April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14th October, 1998, the Central Pollution Control Board hereby notify the National Ambient Air Quality Standards with immediate effect, namely:-

NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

| S. No. | Pollutant | Time Weighted | Concentration in Ambient Air | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|
| | | Average | Industrial, Residential, Rural and Other Area | Ecologically Sensitive Area (notified by Central Government) | Methods of Measurement | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 1 | Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂), μg/m ³ | Annual* | 50 | 20 | - Improved West and Gaeke | |
| | 1 | 24 hours** | 80 | 80 | -Ultraviolet fluorescence | |
| 2 | Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂), μg/m ³ | Annual* | 40 | 30 | - Modified Jacob & Hochheiser (Na- | |
| | V-2415 | 24 hours** | 80 | 80 | Arsenite) - Chemiluminescence | |
| 3 | Particulate Matter (size less than | Annual* | 60 | - 60 | - Gravimetric - TOEM | |
| | 10μm) or PM ₁₀ μg/m ³ | 24 hours** | 100 | 100 | - Beta attenuation | |
| 4 | Particulate Matter (size less than | Annual* | 40 | 40 | - Gravimetric - TOEM | |
| | 2.5μm) or PM _{2.5} μg/m ³ | 24 hours** | 60 | 60 | - Beta attenuation | |
| 5 | Ozone (O ₃) µg/m ³ | 8 hours** | 100 | 100 | - UV photometric - Chemilminescence | |
| | 55 | 1 hour** | 180 | 180 | - Chemical Method | |
| 6 | Lead (Pb) µg/m³ | Annual* | 0.50 | 0.50 | - AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 | |
| | | 24 hours** | 1.0 | 1.0 | or equivalent filter paper - ED-XRF using Teflon filter | |
| 7 | Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 8 hours** | 02 | 02 | - Non Dispersive Infra Red (NDIR) | |
| - | mg/m³ | 1 hour** | 04 | 04 | spectroscopy | |
| 8 | Ammonia (NH ₃) μg/m ³ | Annual* 24 hours** | 100 400 | 100 400 | -Chemiluminescence -Indophenol blue method | |



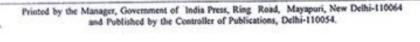
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
|-----|---|---------|-----|-----|--|
| 9 | Benzene (C ₆ H ₆) μg/m ³ | Annual* | 05 | 05 | Gas chromatography based continuous analyzer Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC analysis |
| 10 | (BaP) - particulate phase only, ng/m ³ | Annual* | 01 | 01 | Solvent extraction followed by HPLC/GC analysis |
| 11 | Arsenic (As), ng/m ³ | Annual* | 06 | 06 | - AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper |
| 12 | Nickel (Ni), ng/m ² | Annual* | 20 | 20 | - AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper |

- Annual arithmetic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.
- ** 24 hourly or 08 hourly or 01 hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year. 2% of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

Note. — Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

SANT PRASAD GAUTAM, Chairman [ADVT-III/4/184/09/Exty.]

Note: The notifications on National Ambient Air Quality Standards were published by the Central Pollution Control Board in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary vide notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11th April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14th October, 1998.









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